		Year 1 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS		
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y1/SC 1 (3)	Y1/S0	C 2 (6)		Y1/SC 3 (12)				
	SEASONS I	LIVING	THINGS		MYS	SELF		ANIMALS	
T E R M	across the four seasons. Observe and describe things. B1.1B B1.2B Know the five senses and link these to the corresponding sense organ. Observe and describe Distinguish between living and nonliving things. B1.2C Understand that humans use sense organs to detect changes in their surroundings. observe and describe						B1.3A Describe the key observable features of common animals (vertebrates only).		
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y1/SC 4 (9)			Y1/S0	2 5 (12)			
		ANIMALS			PLA	NTS		REVISION	
T E R M	Create a simple key to soil B1.3C Understand that m which animals move. Observe and describe me B1.3D Understand that gr change as they become of B1.3E Describe different (vertebrates only).	ways in which animals chautrition is a life process and	and describe ways in and domestic animals. that all animals grow and ange as they grow older	B1.4B Know that plants ha B1.4C Understand that so B1.4D Recognise and nam Observe and draw local ex B1.4E Understand that pla B1.4F Understand that pla Set up a simple practical that	PLANTS 4A Recognise examples of plants in the local and wider environment. 4B Know that plants have leaves, stems and roots. 4C Understand that some plants have flowers and these can be a variety of shapes and colours. 4D Recognise and name plant parts on familiar local examples. 4D Recognise and name plant parts on familiar local examples. 4D Recognise and name plant parts on familiar local examples. 4D Recognise and name plant parts on familiar local examples. 4D Recognise examples and colours. 4D Recognise examples a				

Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y1/SC 5 (3)		Y1/S0	C 6 (12)			Y1/SC7 (9)			
77	PLANTS	SO	RTING AND GRO	UPING MATERIA	ALS	P	USHES AND PUL	LS		
T E R M	plants can provide food for humans and other animals.	C1.1B Name and identify plastic. C1.1C Understand that di C1.1D Describe simple pr C1.1E Understand that m hardness. Identify and classify objet.	1.1C Understand that different materials have particular properties. 1.1D Describe simple properties of materials using senses. For eg: hard, rough, smooth and shiny. 1.1E Understand that materials can be sorted in a number of ways including colour, texture and each. For eg: doors, toy cars and rubber balls.							
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y1/S0	C8 (12)		Y1/S0	C 9 (6)				
T		LIGHT A	ND DARK		SEAS	SONS	REVI	ISION		
E R M	P1.1B Identify common so torches, candles, light bul Sun is the source of light P1.1D Understand that we Set up a simple practical of	ources of light and unders lbs, lamps and strings of li for the Earth and compare e need light to see and tha	nd that shiny objects are no tand that they can vary in b ghts. e differences between night t darkness is the absence of urkness is the absence of lig Assessment 7	P1.1C Know that the and day.	Discuss changes in the wo They should be warned the directly at the Sun, even we glasses. Pupils might work scientiand charts about the weat of what happens in the wo including day length, as the	nat it is not safe to look when wearing dark fically by: making tables ther; and making displays orld around them,	Revision for	r Final exam		

	Year 2 SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
			Y2 / SC 1 (15)			Y2 / SC 2 (9)						
		HEA	ALTH AND GROW	TH		LIVING THI	NGS IN THE ENV	TRONMENT				
E R M	B2.1B Understand that there are many types of food and humans may have different diets. B2.1C Understand what is meant by a balanced diet. B2.1D Know the main food groups and be able to categorise food by type. Identify foods and balanced diet. B2.2B Understand that within a habitat there may be smaller microhabitat or microhabitat; collect and record data from habitats/microhabitats as taken that human and animal offspring need differing types and amounts of parental care while they are growing. B2.1B Understand that human and animals and plants may have features that best support of the plants are found living. B2.2B Understand that within a habitat there may be smaller microhabitat or microhabitat; collect and record data from habitats/microhabitats as taken that human and animal offspring need differing types and amounts of parental care while they are growing.											
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y2 / SC 3(9)			Y2 / SC 4(9)							
	(GROWING PLANT	S	US	SES OF MATERIA	LS	REVI	SION				
E R M	plants need to grow and f and a suitable temperatur come from by investigatin Carefully observe and sor grow from bulbs. Plant se Observe seeds and plants about what plants need to	ulbs grow into mature plantind out and describe how per to grow and stay healthying fruits and seeds in their tiseds and recognise how planting simple equipment. To grow and perform simple swered in different ways. Out time. Assessment 3	blants need water, light . Discover where seeds local environment. some plants are able to ats grow from seeds. Ask simple questions tests recognising that	plastic, glass, rubber, bricdifferent materials such as that the properties of materiom. Identify suitable and be able to explain why. Clariety of ways. Use refere about a type of material.		card. List properties of bility and shininess. Learn object they are made different objects and will em into groups in a some fascinating facts of types of paper	Revision for First	term Examination				

Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
Т	Y2 / S	C 4 (6)	Y2 / SC 5 (18)							
E	USES OF M	IATERIALS	IG SHAPE							
Learn what absorbency means and explore the absorbency of different types of materials. Examine different ways to record results and select an appropriate way to record the results of an investigation about waterproof materials. Recognise that the shape of materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. They will also explore how twisting can be make threads stronger and identify which materials bend or squash most easily. Investigate h materials can be grouped according to their properties. Perform simple tests to find the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes that the shape of materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. They will also explore how twisting can be make threads stronger and identify which materials bend or squash most easily. Investigate h materials can be grouped according to their properties. Perform simple tests to find the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest material and observe how silly putty changes the stretchiest materials and stretchiest materials and stretchiest materials and										
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y2 / S	C 6(18)						
T E			LIVING	THINGS			REVISION			
IVI	Make comparisons between things that are alive, things that are not alive, and things that were once alive. Sort and compare animals, plants and non-living hings and create a list of features of living things. Notice that living things have offspring which resemble their parents and that they themselves grow into adults which reproduce. Order the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age. Use observable features to identify and classify living and non-living things are provided by the stages of growth of humans from birth to old age.									
2	things. Pupils work scientifically by classifying things and recording the findings using charts. Decide where to place things, with questions like: 'Is a flame alive? Is a deciduous tree dead in winter?' Assessment 6									

		Year 3 SO	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDARI	DS		
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y3/SC 1 (12)							
		ANIMAL AD	APTATIONS		TEETH				
E R M	B3.1A Group animals accomake simple observations B3.1B Use a simple dichoruse keys to identify anima Describe ways in which are B3.1D Compare animals in Compare local desert hab. B3.1E Predict the likely has Assessment 1	s to classify various animal tomous key to identify ani- als in local habitat(s) nimals are suited to the en n two contrasting habitats itat(s) with geographically	Is based on their observable mals. vironment in which they a . v different habitat(s) using	B3.1C re found.	B3.2A Recognise that hun B3.2B Identify and name is B3.2C Relate the shape of food. B3.2D Know that teeth are swallowing. types of teeth in a variety of Make simple observations B3.2F Identify herbivores animals to their diet. B3.2G Distinguish between	the main types of teeth in a tooth to its function, for the part of the digestive system of animals. Is using online research, but and carnivores from their	humans: incisor, canine, pre example, slicing, tearing, em and are used to physical poks or real examples if avail dentition and relate the typical	chewing or grinding ally break down food for B3.2E Compare the basic ailable. pe of teeth in a variety of	

Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y3/SC 3 (9)			Y3/SC			
T E	MOVE	EMENT AND FEE	DING		WHAT PLA	NTS NEED		REVISION
R M	Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. Know the main body parts associated with the skeleton and muscles and special functions of different parts of the body. Identify and group animals with and without skeletons and observe and compare their movement; exploring ideas about what would happen if numans did not have skeletons. Assessment 3							Revision for First Term Examination
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T		Y3/S0	C 5(12)			Y3/S0	C 6(12)	
E R		PARTS O	F PLANTS			ROCKS A	ND SOIL	
M	grow) and how they vary f flowering plants, includin	from plant to plant. Explor g pollination, seed format	re the part that flowers playion and seed dispersal. W	y in the life cycle of ork scientifically by	Recognise that soils are m Explore different kinds of and differences and invest	rocks and soils, including igate what happens when	those in the local environmocks are rubbed together	ment. Identify similarities or when they are in
2	of fertiliser; discovering he	ow seeds are formed by ob	owth, for example, the amo eserving the different stage e of fruits that relate to how	es of plant life cycles over	water. Compare different by rocks, including those use changed over time. Use a grains or crystals, and who and discuss the different by 6	d in buildings and gravest hand lens to to identify an ether they have fossils in tl	tones, and explore how and classify rocks according nem. Describe how fossils	d why they might have to whether they have are formed. Research

Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y3/SC 7(6)		Y3/SC 8(12)					
	LIGHT ANI	SHADOWS		FORCES AN	REVISION			
T E R M	protect their eyes from bri that shadows are formed v light source is blocked by scientifically by looking fo happens to shadows wher or the distance between the	e absence of light. the sun and other bright and that there are ways ain why it is important to ght lights. Recognise when the light from a an opaque object. Work or patterns in what the light source moves	that magnetic forces can a necessary (for example, or some materials and not ot will attract or repel each o variety of everyday materia magnetic materials.	net without direct contact, bening a door). Observe he hers. Describe magnets as ther, depending on which als on the basis of whether nonmagnetic materials by	ow magnets attract or repel s having two poles. Predict	direct contact is leach other and attract whether two magnets and group together a gnet, and identify some	Revision for Fir	nal Examination

		Year 4 So	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS		
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y4/SC 1 (9)		Y4/SC2(15)					
	VARIATIO	ON AND CLASSIF	CLASSIFICATION GROWING PLANTS						
T E R M	2. Explore and use classifivariety of living things in t 3. Describe how living thin common observable chara including plants and anim 4. Identify the observable for eg, a buttercup. 5. Identify the observable animal, for example, an ea Identify and describe the froots, stem/trunk, leaves a	the local and wider environings are classified into broat acteristics and based on similals. Characteristics to classify a characteristics to classify a characteristics to classify a arthworm. Functions of different parts and flowers.	identify and name a ment. d groups according to nilarities and differences, specific species of plant specific species of 6. of flowering plants:	2. Understand the way in Observe uptake of dye in 3. Describe the pathway of leaves and other parts of the Understand that plants newilting/rehydration and 5. Understand that plants Observe phototropism and the Understand that plants	for a selection of plants (a which water is transported celery, carnations, etc. f water as being from the she plant. ed the correct amount of veffect of overwatering, for need the correct amount of detiolated growth, for exa	within plants. soil into a plant's roots and water to grow well. example, using a photo did of light to grow well. mple, using a photo diary	ary.	4. Observe	

Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/SC 3 (9)			Y4/SC 4 (9)			
	DANG	ERS TO LIVING T	HINGS	Н	UMAN NUTRITIC	N	REVISION	
T E R M	pose dangers to living thin 2. Understand that environ example, the creation of a deforestation. 3. Recognise ways in which protection, both locally and 4. Understand the term 'cowhich humans can reduce 5. Distinguish between the 6. Recognise that environs dangers to living things.	nments can be changed in nature reserves, and in neg ch living things and the en	positive ways, for ative ways, for example, vironment need examples of ways in tal change extinct.	examples. 2. Sequence the process of digestion, absorption and 3. Describe the simple fur involved in the sequence.	nctions of the basic parts of	ngestion, swallowing,	Revision for First Term Examination	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/S0	C 5 (12)			Y4/S0	C6 (12)	
R M	 Describe some commondation Understand that solids Investigate the properties Observe that some mather that the temperature at which Understand that water of temperatures. Understand that differe Identify the part played evaporation with tempera Reporting on findings for presentations of results are 	CHANGES Iterials together, according In properties of solids, liquiconsisting of very small particles of sand in a variety of conterials change state when the states and contexists in three states are contexists in three states and contexists in three states are contexists in three states and contexists in three states are contexists.	OF STATE to whether they are solided and gases. rticles can behave as liquitainers and through company are heated or cooled, a elsius (°C) hanges from one to another at different temperatures insation in the water cycle oral and written explanation	ds in some ways. ression. and measure or research er at different . and associate the rate of	Understand that vibrations. Understand that some in the ear. Investigate with how sound is transmitted.	source and can one from a source and can one from sounds travel the naterials are effective in put ha comparative test. from the outer ear to the be refers to how loud a source of sounds can be measured and meter (if available) to it he volume of sound and see high- and low-pitched so atures of an object that cattension of string, the pitch of a sound and f	travel through solids, liquicough a medium to the ear. reventing vibrations from solarin. In the solution of the volume of the with a sound meter (data investigate different sounds trength of the vibrations the bunds and that the pitch of the changed to alter its pitch of the object that p	sound sources reaching 4. Explain of a sound can be logger) and the unit is a s in the environment. that produced it. To a sound can be changed. titch, for eg, length of produced it.

Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
				·				
T				REVI	SION			
E R M	 Understand some uses that some devices use bat Construct simple worki instructions and select ap Construct a simple series Understand that a circu Identify whether or not 		Revision for	Final Exam				
_	7. Understand that some 18. Recognise some comm							

		Year 5 SC	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDARI	DS		
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y5/SC	C 1 (16)			Y5/S0	C 2(16)		
		LIFE C	YCLES		PLANT LIFE CYCLES B5.2A Understand that some plants have flowers, which produce seeds that grow into new plants.				
T E R M	Describe complete metan Describe sexual reproduction in places.	-		Describe	B6.2B Sequence the life cy 'pollination', 'fertilisation' B6.2C Understand conditi germinate in different con B6.2D Explain why seeds B6.2E Define 'pollination' different flower. Distinguish between the pthe parts of an insect-polli Observe, examine and dra B6.2H Distinguish between B6.2I Describe different in	rcle of a typical flowering y and 'seed dispersal'. ons required for the germiditions (e.g. light, water). need to be dispersed and as the transfer of pollen for processes of insect and wir nated flower and explain the suitable examples of reen pollination and fertilisate than its suitable with the seed of the processes of the pollination and fertilisate than its suitable which seed of the pollination and fertilisate than its suitable which seed of the pollination which which seed of the pollination which which seed of the pollination which	plant using the terms 'gern ination of seeds. Compare I the ways in which this can rom the anther to the stign and pollination. the function of each part. al flowers and identify their tion in plants.	nination', 'flowering', how successfully seeds occur. na on the same or a B6.2F B6.2G Identify ir different parts.	

Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y5/SC 3 (12)			Y5/SC	4 (16)		
		MATERIALS				REVISION		
T E R M	particular uses of everyday 5.3 WS-Recording data and diagrams and labels, class graphs 5.4 WS-Reporting and preconclusions, causal relation results, in oral and written 5.5 WS-Identifying scientifiedas or arguments. 5.6 WS-Planning different including recognising and 5.7 WS-Taking measurem increasing accuracy and p 5.8 WS-Using test results.	r hardness, solubility, trans- ind response to magnets in evidence from comparati- y materials, including met and results of increasing co- sification keys, tables, scat- essenting findings from en- conships and explanations of informs such as displays ar- ific evidence that has been at types of scientific enquiri- d controlling variables who ments, using a range of scie- precision, taking repeat rea-	ve and fair tests, for the als, wood and plastic implexity using scientific ter graphs, bar and line quiries, including of and degree of trust in ad other presentations used to support or refute tes to answer questions, are necessary intific equipment, with addings when appropriate	malleability, thermal and C5.1A Understand that so Investigate separation us. sugar; sand and sugar). C5.1B Explain how filtrat and investigate separation. C5.1C Understand that wifiltration. C5.1D Describe ways in wInvestigate with a compa C5.1E Explain that when leaving the dissolved solid observe a solution, such a and sketch and record res C5.1F Use knowledge of sby sieving, using a magnetic sugar sugar service.	a solution is left exposed to d behind. as salt water, left exposed to sults. solids, liquids and gases to et, filtering and evaporating thods using a series of mixt	nsulators, absorbency, was sieving may be used to se mixed solids (for example, e some solids from a liquid series of mixtures er it forms a solution that ch as sugar and salt can be the air the liquid will evaluate the air over time. Take we decide how mixtures might.	terproof, durability) parate some mixtures. flour and nuts; flour and d. Predict cannot be separated by e dissolved more quickly. porate into the air, Investigate and vater-level measurements th be separated, including	Revision for First Term Examination

Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y5/SC XING AND SEPAR	· ,		Y5/SC6 (16) EARTH AND SPACE				
T E R M	filtration. C5.1D Describe ways in w Investigate with a compar. C5.1E Explain that when a leaving the dissolved solic to the air over time. Take C5.1F Use knowledge of s by sieving, using a magne	a solution is left exposed to d behind. Investigate and water-level measurements olids, liquids and gases to et, filtering and evaporating thods using a series of mixto	ch as sugar and salt can be the air the liquid will eval observe a solution, such and sketch and record residecide how mixtures migg.	e dissolved more quickly. sporate into the air, as salt water, left exposed sults. ht be separated, including	P5.1C Understand that planets may be different sizes and some have more than one moon. P5.1D Describe the position and the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in				
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y5/SC	2 7 (16)		Y5/S0	2 8 (8)			
		FOR			SIMPLE MEC		REVISION		
T E R M	P5.1F Understand that frion P5.1G Understand that air objects move. P5.1H Identify the effects surfaces. Research P5.1I Describe how the shincluding the term 'stream'	e falling object. eight is a force and forces a pre than one force can act of acts on moving objects to ction can be used to impro- tically through an investiga- ction can act between solic resistance and water resis of air resistance, water resistance/water sports. hape of objects can be used	are measured in newtons (lon an object at the same tislow them down. ove how well an object gripation. Il surfaces and air and water tance are forces that reduce istance and friction acting	N). me. os to a surface. er. ce the speed at which g between moving ater and air resistance,	Realise that some machine pulleys and gears, allow a greater effect. Assessment 8	, ,	Revision for	Final Exam	

		Year 6 St	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS		
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y6/SC 1 (20)				Y6/SC 2 (12)		
		PI	LANT LIFE CYCL	ES		CLASSIFICATION OF LIVING THINGS			
T E R M	Observe, examine and dra B6.2H Distinguish betwee B6.2I Describe different m	ons required for the germent). need to be dispersed and as the transfer of pollen for the processes of insect as f an insect-pollinated flow the suitable examples of recent pollination and fertilisate than is the processes by which seed	plant using the terms 'gerr ination of seeds. Compare the ways in which this can rom the anther to the stign and wind pollination. er and explain the function al flowers and identify ther tion in plants.	how successfully seeds ger occur. na on the same or a different of each part. ir different parts.	minate in different	common observable char Realise that the living thi	ngs can be divided into an O Biology lab to study spec	imals, plants and micro	
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	Visit	WEEK 8	
		Y6/S0	2 3 (16)			Y6/ SC 4 (12)			
		MICRO OI	RGANISMS		OUR BODIES	S, HEART AND CI	RCULATION	REVISION	
T E R M	precautions. Carry out an investigation light and amount of moist B6.1D Understand the role	into what conditions help ture to which the bread is e of decomposers in food of to create a composter and	ns can be useful and other on food and explain some or mould grow on bread by exposed (Adult supervision chains and the recycling of the dobserve the results in decomposition of the second chains and the results in decomposition.	s can be harmful. B6.1C simple food hygiene varying the temperature, n) materials. composition of materials.	circulatory system. B6.3B Understand that w bodies in blood. B6.3C Describe the circul vessels containing blood. B6.3D Understand how p reason for the change in t muscles.	ulse rate changes with exercise erms of transporting oxygonges as a result of exercise the thorax and as the orgar is a mixture of gases, incood picks up oxygen from o organs of the body. en and correctly use the teand 'respiration' (how oxygen and correctly use the teand 'respiration')	sported around our g the heart and blood rcise and explain the en and nutrients to Investigate own B6.3E Describe the ns used for breathing. luding oxygen. the lungs and transports rms 'breathing'	Revision for First Term Examination	

Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y6/SC	5 (16)			Y6/S0	C 6 (16)			
		LIGHT AN	ND SIGHT		ELECTRICITY: CHANGING CIRCUITS					
E R M	Set up and observe shador P5.2B Explain that we see sources to objects and the Students draw and interpr P5.2C Use the idea that lightey give out or reflect lightey give out or reflect lightey give out or reflect lighted that lighter and direction. Observe small of findings. P5.2D Understand that lighterion. P5.2E Understand that sm reflected off a dull surface Plan and carry out an inverposation.	things because light trave in to our eyes. The test simple ray diagrams that ght appears to travel in strate the tinto our eyes. The the opposite end of a sea be reflected from shiny subjects from the opposite e the can be reflected from shooth and shiny surfaces re- testigation into the best safe	Is from light sources to out at illustrate the direction of hight lines to explain that alled black tube; discuss an arfaces and, when reflected and of a sealed black tube; hiny surfaces and, when reflect light well but light is easy clothing to wear at night	or eyes or from light of travel of light, objects are seen because and note findings. P5.2D I, the light changes discuss and note effected, the light changes is more scattered when it is tht.						
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEE					
		Y6/S0	C7 (16)							
		EVOLUTION ANI	O INHERITANCE	E	GL-PRA	CTICE	REVI	SION		
E	living things that inhabite P 6.2 Recognise that living are not identical to their p P 6.3 Identify how animals adaptation may lead to ever P 6.4 WS -Identifying scients WS-Planning different type controlling variables when P 6.5 WS-Reporting and p	g things produce offspring arents s and plants are adapted to olution. In the control of the con	of the same kind, but not suit their environment in a suit their environment or refue answer questions, including conclusions, including conclusions.	emally offspring vary and a different ways and that atte ideas or arguments. ding recognising and sions, causal	Revise all concepts from year 3 to year 6 (KS2) Revision for Final Example 1. Revision for Final Example 2. Revision for Fina					

		Year 7 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	UM ST	ANDARI	DS		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEI	EK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y7 /SC 1 (12)		Y	7 /SC 2 (1	0)		Y7 /SC 3 (10)			
		ENERGY		THE PA	RTICLE	MODEL		CELLS AND ORGANISATION			
T E R M	work done and energy changes on deformation of elastic maetrial. Recall the law of conservation of energy. Compare the starting with the final conditions of a system and describe changes in the amounts of energy associated. Explain why fossil fuels are described as nonrenewable. Give examples of fossil fuels. Give some examples of renewable energy resources. Know how suit the original source of energy for most of our energy resources. Know density differences, between solids, liquids and gases. Identify scientific questions, hypothesis and predictions. Know how evidence and observations are used to develop into a theory and evidence is used to support a theory. Explain how Brownian motion supports particle theory. Use particle theory to explain the role of diffusion in liquids and gases. Assessment 2								w to observe, interpret microscope. Know the ne, cytoplasm, nucleus, s. Describe the ant and animal cells. wement of materials in alised cells and describe al organisation of issues to organs to ctants in, and products of, nlight in photosynthesis		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4 WEEK 5 W		WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y7 /S6	C 4 (8)	Y	7 /SC 5 (10)			Y	7/SC 9 (10	0)		
	MUSCLES A	AND BONES		AND SEPARATION				FORCES		REVISION	
T E R M	allow ventilation. Understand the mechanism of breathing to move air in and out of the lungs, using a pressure model to explain the movement of gases. Describe the role of muscles in the heart. Know the structure and functions of the human skeleton. Know some different types of joint. Explain how antagonistic pair of muscle operate and are controlled to allow movement. Recall how			re substance and mixtures usen burner is used. Ident risks. Know and explain simixtures: filtration, evapography. Know the effects of derstand conservation of a in melting, freezing, evapon, dissolving. Give example tillation is used. Assess an of different dyes in ink uses.	Recall forces as pushes or pulls, arising from the interaction between two objects. Use force arrows in diagrams, for adding forces in one dimension, balanced and unbalanced forces. Know the effects of forces on an object. Name forces and classify them as contact or non-contact forces. Describe how the extension of a spring depends on the force applied. Investigate force-extension linear relation-Hooke's Law. Know the effects of frictions. Explain some ways in which friction can be changed. Know the situation in which friction is helpful or not helpful. Know what is pressure and describe the effects of high and low pressure in simple situations. Explain effects of balanced and unbalanced forces. Assessment 6			in diagrams, for adding unbalanced forces. Know the forces and classify Describe how the orce applied. Investigate a Law. Know the effects of friction can be changed. The helpful or not helpful. the effects of high and low	Revision for First Term Exam		

Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y	7 /SC 7 (10)			Y7 /SC 8 (1	0)	Y7 /SC 6 (12)				
T	E	COSYSTEM		ATOMS, ELEMENTS AND MOLECULES			CUI	CURRENT ELECTRICITY			
E R M	Recall what a species is. Know continuous or discontinuous variation. Know some adaptations for different habitats. Know how inherited variation is caused. Identify causes of environmental variation. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal changes. Know ways in which organisms affect their habitat and communities. Use food web to make predictions. Use pyramid of numbers to describe how energy is lost. Explain why pesticide need to be used carefully. Assessment 7			the difference between metals and non metals is. Relate the use of an elements to its properties Know how do elements form compounds. Know how can we use chemical reactions. Use and understand word equations for chemicals reactions. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Assessment 8			Define electric current. Measure current in series and parallel circuits. Know how switches can control different kinds of circuit. Know how changing the number or type of component in circuit affects the current. Define potential difference. Explain why the current increases when the voltage of supply is increased. Know the relationship between resistances as the ratio of potential difference (p.d.) to current. Know differences in resistance between conducting and insulating components (quantitative). Understand the use of fuses and circuit breakers. Know how the different wires are connected in plug. Assessment 9 Investigate current in series and parallel circuits				
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y7 / SC 10 (10)			Y7 /SC 11 (10)			NC	Y7 /SC 12(4)			
	ACIDS	AND ALKALIES		SOUND			Simple machine	REPRODUCTION	REVISION		
T E R M	Know why hazard symbol examples of acids and alk be used to test for acidic, the pH scale and how it is Explain the pH changes t Describe and explain ever reactions of acids with alk waterreactions of acids wi Assessment 10	alis. Investigate how indi- alkaline or neutral solution is useful. Describe neutralizating place during neutralization reactivalis to produce a salt plus	cators can ns. Know cations. lization. ons-	Know link b moves throu from their so Know how n aware of the animals. Knophysiotheral conversion t sonar and ec- transverse w	use of sounds and how to etween frequency and pitcle gh materials. Explain why burce. Know the part of the nicrophones convert sound auditory range of frequency some uses of ultrasound by by ultra-sound; waves trace electrical signals by micro location work. Compare aves. Know that all waves consitions means. Assessment	h. Know how sound sounds get fainter further ear and their functions. I into electric signals. Becies in humans and d - use for cleaning and ansferring information for ophone. Explain how longitudinal and can be reflected. Explain	of smaller movement (and vice versa): product of force and displacement	Describe the reproduction in humans, including the reproductive systems, menstrual cycle, gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth and the effect of maternal lifestyle on foetus. Assessment 12.	Revision for Final Exam		

		Year 8 S	CIENCE	LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STA	ANDAR	DS	
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	E K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y8 /SCI 1 (12)			Y8	3 /SCI 2 (10)		Y8 /SCI 3 (10)		
	FOO	DD AND NUTRIT	ION		CO	MBUSTION		ENERGY TRANSFER		
benefits of a balanced diet. Know the consequences of imbalances in the diet, including obesity, starvation and deficiency diseases. Identify organs of the human digestive system, including adaptations to function and describe how the digestive system digests food. Know that enzymes act as biological catalysts. Explain the importance of bacteria in the human digestive system. Understand the role of diffusion in the movement of materials in and between cells. Assessment 1 Year 8 WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 Know the difference exothermic and endothermic reactions. Use the fire triangle to explain how to control a fire. Identify hazard symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause problems and how their effects can be reduced. Describe the greenhouse effect and how it is caused. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Investigate the amount of oxygen meanings random a week of the difference exothermic and endothermic reactions. Use the fire triangle to explain how to control a fire. Identify hazard symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause problems and how their effects can be reduced. Describe the greenhouse effect and how it is caused. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Investigate the amount of oxygen meanings random a week of the difference exothermic and endothermic reactions. Use the fire triangle to explain how to control a fire. Identify hazard symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause are formed by burning. Sankey difference exothermic and endothermic reactions. Use the fire including above the digestive system.									at happens to particles whenergy is transferred by ra Use the particle model to all ways of reducing energ fficiency mean. Calculate rams. Explain how power Describe what a payback	will be transferred. en a liquid evaporates. diation, conduction and explain energy transfers in y transfers. Know what efficiencies. Interpret companies charge for x time tells you. Work out State the Explain how to avoid
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3			EK3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y	Y8 /SC 4 (10)			Y8 /SCI 5 (10)	Y8 /SCI 6 (12)			
T E R M	PLANTS AND THEIR REPRODUCTION Interpret scientific organism names. Describe how organisms are classified. Explain the importance of biodiversity. Know the asexual and sexual reproduction in plants. Describe reproduction in plants, including flower structure, wind and insect pollination, fertilisation, seed and fruit formation and dispersal, including quantitative investigation of some dispersal mechanisms. Know about seed germination. Realise the importance of plant reproduction through insect pollination in human food security Assessment 4 Describe D atoms and compound kinds of parametal and in compound chemicals in similar prophalogens are points and trends and table by the elements we predictions. Investigate				THE PERIODIC alton's atomic model. Knownolecules. Identify element of the control	w difference between ts, mixtures and cle diagrams. Know what w the differences between tcal changes and tand word equations for table to find elements with properties of alkali metals ng, freezing and boiling e of a substance. Identify metals in the periodic reactions of some tify trends and make using the periodic table.	matter. Reali of reflection of materials: about Use of ray mo Define refrace Investigate re functions in labsorber, lead different freq	se that light using mirror sorption, difforded to explantion of light effaction of I human eye. ding to chenuencies of light	LIGHT differences between light waves can travel through and Describe the transmission fuse scattering and specular in imaging in mirrors. Die and describe action of confight in glass slab. List the Realise that light transfernical and electrical effects ght when white light pass	vaccuum. Investigate laws on of light through lar reflection at a surface. scuss some uses of lenses. execus in focusing. exparts and state their energy from source to. Identify the colours and

Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y8 /SC	CI 7 (8)		Y8 /SC	I 8 (12)			Y8 /SCI 9 (12)			
T E R	Know the structure and f exchange system in huma to function. Understand to breathing. Recognize the asthma and smoking on t	unctions of the gas uns, including adaptations he mechanism of the impact of exercise,	Know some common prop the reactions of metals and uses of catalysts. Know will how metals can be protect with water and acid. Place	perties and used non-metals hat happens of ted from corr	. Describe when the during corrost ostion. Know	Write word e hat a catalyst ion and rusting the reactions	is and some ng. Explain of metals	arrangements, in motion state, shape and density, density of substance by d	FLUIDS natter in terms of particle n and in closeness of particle the anomaly of ice-water th lifferent method. Know wh ressure in simple situations	es explaining changes of cansition). <i>Measure the</i> nat is pressure and the	
M 2	system. Know the composummary for aerobic resp and effects of reduced ox Know the process of anae effects during and after ha gas exchange in different	iration. Know the causes ygen supply on the body. robic respiration and its	word and symbol equation of data collected during an they are used. Use models substances by their meltin improve the quality of data	n investigations to explain the grand of the contraction of the contra	on. Explain we properties boiling point	hat alloys are of alloys. Idea ts. <i>Explain h</i> o	and why ntify pure	pressure in liquids increat sinking. Understand that height as weight of air ab	over area acting normal to a ses with depth -upthrust ed atmospheric pressure decrove decreases with height, ased or reduced. Know the es with speed.	ffects, floating and reases with increase of Describe ways in which	
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 Y8 /SCI 10 (8)				EK 4	4 WEEK 5		WEEK 6	WEEK 8		
		R ORGANISMS	Y8 /SCI 11 ROCKS	MAGNETIC EFFECT OF CURRENT			Y8 /SCI 12 (EARTH AND S	REVISION			
T E R M	Use cell features to identikingdoms. Differentiate is multi cellular organisms. used in brewing and baki reproduce and the limitin process of anaerobic respinicroorganisms, includin Know the functions of the protoctist cells. Know how food and explain its impoimportance of decompose carbon in an ecosystem unassessment 9	Explain how some of the rocks are related to their to Recall some uses of rocks structure of the Earth and composition of atmospher formation of igneous, sediand metamorphic rocks. Using the control of the the throcks. Explain how the grevidence for the speed of the Describe weathering and Know how metals are obtained to the control of the control o	exture. Know the the re. Know the imentary Use the rock ree types of ain size is cooling. erosion. ained and	effect of a cu Describe the electromagn	e use lets and the D.C.	change in se poles. Know Earth's mag objects using mass x gravi different on a and Moon, a affect the str	odel of solar system. Use to asons the pattern of light a about properties of magni- netic field. <i>Investigate the</i> of force meter. Calculate gratational field strength (g), other planets and stars; grand between Earth and Sur- ength of gravity. Know above, Explain what a light year	and dark at the Earth's ets, magnetic fields and eweight of different ravity force, weight = on Earth g=10 N/kg, avity forces between Earth n. Know the factors that bout stars, galaxies and	Revision for Final Exam		

	YEAR 9 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
	Y9/P1 (3)			Y9/P2(15)			Y9/1	Y9/P3(6)				
	Key concepts of Physics		C	onservation of ener	gy		Wa	ives				
	Use of the SI unit for physical quantities. Use multiples and submultiples of units and conversions. Use of significant figures and standard form where appropriate. Use of excel sheets for drawing graphs, google doc/sheet for sharing	conservation of energy for dissipating energy to the efficiency can be increase $KE = 1/2 \text{ mv}^2$. Describe the main energy	different situations. Ident surroundings. Explain way d.	tify how energy become ways of reducing unwanted e	sfers in a system and descr asteful when there is rise in nergy transfer. Calculate ef Use the equation A fuels, nuclear fuel, bio-fuel, n-renewable sources are use	temperature leading to ficiency and explain how $\Delta GPE = m \times g \times \Delta h$ and wind, hydroelectricity,	without transferring matt frequency, wavelength, ar velocity and wavefront as Explain the difference be transverse waves. Use the $v = f \lambda$ and $v = x/t$ Descrivelocity of sound in air an	mplitude, period, wave applied to waves. tween longitudinal and equations: wave velocity ribe how to measure the lid ripples on water or distance from time and				
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
T		Y9/F	24(12)		N	C						
E		Sound			Earth S		REVI	SION				
R M 1	frequency and waveleng	ration of sound waves in digth. Explain the way the husound waves including sor Assess	ıman ear works. Describe	the features and uses of	Explain plate tectonics an different types of plate moboundaries. Differentiate waves. Identify different la	vements near the between types of seismic	Revision for Fi	rst Term Exam				
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y9/F	P 5(12)			Y9/I	P6(12)					
T E		Reflection ar	nd Refraction			Li	ght					
R M	the change of speed and or reflect waves in ways that	Explain and laws of reflection. Explain how waves will be refracted at a boundary in terms of change of speed and direction. Describe that different substances may absorb, transmit, refract or lect waves in ways that vary with wavelength. Assessment 4 CORE PRACTICAL 3 - vestigate refraction in rectangular glass blocks in terms of the interaction of electromagnetic waves the matter. Explain, with the aid of ray diagrams, reflection, refraction and total internal reflection (TIR) of light, including the law of reflection and critical angle. Describe and explain differential absorption of light by different materials. Describe the transmission of light through filters. Describe the refraction of leght through reflection and total internal reflection (TIR) of light, including the law of reflection and critical angle. Describe and explain differential absorption of light by converging and diverging lenses. Explain the effects of different types of lens in producing real and virtual images. Relate the power of a lens to its shape. Assessment 5										

YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y9/P7 (9)			Y9/P8 (9)				
T E	Ele	ctromagnetic spect	rum	Electromagne	etic spectrum - Uses	and dangers	REVI	SION	
R	waves, microwaves, infrar	red, visible (including the	colours of the visible	electromagnetic radiation	ts, to life, of excessive expo as. Describe characteristic p	properties and uses of			
		ength and increasing frequ	ency. Identify common	radiation involved in each	iation. Identify the charact application or danger. De	Revisi	on for		
	properties of electromagn thermal radiation. Assess		bsorption and emission of		essment 7 Investigate how the nature	Final	Exam		
				amount of thermal energy	y radiated or absorbed.				

	Year 9 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS													
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8						
		Y9/ CH	E 1 (12)		Y9/ CHE 2 (12)									
T		States of Mat	ter (SC 1a-2a)		Atomic Structure (SC 3a-3c)									
E R	Recall the arrangement, n matter: solid, liquid and g				Describe the Dalton's monucleus. Predict the mass									
M		meaning of the terms 'sub	olimation'and 'deposition'		electrons, neutrons in an a and ions. Define electroni	c configuration. Compare	the relative mass and char	rge for proton, electron,						
1	the cooling curves. Identi	fy melting point/boiling p	oint from the graphs.	Assessment 1	neutron. Define isotopes a number of protons. Calcul									
	number of protons. Calculate the RAM of elements based on their percentage abundance and relative masses. Assessment 2													

Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
		Y9/ CH	E 2 (12)		Y9/ CHE 4 (12)						
	Methods o	of Separating and Pu	rifying Substances	(SC 2a-2d)		The Periodic T	able (SC 4a-4c)				
T E R M	experimental techniques filtration, crystallisation, p and fractional distillation. knowing the properties of paper chromatogram to d comparison with known s	etween a pure substance ar for separation of mixtures paper chromatography. Dra. Describe an appropriate of the components of the mistinguish between pure are substances and identify substances and identify substances igate composition of Assessment 3	by simple distillation, frace aw a neat labelled diagram experimental technique to exture. Describe paper chrond impure substances, ide ostances by calculation and	n for simple distillation, n for simple distillation separate a mixture omatography, interpret a ntify substances by d use of Rf values.	and their compounds.Dis elements not then discove modern periodic tables.Sp obtain the names, symbol electronic configurations Explain how the electronic	cuss how he used his table ered. Compare the similari pot out the pair reversals fr s, relative atomic masses a of the first 20 elements in c configuration of an elem	periodic table by using pro- e to predict theexistence and ties and the diferences betwom the periodic table. Use and proton numbers of eler the periodic table as diagra- tent is related to its position and electronic configuration	d the properties of some ween Mendeleev's and the Periodic Table to ments. Predict the ams and in the form 2.8.1. In in the periodic table.			
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
			Y9/ CHE 6 (9)								
75		Ior	valent Bonding (SC 6a)								
R M	particle. Draw dot and cro electronic structure.Defin particles in an atom and a endings –ide and –ate in t why ionic compounds hav of the lattice.Identifying t	onds are formed by the tra- oss diagrams to explain ho- e ionic bond.Draw the elec- an ion.Define ionic lattice. the names of compounds.I we high melting points and the compounds that have io- onic bonding. Assessme	between two atoms.Write dot cross diagrams for mo the formation of covalent water,ammonia,methane, carbon tetrachloride.Disc	ond is formed when a pair the names of some covaler elecules. Use of dot and cro molecules. Discuss the bor fluorine, carbon dioxide, ox uss the properties of covale g points, poor conductor or	nt molecules. Draw the ss diagrams to explain ading in a molecule of ygen,nitrogen, and ent compounds like low						
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
			Y9/ CH	IE 7 (18)							
Т		Types of	substances and ba	lancing equations (SC7a-7d)		REVI	SION			
E R M	Define polymers and explain how properties if propene molecules are added together to form a chain. Differentiate between simple molecular structures and giant covalent structures. Discuss the structure and properties of different allotropes of carbon-diamond, graphite, fullerenes and graphene. List the typical physical properties of metals and non metals. Discuss the arrangement of particles in a metal. Explain the bonding in metals and their properties. Explain most metals as shiny solids which have high melting points, high density and are good conductors of electricity whereas most nonmetals have low boiling points and are poor conductors. Predict the different types of structure and bonding models used to describe substances. Demonstrate the use of models like dot and cross, 3D space filling, ball and stick to explain the properties of substances. List the limitations of bonding models to show structure and bonding. Write word and balanced chemical equations for the different types of neutralisation reactions. Assessment 9,10										

		Year 9 B	IOLOGY	LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	DS					
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2		EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
Т					Y9 /B	31 (24)							
\mathbf{E}					Key Biologic	cal Concepts							
R M	are related to their function	ular structures of eukaryot on-animal cells, plant cells and bacteria. Draw & labe e cell.	& bacteria.	Compare	ompare more clarity and detail. Compare the use of light & electron microscope. Do calculations based on magnification & scale bar								
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
Т	Y9/B1 (24)												
Ē	Key Biological Concepts												
	factors affecting enzyme		linked with et graphs	fat & sugars measured us PRACTICA	ious tests used to detect properties. Understand how the enesing calorimetry. L 3: Use of chemical reagengars, proteins and fats in forms.	rgy in food can be CORE ents to identify starch,	Explain how substances a transport. Compare proce uses of diffusion, osmosis Ficks law & factors affect Investigate: Diffusion in a PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis	ess of diffusion, osmosis & active transport in livining diffusion agar.	a active transport. Enlist g organisms. Interpret				
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
T					Y9/I	32(24)							
T E					Cells &	Control							
M	Describe mitosis as part of the cell cycle including the stages interphase, prophase, metaphase, and telophase and anaphase and telophase and cytokinesis. Understand the importance of mitosis in growth, repair and asexual reproduction. Describe cancer as the result of changes in cells that lead to uncontrolled cell division and division. Explain growth in organisms, including cell division and differentiation in animals & cell division, elongation and differentiation in plants. Demonstrate an understanding of the use of percentiles charts to monitor growth. Identify types of stem cells and its significance. Assessment 5 Explain the structure and function of sensory neurones, motor neurons and synapses in the transmission of electrical impulses including the axon, dendron, myelin sheath and the role of neurotransmitters. Differentiate between different types of neurones and their roles in reflex action. Assessment 6												

Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Т			Y9/B2 (15)			Y9/I	33 (6)	
${f E}$			Cells & Control			Gen	etics	REVISION
M	cerebellum, cerebral hem various brain imaging tec	nd functions of spinal cord ispheres and medulla oblochniques. Discuss some of asses in the brain and other injuries. Assessment 7	ongata. Understand f the limitations in	sensory receptor. Desc	ribe defects of the eye. long-sightedness and short-	Discuss advantages and or reproduction and sexual role of meiotic cell division genetically different haplo	Revision for Final Exam	
	WEEK 1	YEAR 10 WEEK 2	PHYSICS LONG	TERM PLAN WEEK 4	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR WEEK 6	DS WEEK 7	WEEK 8
YEAR 10 PHY				WEEK 4				WEEK 8
YEAR 10 PHY	Y10/	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	

Assessment 2

rectangular glass blocks in terms of the interaction particle scattering leading to the Bohr emission.

model.

