

ENGLISH LITERATURE YEAR 11 ASYNCHONOUS WORK WEEK 5

Macbeth Quiz – Act 1 & 2 Plot; Feudal Culture and the Aristotelean Tragic Hero

<i>1. Tick the 4 accurate statements</i>	<i>Plot & Character</i>
<i>a. Macbeth is the King of Scotland at the opening of the play</i>	
<i>b. The 3 Witches predict that Banquo & his sons will rule Scotland</i>	
<i>c. Lady Macbeth identifies “kindness” as her husband’s main weakness</i>	
<i>d. Macbeth is fighting in a battle against Duncan at the beginning of the play</i>	
<i>e. When Lady Macbeth talks about an “innocent flower” she is talking about deception</i>	
<i>f. Macbeth’s home castle is known as Dunsinane.</i>	
<i>g. King Duncan’s sons are called Malcolm and Donalbain – they escape to England and Ireland at the end of Act II.</i>	
<i>h. Banquo tells Macduff about the witches.</i>	

<i>2. Fill in the blanks- plot and character</i>
<p><i>Fill in the blanks: Plot & Character King _____’s generals, _____ and _____, encounter three _____ on a bleak Scottish moorland on their way home from a _____. The _____ predict that _____ will be given the title of Thane of _____ and then become _____. Banquo’s heirs shall be _____. The generals want to hear more but the weird sisters disappear. Duncan promotes Macbeth to Thane of _____ in thanks for his success in the recent battles and then proposes to make a brief visit to _____’s _____. _____ receives a letter from Macbeth and she vows to help him become king by any means she can. The Macbeths plot together and later that night, while all are sleeping _____ drugs the _____.</i></p>

Macbeth sees a _____ floating in the air. It points him towards _____.

Macbeth _____ the King. However, Macbeth panics and removes the _____ from the _____'s room, but _____ takes them back and smears _____ on the sleeping _____. Mac _____ arrives and when the _____ is discovered Duncan's sons, _____ and Donalbain flee, fearing for their lives. They believe that there are _____ in men's _____. When they run, they become the chief _____.

3. Which of these sentences are true?	Aristotelian Tragedy
a. Aristotle was an ancient Greek who died because he had a fatal flaw	
b. Aristotle developed a theory of drama – specifically of tragedy.	
c. Tragic Hero is one who has to overcome an antagonist in order to win.	
d. A Tragic Hero drives themselves towards their own destruction because of a fatal flaw	
e. Tragic Heroes are usually completely evil – focused only on selfish and sinful desires.	
f. Shakespeare uses the format of Tragedy to structure Macbeth.	

4. When we talk about the pyramid structure of Feudal Society, we mean... +Macbeth is an example of a Feudal society because... Feudal Culture (Discuss-80- 100 words)

“let not light see my black and deep desires”. Despite Macbeth’s attempt to hide his “desires”, Shakespeare reveals in Act 1 and 2 that Macbeth’s main motivation is... +more specifically... ++almost as if...

- *Hamartia*
- *Lady Macbeth*
- *“Milk of Human Kindness”*
- *“That is a step on which I must fall down, or else o’er (Discuss 80-100 words)”*