

### <u>Year 2 Science [Maximum marks - 50]</u>

#### Duration – 1 hr 30 minutes

#### **PORTION FOR THE FINAL TERM EXAM -MAY, 2022**

#### Unit 1– Feeding and Exercise

- 1. Basic needs of animals and humans for survival.
- 2. Describe why animals including humans must have basic needs to survive.
- 3. Recognize where our food come from.
- 4. Different types of animals eat different types of food.[ carnivore, herbivore, omnivore]
- 5. Food chain.
- 6. Diet with right amount of different food and right life style choices.
- 7. Importance of exercise.
- 8. Food safety rules when preparing and eating food.

#### Unit 2- Living things

- 1. Identify living/ non living /once alive things.
- 2. Differentiate between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive.
- 3. Different stages in the lifecycle of living things. [human and animals]
- Compare the life cycle of a frog (amphibian) and lifecycle of butterfly (insect).
- 5. Life cycle of a plant.

#### <u> Unit 3 – Habitats</u>

- 1. Understand the term habitat.
- 2. Tropical rain forest habitats and hot and wet conditions.
- 3. Differentiate between ocean and the rain forest habitat.

- 4. Habitats with extreme climate: example polar/ desert.
- 5. Micro -habitats.
- 6. Pond habitat and some common living things found there.
- 7. Endangered animals.

### <u> Unit 4 – Growing Plants</u>

- 1. Recognize that there is a tiny plant inside a seed.
- 2. Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.
- **3.** Investigate what plants need to grow and observe and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.
- 4. Germination and the conditions needed for the successful germination of seeds.
- 5. Roots and shoots of a plant.
- 6. Identify the internal parts of a bulb and tuber and analyze how they store food.
- 7. Observe the growth of plants in light/ dark and wet and dry condition.

## Unit-5 Uses of everyday materials

- 1. Identify properties of the given materials -wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, cardboard, rubber, fabric etc.
- 2. Using suitable materials to make a particular object (materials with the same property, same type of object can be made from different materials, properties of some interesting materials).
- 3. Absorbency of different materials by wiping water from a tray. Carry out simple tests on materials to decide which material is waterproof.

# Refer the Science Bug Topic book, Workbook, notebook, Active learn Allocations, PowerPoint presentations.