Assessment 1

of electromagnetic waves with matter.

YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEI	E K 7	WEEK 8
		Y10/P3 (12)			Y10/P3 (16)				
T	Explain the difference bet	Motion (SP1a-d) tween vector and scalar qu	antities Define	Forces and motion (SP2a-e)					REVISION
E R M	displacement, speed, velo interpret d - t and v - t gra determination of speed fromethods for determining Use the equations a = (v acceleration. Analyse velo	city and acceleration of an aphs. Analyse distance/time gradient. Describe a rathe speeds of objects such $-u$) / t and $v^2 - u^2 = 2 \times a$ city/time graphs to comp d to calculate acceleration some typical speeds encountered.	n object. Draw and ne graphs including ange of laboratory as the use of light gates. $x \times x$ to determine are acceleration from and to determine the	resultant force. Explain to object. Use the equations Explain how for motion in towards the centre of the changing velocity (qualita explain the conservation of relate it to the conservation	State and explain Newton's three laws of motion. Draw and interpret free body diagram and find resultant force. Explain that inertial mass is a measure of how difficult it is to change the velocity of an object. Use the equations $F = m \times a$ and $W = m \times g$. Introduce the term 'action-reaction' pairs. Explain how for motion in a circle there must be a resultant force known as a centripetal force that acts towards the centre of the circle. Explain that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has changing velocity (qualitative only) Define momentum and use the equation $p = m \times v$. State and explain the conservation of linear momentum. Apply Newton's third law to collision interactions and relate it to the conservation of momentum in collisions. Assessment 5 **CORE PRACTICAL 4: Investigate the relationship between force, mass and acceleration				
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEI	E K 7	WEEK 8
	Y10/1	P3 (8)	Y10/	/P4 (8) Y10/P4(10)			Y10/P5 (6)		
		es and motion (SP2 f-i) Energy- Forces doi		oing work (SP8a) Forces and their Effects (SP9a-c) Astro				nomy (SP7 a-b)	
T E R M	Define Newton's second law as rate of change of momentum. Use the concept of momentum to explain the role of crumple zone and other safety features of the car. Identify factors affecting stopping distance of a vehicle. Estimate how the			tential energy of a body. rate of doing work and	Describe, with examples, use free body force diagrazed Identify situations where fuse the equation: momento the direction of the force moments. Explain how lee effects of forces. Asses	ms and calculate resultant forces can cause rotation. t of a force = force × distraction. e. Recall and use the prince	t forces. Recall and ance normal ciple of e rotational	differs in diff Recall our So the orbits of and artificial centripetal fo	fand why the value of g ferent bodies in space. olar System and describe moons, planets, comets satellites. Explain orce in circular orbits. dius and orbital speed.

YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10/P5 (12)			Y10/P6(12)			
T	,	Astronomy (SP7 c-e)	Pa	rticle model (SP14 a	-e)	REVI	SION
E R M	supporting the Big Bang shift of galaxies provides evolution of stars. Describ	e and Big Bang theories. I theory-red shift and CMBI evidence for the Universe be how methods of observi Assessment 9	R. Explain why the red- expanding. Describe the ng the Universe have	Define density of a mater energy stored within the sof state. Explain how heat the system and raise its tespecific heat capacity and capacity of materials inclum×c× Δθ. Define specific Assessment 10	ry model to explain the difficial. Explain how heating a system and raise its temper ating a system will change in the produce chart describe how to determine uting water and some solice latent heat and use the equivorsity at the densities of some solice.	system will change the ature or produce changes the energy stored within nges of state. Define e the specific heat ds. Use the equation ΔQ = uation $Q = m \times L$.	Revision for th	ne Final Exam

	Year 10 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 7	WEEK 8										
		Y10 /CH	IE 2 (16)			Y10 /CH	IE 5 (16)						
Т		Calculations involvi	ng masses (SC 9a-c))		Γransition Metals, (Corrosion (SC 13a-b))					
1	formula of a compound. I and deduce molecular for Calculate the concentration a balanced chemical equated Apply the law of conserva	mass given relative atomic Deduce the empirical forms mula of a compound from on of solutions in gram per tions from the masses of re- tion of mass to calculate the mass from the given data.	ula when percentage mass emprical formula and the decimeter cube. Define line eactants and products. Define the mass of reactants or pro	of each element is given molecular mass. miting reactant. Deduce fine Avogadro's constant. ducts in a chemical	effect of the dissolved salt	nsition metals from the per of iron make it a typical traceir chemical equations. Resenting it by exclusion of or on the rate of rusting. Eva	eriodic table. Discuss their cansition metal. Give the te eason out why metals correctly gen and sacrificial protect	position in the periodic sts, observations for iron ode. Explain rusting of ction. Investigate the					

Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y10 /CF	HE 3 (16)						
T		Electrolytic Proc	cesses (SC 10a-c)		Obtaining	REVISION			
E R M	compounds like sodium c copper(II) chloride, sodium inert electrodes. Define the of aqueous copper (II) sul using electrolysis using a purification of copper. Wri	chloride, potassium bromidem chloride, sodium sulfate, eterms oxidation and redulfate using inert and coppeneat labelled diagram. Presite ionic half equations at convestigate the electrolysis of	er electrodes.Explain how or edict how anode sludge is f	ous solutions of ead (II) bromide using s.Compare the electrolysis copper can be purified formed during the	Discuss the similarities ar water, acids and salt solut reactions as redox reaction of displacement reactions. So related to its position in the as reduction of ores by her and phytoextraction, recyclycle assessment of a process.	strate displacement nced chemical equations h state symbols for f extraction of a metal is arize extraction of metals cal methods like bacterial	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION		
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y10 /CH	HE 1 (16)		Y10/ CHE 6 (16)				
		Acids and Alk	alies (SC 8a-g)		Electroplating & Alloying (SC 13c-d)				
T E R M	dilute acids. Explain how acids with metals, metal or rules. Write the word and metal carbonates and hyd indicators. Carry out expensolution while doing titratibalanced chemical equation.	the changes in the H+ affoxides, carbonates, hydroxides, carbonates, hydroxides, carbonates. Identify riments for the titration and tion. Use the solubility rule on for the precipitation rea	fects the pH of a solution. It dides, tests for gases, salt proons for the reactions of acidy the colour changes for the did know how to use a pipet es to prepare insoluble salt actions including state symph on adding powdered can	Explain the reactions of reparation and solubility ds with metals, alkalis, e different acid base ate, burette and indicator s. Write a word and a hools.	of metals to their properti magnalium and brass. Ev	on out why iron is alloyed ies including aluminium, a aluate the use of electropla lains why a surgical instrulloys are stronger than the steels.	with other metals to produce copper and gold and their ating for jewellery and for ruments. Explain why wroug individual metals they con Investigate how elect	ce alloy steels, relate uses alloys including netal bathroom fittings. ht iron is an alloy.	

Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10 /CI	HE 5 (16)		Y10/ CHE 8 (8)			
T	Fuels, I	Earth and Atmosphe	eric Science (SC 20	0a - 21d)	Qualitative Analysis, Nanoparticles (SC 25a-26c)		REVISION	
E R M	Discuss the features of a l combustion of hydrocarbo Explain the advantages and and atmosphere today and	nomologous series and pro ons. Predict the harmful en nd disadvantages of hydog d explain how human acti	e, names and uses of the medict the products of compe ffects of carbon monooxide gen and petrol as fuels. Con vities influence the climate ween carbon dioxide levels	e and soot produced. mpare early atmosphere e. Describe how scientist	Discuss the tests and reac and anions. Explain what they are different from bu and the risks associated w CORE PRACTICAL 7:Id unknown salts, using the cations and anions. Asses	are nanoparticles, how k materials, their uses ith these nanoparticles. entify the ions in some tests for the specified	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION	
		YEAR 10	BIOLOGY LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDA	RDS	
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	YEAR 10 I	BIOLOGY LON WEEK 3	G TERM PLAN WEEK 4	with CURRICU WEEK 5	LUM STANDA WEEK 6	RDS WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	WEEK 1							WEEK 8
		WEEK 2	WEEK 3			WEEK 6		WEEK 8

examples.

Assessment 1

YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y10 /I	34 (24)				
T E			Natural Selection &	Selective Breedin	g	REVISION		
R M	theory. Describe the evide evolution.Understand ho its impact on food plantsa	& Darwin to explain theorence of human evolution be we genetic analysis had led and domesticated animals and writing their heirarchy.	evidence for	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM				
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10/B4 (12)				Y10/ B5(20)		
Т	Clonin	g & Genetic modif	ication			Health & Disease		
E R M	programmes.Evaluate the	ges in medical research & benefits & risks of selecti modern agriculture & me	ve breeding, tissue culture	humans.Describe the cause, spread and control of infectious diseases in humans. Explain the lifecycle of a virus and spread & control of sexually transmitted viral infections. CORE PRACTICAL 2: Factors affecting enzyme activity.				
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y10/I	35 (24)				
Т				development of med			REVI	SION
E R M	Describe the physical bar- of the human body. Expla responses in the human b immunisation & evaluate immunisation techniques	ain the specific immune body. Understand the various	the aseptic techniques us	dal & bacteriostatic action ed in culturing microorgans in drug trialling done in seessment 6	nisms .Identify and	Describe plant defence mechanisms. Evaluate the use of plant chemicals, antibiotics and antiseptics to favour cure and avoid spread of diseases. CORE PRACTICAL 5: Effect of antibiotics	REVISION FOR FIN	JAL EXAMINATION

		YEAR 11	PHYSICS LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS		
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y11/P1 (5)		Y11/P2 (15)		Y11/P3 (20)				
	Gas Laws (SP14d,e)	Force doing	g work and their effe	ects (SP 8-9)	Forces and Matter (SP 15)				
T E R M	pressure of a gas. Recognize absolute zero as the lowest possible temperature. Describe the effect of changing	the factors affecting power use free body force diagrates forces can cause rotation. force × distance normal to principle of moments. Exeffects of forces.	ne kinetic and potential ener. Describe how objects of the and resultant forces. It is recall and use the equation of the direction of the force, plain how levers and gears Assessment 2 investigate the densities of s	an interact. Draw and lentify situations where on: moment of a force = Recall and use the transmit the rotational	Describe the difference between elastic and inelastic distortion. Use the equation to calculate the spring constant: $F = kx$. Use the equation $E = 1/2 kx^2$ to calculate the work done in stretching a sprin Describe the pressure in a fluid as being due to the fluid and atmospheric pressure. Explain how				
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y11/P	24 (30)					
			Electricity and C	,			REVI	SION	
T E R M	Charges and Static electric explain Ohm's law and de Investigate IV graphs of de transfer as the result of compower. Describe the advate Electrical Safety Explain wire and of fuses or circuit PRACTICAL 5a,b - Constant CORE PRACTICAL 2: In PRACTICAL 4: Investigation	ing resistances. Explain the energy calculate electrical the function of an earth CORE ment lamps	Revision for F	irst term exam					

YEAR 11	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
PHY		711/P5 (12)	2	Y11/P6 (13)			"EBI"	W22A /	W22N 0	
	Magnetism a	and motor effect (SI	P12)	Electromagnetic induction (SP13)			REVISION			
T E R M	Differentiate between perr Describe the shape and di bar magnets and for a unit concentration of lines. Des magnetic effect around a lifeld strength to the currer Explain that magnetic for magnetic fields. Use Flen of the force, current and m BII. Explain how the force used to cause rotation in e	rection of the magnetic fiform field. Relate field strescribe how a current can clong straight conductor and and distance from the codes are due to interactionshing's left-hand rule to shoughet field. Use the eque on a conductor in a mag	eld around ength to the create a and relate the conductor. So between ow directions unation $F = \frac{1}{2}$ enetic field is	Describe the production of electric current by the relative movement of a magnet and a conductor. Explain how electromagnetic induction is used in alternators (a.c.) and in dynamos (d.c.) Explain the action of the microphone in converting the pressure variations in sound waves into variations in current in electrical circuits, and the reverse effect as used in loudspeakers and headphones. Explain how a transformer can change the size of an alternating voltage. Use the turns ratio equation for transformers to calculate voltage. Explain where and why step-up and step-down transformers are used in the transmission of electricity in the national grid. Assessment 6			REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION			
		Year 11 CH	IEMISTI	RY LON	IG TERM PLAN	N with CURRICU	J LUM STANDA	RDS		
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y11/ CF	HE 1 (25)				Y11/ CHE 3 (15)		
Т		Quant	itative An	alysis (SC		Groups in	the Periodic Table	(SC 17a- d)		
E R M	Calculate the concentration of solutions in mol dm ⁻³ and convert concentration in g dm ⁻³ into mol dm ⁻³ . Calculations to find the concentration of an acid/ alkali solution titration, percentage yield, atom economy, molar volume of gases in a reaction, given the relevant equation. Give a reason that explains why it is desirable to have a high percentage yield in a reaction. Reason out why the actual yield is less than the theoretical yield in some cases. Explain how the data is used to decide on the best way to manufacture a product. Compare the two methods of making ethanol in terms of raw materials, atom economy and energy consumption. CORE PRACTICAL 5: Carry out an accurate acid-alkali titration, using burette, pipette and a suitable indicator. Assessment 1,2						water. Explain the displa	d equations for the reaction deement reactions as redox operties like inertness and l	reactions. Relate uses of	

Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y11 /CHE 2 (15)		Y11 /CHE 4 (20)				
T	Dynamic e	quilibrium and Cell	s(SC 15,16)	Rates of Reaction, Heat Energy Changes in Chemical Reactions (SC18a-19b)				REVISION
R M 1	Dynamic equilibrium and Cells(SC 15,16) Rates of Reaction, Heat Energy Changes in Chemical Reactions (SC18a-19b) Explain methods to investigate rate of reactions and factors affecting the rates of reactions. Draw terversible reaction between nitrogen and hydrogen for Haber process, predict process and dynamic equilibrium is affected by changes in temperature, pressure, concentration. Compare the similarities and differences of making fertiliser in laboratory and factory. Describe how ammonium nitrate is manufactured using Haber process . Assessment 4 Rates of Reaction, Heat Energy Changes in Chemical Reactions (SC18a-19b) Explain methods to investigate rate of reactions and factors affecting the rates of reactions. Draw graphs to determine the rate of a reaction. Discuss how catalysts work to speed up reactions. Calculate the energy changes in reactions from bond energy data. CORE PRACTICAL 6: Investigating the effects of changing the conditions of a reaction on the rates of chemical reactions. Assessment 5							
Year 11								
CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	WEEK 1		WEEK 3 IE 6 (20)	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			IE 6 (20)		WEEK 5	WEEK 6		WEEK 8

	Year 11 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
Year 11 BIO	BIO WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8											
			Y11/B6 (25)				Y11/B7 (15)					
T		Plant str	ructures and their fu	ınctions		Anima	al Coordination & C	Control				
R M	factors affecting photosyn factors affecting transpira how plant hormones cont commercial uses of auxin	with various parts of the leanthesis and analyzing the listion linked with transport. For the coordinate plant grows, gibberelins & ethene in pescribe plant defence mech	miting factors. Understand Know how plants are adap wth. Understand tropic res plants.Explain how structu anisms,their role in curing	d mechanisms of transport oted to survive in extreme ponses involved in plant g are of root hair cell, xylem	t of nutrients in plants & environments. Explain rowth. Describe the & phloem are adapted vestigate plant diseases.	Identify various endocrine Differentiate between type of diabetes. Recall and derole of hormones and negacycle. Evaluate the advant Assessment 2	e 1 and type 2 diabetes. Ide scribe the stages of menstr ative feedback mechanism	entify the cause and cure rual cycle. Interpret the involved in menstrual				

Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/I	37 (20)		Y11/B8 (20)				
7		Animal Coordin	ation & Control		Exchange & transport in organisms				
\mathbf{E}	general structure and fund	ctions of urinary system. D	chanism in thermoregulation	nents for kidney failure.	Recall factors affecting diffusion .Interpret Ficks law.Identify and explain the structure and functions of blood, heart, blood vessels and describe its role in transport of nutrients and wastes in the human				
	Role of nephron in urine feedback mechanism.		CO	RE PRACTICAL 5:	defence .Evaluate the uses	& production of monocle		nd and differentiate	
1	Effect of antibiotics, antis	eptics & plant extract on ,	bacterial growth. Assessn	nent 3	aerobic and anaerobic residuring exercise. Calculate CORE PRACTICAL 7: Fa	breathing rate, pulse rate		e volume. Assessment 4	
•					Measuring pulse rate and	BP using BP monitor and	l oxygen content in the blo	ood using pulse oximeter	
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/B9 (15)			Y11/B9 (15)				
T	Ecos	system & material c	ycles	Ecos	cosystem & material cycles REVISION				
D I	Demonstrate an understar chain and use of ecologica	al pyramids. Explain bioti	c relationships of	nitrogen within an ecosys	rocesses involved in cycling stem and know the significa	ance of carbon and			
M	pollution and water pollut	ion. Investigate effects of	pollutants on germination	water treatment. Discuss	ms. Identify & explain the concepts of fish farming. I	Describe various food		for MOCK	
2	and plant growth and deso Assessment 5	cribe remedial measures fo	or air and water pollution.	maintaining sustainability	=	·		NATION	
2				their environment using t	nvestigate the relationship field-work techniques, inclu				
				transects.					

		YEAR 12	PHYSICS LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM ST	'ANDA	RDS		
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y12/PHY 1(6)		Y1:	2/PHY 2(27)				Y12/PHY 3((15)	
	Working as a Physicist		N	Mechanics I				Fluid and So	lids	
Working as a Physicist Distinguish between base and derived quantities and their SI units. Understand the measurements and techniques for both familiar and unfamiliar experiments. Estimate values for physical quantities. M M M M M Distinguish between base and derived quantities and their SI units. Understand bow to use the quantities. Understand scalar and vector quantities and know examples of each type of techniques for both familiar and unfamiliar experiments. Estimate values for physical quantities. M M M M M M M M M Distinguish between base and derived quantities and their SI units. Understand bow to use the quantities. Understand scalar and vector quantities and know examples of each type of quantities and the resultant of two coplanar vectors at any angle to each other by drawing, and at right angles to each other by drawing and by calculation. Find the resultant of two coplanar vectors at any angle to each other by drawing and by calculation. Find t										
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y12/PHY 4((33)				Y12/PHY 5	(15)	
			Mechanics	II				Electric Circu	iits I	
T E R M	and the axis of rotation. Use quilibrium. Use the equ $= 1/2 \text{ mv}^2$ for the kinetic Earth's surface. Know, and	Use the concept of centre of ation for work $\Delta W = F\Delta s$, energy of a body. Use the and understand how to apply. Use the equations relating	Int of force = Fx where x is of gravity of an extended be including calculations where equation $\Delta Egrav = mg\Delta h$, the principle of conservang power, time and energy	ody and apply the principle en the force is not along the for the difference in gravition of energy including u	e of moments to an extend the line of motion. Use the tational potential energy r se of work done, gravitation	led body in equation <i>kE</i> near the onal potential	particles. D non ohmic electrical re explain the Analyse ser (e.m.f.) and	I that electric current is the Define Ohm's law. Interpret conductors. Define resistivity of a material. Use large range of resistivities of its and parallel circuits. Do internal resistance. Distinct of the control	VI graphs of ohmic and ity and investigate the $I = nqvA$ to of different materials.	

YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
			Y12/PHY 60	(33)			Y12/PHY 7	(15)				
			Waves				Electric Circu	its II				
T E R M	Define amplitude, frequency, period, speed and wavelength. Use the wave equation $v = \Omega$. Describe longitudinal waves in terms of pressure variation and the displacement of molecules. Describe transverse waves. Draw and interpret graphs representing transverse and longitudinal waves including stationary waves. Know and understand what is meant by wavefront, coherence, path difference, superposition, interference and phase. Relate phase difference and path difference. Know what is meant by a standing/stationary wave and understand how such a wave is formed, know how to identify nodes and antinodes. Use the equation for the speed of a transverse wave on a string $v = V(T/\mu)$. Assessment 7 Understand that waves can be transmitted and reflected at an interface between media. Understand how a pulse-echo technique can provide information about the position of an object and how the amount of information is limited by the wavelength or by the duration of pulses. Understand what is meant by plane polarisation, diffraction and use Huygens' construction to explain what happens to a wave when it meets a slit or an obstacle. Use $n\lambda = dsin\theta$ for a diffraction grating. Assessment 8 CORE PRACTICAL 4: Use a falling-ball method to determine the viscosity of a liquid. CORE PRACTICAL 5: Determine the Young modulus of a material. CORE PRACTICAL 2: Determine the electrical resistivity of a material. CORE PRACTICAL 3: Determine the e.m.f. and internal resistance of an electrical cell.											
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3 Y12/PHY 8(WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7 Y12/PHY 9	WEEK 8				
				· ,				· ,				
	II- dhannai		Nature of Li		-4:	E1-i	Refraction					
E R M	terms of a wave model an energy to the wave freque threshold frequency and vunderstand how the phot in terms of transitions bet absorbed in a transition but the wave nature of electrons.	ency. Understand that the a work function and use the procedure effect provides ever tween discrete energy level between energy levels. Use ons. Assessment 10 rator, speaker and microph	w these models developed absorption of a photon can photoelectric equation hf ridence for the particle nat is and understand how to de Broglie equation $\lambda = h$, $CORE$	over time. Use the equation result in the emission of a $=\varphi + KE$. Use the electronature of electromagnetic radicalculate the frequency of a $/p$. Understand how diffract PRACTICAL 6: Determine	ation can be described in on $E = hf$, that relates the paraphotoelectron. Understand a volt (eV) to express small ediation. Understand atomic radiation that could be emitation experiments provide the speed of sound in air as of length, tension and materials.	with the respect to the distribution of the terms of the	efraction and use $n_1 \sin \theta_1 =$ index of the material. $n = c_1/4 / \sin C$. Understand how to solid material. Use ray diagraph a lens and locate the possower of a lens $f = 1/P$. Understand is positive convention. Under the positive convention. Under the positive convention. Under the large height/object at 11 CORE PRACE of light from a laser or other convention and the positive convention.	Vv. Calculate critical angle of measure the refractive rams to trace the path of sition of an image. Use the derstand that for thin $3+$ Use the lens equation inderstand that $3+$				

		Year 13 P	HYSICS LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM ST	ANDAR	DS	
Year 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y13/PHY 1	(33)				Y13/PHY 2 ((15)
			Electric and Magn	etic Fields				Further Mecha	anics
E R M	uniform electric fields. Kr energy and charge stored, resistor capacitor circuits resistor-capacitor circuit, Define the terms magneti Explain electromagnetic period, peak value and roo	the electric field strength. Do now and understand the relation and understand the significant understand the significant $I = I_0 e^{(-t/RC)}$, and $V = V_0$ for flux density, flux and flux induction and describe word understand the square value where the understand the significant and the significant a	ation between electric field combinations of capacito cance of the time constant $e^{(-t/RC)}$ and the correspont linkage. Describe magnification of generator and transplied to alternating curt	d and electric potential. Do ors. Able to draw and interpt t RC. Use related equation ding log equations. etic effect of current and d nsformer. Understand what crents and potential differe	effine capacitance, determinated the charge and discharge is for exponential discharge. Assessment 1 escribe the working of a must is meant by the terms from the content. Assessment 2	ne the curves for e in a notor. equency,	dimensions, angular disp resultant for maintain cir circular mot applications 3 relationship CORE PRA	alse. Apply conservation of and analyse elastic and incolacement and angular velocice (centripetal force) is required in a feet and incolacement and angular velocice (centripetal force) is required in a feet and in a feet and its constant and its characteristic of the set when the set in a feet and its characteristic an	elastic collisions. Define city. Understand that a uired to produce and he forces involved in investigate different otion. Assessment L 9: Investigate the lage of momentum, halyse collisions between

YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		3/PHY 3 (15)				3/PHY 4 (21)		200	
T E R M	Define specific heat capace theory of gases. Use the electron of gases and how the is related to the absolute the laws. Derive and use the electron of gas. Derive and use th	quations $\Delta E = mc\Delta\theta$ and ergy. Understand the concern average kinetic energy of temperature. State, explain equation $PV = 1/3 \text{ Nm}$ the equation $PV = NkT$ is quation $1/2 mc^2 = 3/2 kT$ at by a black body radiator res for such a radiator. Use $L = \sigma A T^4$ for black body results $L = \sigma A T^4$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$ for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at the explain $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ k for black body results at $T = 2.898 \times 10^$	$\Delta E =$ ept of f molecules a and use gas c^2 using the for an ideal and be able the Stefan- adiators. Use lack body	activity of a isotopes gra correspondir CORE PRA Define bind and fusion is Understand energy per n	Properties and uses of nursource. Investigate decay phically and use the equating log equations. CTICAL 15: Investigate thing energy and use it to den detail. Define binding enthe processes of nuclear function curve. Assessment	graphs. Determine the hal- ions for radioactive decay. Assessment 5 e absorption of gamma radioactive stability of nuclei. It ergy and use it to describe sion and fission with reference.	f-lives of radioactive Derive and use the diation by lead. nvestigate nuclear fission e stability of nuclei.		SION First Term Exam

YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WE	EK 7	WEEK 8
T E R M	Understand what is mean angle alpha particle scatte understanding of atomic streleased in the process of and magnetic fields. Undaccelerators (linac and cycleflection only). Derive at magnetic field. Apply conbetween particles and into to investigate the structur involving the creation and GeV (energy) and MeV/c	Y13/PHY 5 Particles It by nucleon number and pering gives evidence for a restructure has changed over thermionic emission and legistrand the role of electric clotron) and detectors (gend use the equation R=p/leservation of charge, energing erpret particle tracks. Under of nucleons. Use the equal annihilation of matter an 2, GeV/c2 (mass) and com	proton number. Understan nuclear model of the atom ar time. Understand that ele how they can be accelerate and magnetic fields in par neral principles of ionisation BQ for a charged particle by and momentum to interaverstand why high energies nation $\Delta E = c^2 \Delta m$ in situated antimatter particles. Use evert between these and SI	d how large- and how our ectrons are d by electric ticle on and in a actions are required tions MeV and units. Know	Y13/PF Gravitation Define gravifield. Unders	HY 6 (6) conal Field tational stand that I field efined as fine w of avitation). ation V= radial I field. ectric fields tional fields.	Know that the motion is $F = 1$ in which SHI $\omega^2 x$, $x = Acc$ equations for pendulum. Define resonations conservation oscillating system free amplitude of	V13/PHY 7(12) Oscillations e condition for simple har $= -kx$, and hence identify M will occur. Use the equal $ss \omega t$, $v =$ $ss \omega t$, and $\omega = 2\pi f$. a loaded spring and a sin raw and interpret d—t and ance. Understand how to of energy to damped and stems. Understand the dis and forced oscillations. So a forced oscillation change	monic v situations ations $a = -A\omega \sin \omega t$, Use apple v -t graphs. apply undamped stinction tate how the ges at and	V1 Use the equal $I = L/4\pi d^2$ of is distance Understand distances car trigonometri intensity recognition candles. Sket Hertzsprung Understand diagram to the Understand di	Space Ition, intensity where L is luminosity and from the source. how astronomical in the determined using coparallax and using eived from standard tech and interpret a -Russell diagram. how to relate the HR in life cycle of stars. how the movement of a
2	leptons and photons whic corresponding antiparticle properties of its antipartic charge, baryon number ar	th are fundamental particle e and be able to use the pr tle and vice versa. Underst and lepton number to deter	an be classified as baryon, res. Know that every particle to perties of a particle to decand how to use laws of commine whether a particle intended in the relevant particle sym	e has a duce the aservation of ceraction is	motion and gravitation to motion.	universal	how damping damping and materials red CORE PRACUNKNOWN ma	atural frequency of a syste g affects resonance. Expla the plastic deformation of uce the amplitude of oscil Assessment 8 CTICAL 16: Determine the ss using the resonant freq n of known masses.	in how of ductile lation. e value of an euencies of	observer/det in frequency redshift and cosmologica the controver ultimate fate associated w Hubble cons	ector gives rise to a shift Use the equations for $v = H_0 d$ for objects at l distances. Understand

		Year 12 CH	IEMISTRY LON	IG TERM PLAN	N with CURRICU	JLUM STANDA	ARDS	
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12 /CHE 1 (18)			Y12 /CHE 2 (18)		Y12 /CF	HE 3 (12)
T	Atomic	structure and perio	dic table	В	Red	Redox I		
E R M	Carbon 12. Analyse and in relative atomic mass from general increase in first in electronic configurations	mass and suggests why conterpret data from mass span relative abundance of iso onization energy across the using 1s notation and electricity using data, atomic rate energies.	ectrometry to calculate topes. Reason out for the e period. Predict the trons- in-boxes notation	crystalline structure. Draw covalent substances inclu and for species exhibiting simple molecules and ion	ionic compound and explay dot and cross diagrams to ding molecules with single dative bonding. Predict the using electron pair repulsiorces resulting from Londonds. Assessment 2	o show electrons in e, double and triple bonds he bond angles, shapes of sion theory. Predict the	Calculate the oxidation melectron transfer. Identify reaction. Apply that oxida concept in terms of the clas redox and as dispropor equations and use them to equations. Assessment 3	the disproportionation ation number is a useful assification of reactions tionation. Write ionic half
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12 /CHE 4 (18)			Y12 /CH	IE 5 (24)		
T]	Inorganic Chemistr	у	Forn	nulae, Equations an	d amounts of subst	tance	REVISION
E R M	oxygen and chlorine. Inte- elements.Reason out the carbonates of group 1 and number, the disproportion chlorine in water treatmen	ne elements magnesium to expret the trend in reactivit trends in thermal stability d 2.Understand, in terms of nation reaction of chlorine int, the reaction of chlorine sproportionation reaction	y of group 2 and group 7 of the nitrates and of changes in oxidation with water and the use of with cold, dilute aqueous	Calculate moles in reaction solutions in mol dm-3 and and indicators, percentage measurement uncertaintic error in experimental products Assessment 5	a range of acids, alkalis ical equations. Calculate	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION		

Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y12 /CHE 6 (30)				Y12/ CHE 7 (18)	
T			Organic Chemistry			Mod	ern analytical techni	iques
E R M	series, functional groups, oxidation, reduction, hydrother with mechanisms, substited Assessment 6 PRACTICAL 1: Measure PRACTICAL 2: Prepare a PRACTICAL 3: Find the	apply the IUPAC rules to rolysis or polymerisation. In tution and hydrolysis react the molar volume of a gas a standard solution from a concentration of a solution	solid acid and find concen	mination, substitution, n reactions of alkenes	Identify the species respnsible for the peaks for chlorine and bromine molecule. Predict possible structures of a simple organic compound from mass/charge ratio of the molecular ion and fragmentation patterns from mass spectrum. Deduce functional groups for alcohols, carboxylic acids, aldehydes, ketones and esters present in organic compounds using infrar spectra. Predict the use of fingerprint region in an infrared spectra. Assessment 7 CORE PRACTICAL 7: Analysis of inorganic and organic unknowns.			
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12 /CHE 8 (18)		Y12 /CH	HE 9 (12)	Y12 /CH		
		Chemical Energetic	s	Reaction	Kinetics	Chemical I	Equilibrium	REVISION
T E R M	exothermic and endother reaction, formation, comb given experimental result Calculate an enthalpy cha explain the limitations of	nthalpy level diagrams shomic reactions. Define standard constitution, neutralisation and s. construct enthalpy cycle unge of reaction using meath is method of calculation of determine the enthalpy sement 8	dard enthalpy changes of do calculations from s using Hess's Law. n bond enthalpies and	Describe that reactions or collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distrenergies, explain the econ of catalysts in industrial record of CORE PRACTICAL 5: T	sufficient energy, known with reaction profiles for direactions, interpret ribution of molecular nomic benefits of the use eactions. Assessment 9	Predict and justify the qu of a temperature, concents homogenous system in ecto explain the necessity, freach a compromise betwo freaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria. A CORE PRACTICAL 6: Comethylpropan-2-ol using hydrochloric acid.	quilibrium.Evaluate data for industrial processes, to been the yield and the rate appression for Kc in assessment 10 Chlorination of 2-	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION

		Year 13 CH	IEMISTRY LON	IG TERM PLAI	N with CURRICU	JLUM STANDA	RDS			
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y13/ CHE 1 (18)				Y13/ CHE 4 (30)				
T		Equilibrium II		Transition metals						
E R M	system.Calculate a value v temperature on the position unaffected by changes in	Kp, for homogeneous and with units for Kc and Kp. I on of equilibrium. Underst concntration or pressure. I oncepts of rate and equilibilation of ethanol	Discuss the effect of tand that the value of K is Predict the direction of	numbers.Predict that tran into chromate(VI). Write aqueous ammonia.Comp that transition metals and	Explain transition metals are d-block elements and shows variable oxidation number. Define ligands and co- ordination numbers. Predict that transition metal ions form tetrahedral and octahedral complexes. Explain conversion of dichromate(N) into chromate(VI). Write the observations and equations for the reactions of transition metal ions with aqueous NaOH and aqueous ammonia. Compare ligand substitution and disproportionation reactions. Describe how complexes show colour. Explain transition metals and their compounds can act as heterogeneous and homogeneous catalysts. Assessment 2 PRACTICAL 12: Preparation of a transition metal complex.					
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	WEEK 1		WEEK 3 HE 2 (24)	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6 Y13 / CHE 3 (18)	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	WEEK 1	Y13 / CF		WEEK 4	WEEK 5		WEEK 7	WEEK 8 REVISION		

Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEI	EK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WE	EK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y13 / CHE 5	(9)		Y13 / CHE 6 (12)		Y13	/ CHE 7 (9)	Y13 / CHE 8	(9)	Y13	/ CHE 9 (9)	
	Energetics I	I		Redox II		Organ	nic Chemistry II	Organic Chemis	stry III	Modern A	nalytic Techniques II	
T E R M	Define lattice energy.Comexperimental values with the values.Construct Born-Halcycles.Define the term polapplied to ions. Define the fenthalpy change of solution fenthalpy change of hydrate Gibb's free energy equation whether the reaction is thermodynamically feasible Gibb's Free energy and fin whether the reaction is feasible feasibles.	heoretical ber arisation as terms on, and ion'. Use ns to find e.Calculate d out	number. Cor equation. Ex Discuss the explain how potential. Ca Fe2+/MnO ₄ solution. Cal measurement disadvantage CORE PRA electrochem.	CTICAL 11: Redox titration	ns to get full botential'. ectrode and late the cell le indicator in the s and ical cells. some	enantiomers isomers of so that optical a single optical plane of pola mixture' and polarised lig of aldehydes and esters. If formed by p CORE PRA of 2-methylp	Il isomer to rotate the crisation. Define 'racemic lits effect on the plane of tht. Discuss the reactions, ketones, carboxylic acids Discuss how polyesters are olymerisation reactions. CTICAL 6: Chlorination propan-2-ol using a hydrochloric acid.	Assessment 8 CORE PRACTICAL 15: A some inorganic and organic	echanism of cion. Discuss amides. a preparation compounds. Analysis of nic	resonance.E: and NMR ¹ H find the struct compounds. patterns of a protons usin thin layer chi the different Explain high chromatogra	ctures of organic Deduce the splitting djacent, non-equivalent g the (n+1) rule.Use of romatography to identify aminoacids in a mixture. n performance liquid	
		Y	ear 12 B	IOLOGY LONG	TERM	I PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	RDS			
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEI		WEEK 3		EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		EK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y12/H	31 (24)				Y12/B2 (24)				
T		В	iological	Molecules					Cells, Viruses and Reproduction of Living Things			

examples.

Identify and understand the ultra structure of organelles in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Evaluate

Identify various levels of organization in organisms - cells, tissues, organs& organ system with

various techniques used in cell study. Describe structure, life cycle & harmfulness of virus particles.

Assessment 2

 \mathbf{E}

R

M

Assessment 1

& Emulsion test.

Identify, describe and explain the structure, properties, formation and role of carbohydrates, fats and

proteins. Distinguish monosaccharide, disaccharide & polysaccharide. Distinguish between the

primary, secondary, tertiary & quartenary structure. Discuss the physical & chemical properties of

Investigation: Detection of carbohydrates, fats & proteins using Iodine test, Benedict test, Biuret test

BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
T E	В	Y12/B1 (18)	s	Cells	Y12/B , Viruses and Reprod		hings	REVISION		
R M	Describe properties of enz Interpret and explain the DNA replication. Underst	zymes & explain factors af structure and roles of nucle tand and describe the procic code. Understand the role	fecting enzyme action. eic acids in a cell and ess of protein synthesis	Explore stages of cell cyc	plore stages of cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis and its role in sexual and asexual reproduction in mals and plants. Compare asexual reproduction to sexual reproduction essment 4					
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 8				
		Y12/F	34 (24)			Y12/I	33 (24)			
Т		Exchange as	nd Transport			Classification a	and Biodiversity			
R M 2	CORE PRACTICAL 2: U	te a factor affecting the ini	affecting the initial rate of an enzyme- controlled reaction. Investigation: Assess genetic diversity by gel electrophoresic controlled reaction. CORE PRACTICAL 4: Investigate the effect of sucrose controlled reaction.					s with examples.		
	- U	ers of cells from a specialis	sed tissue. COR	RE PRACTICAL 3: Make	growth or germination.		•	llen tube		
Year 12 BIO	a temporary squash prepa	ers of cells from a specialis	sed tissue. COR	RE PRACTICAL 3: Make	growth or germination.		•	llen tube		
	a temporary squash prepa microscope.	ers of cells from a specialis aration of a root tip to show	week tissue. COK	RE PRACTICAL 3: Make meristem under the light	growth or germination. CORE PRACTICAL 5: In	vestigate the effect of tem	perature on beetroot mem	llen tube brane.		
	a temporary squash prepa microscope. WEEK 1	ers of cells from a specialis aration of a root tip to show WEEK 2 Y12/F	week 3 WEEK 3 Week 3 Week 3	RE PRACTICAL 3: Make meristem under the light WEEK 4	growth or germination. CORE PRACTICAL 5: In WEEK 5	WEEK 6 Y12/B3 (18) fication and Biodiv	week 7	llen tube brane.		

Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	E K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
DIO		Y13/B7 (18)		Y	/13/B8 (15)			Y13/B5 (15	5)		
Т		Modern Genetics		Origins of	of genetic variation		Energy for Biological processes				
E R M	Significance of cell deterr role and use of stem cell r and the environment in or epigenetics. Describe the	DNA fingerprinting, gel elemination and cell differenting tessearch. Understand interarganisms. Discuss role of swarious techniques used in the disadvantages in the pro	ation and evaluate the actions between genes pliceosome & production of GMO.	variations and that the processes of random assortment and crossing over during meiosis give rise to new combinations of alleles in gametes. Describe sex linkage on the X chromosome, including haemophilia in humans. Apply and analyse chi squared tests to test the significance of the difference between observed and expected results. Assessment 2				cure of mitochondria. Distinct of mitochondria. Distinct of the spiration in living organism of the cycle & oxidative phospitation & lactate fermentation of the spiration of the safe and ethical the	ms. Describe porylation. Distinguish ion .Significance of gate factors affecting the using a respirometer,		
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y13/B6 (33	3)		Y13/B5 (15)					
			Microbiology and I	pathogens			Energy for Biological processes				
T E R M	Microbiology and pathogens Identify the principles and techniques involved in culturing microorganisms. Understand the different methods of measuring the growth of a bacterial culture & the different phases of a bacterial growth curve and calculate exponential growth rate constants. Describethat bacteria can be agents of infection, invading and destroying host tissues and producing toxins. Core Practical 12: Investigate the rate of growth of bacteria in liquid culture taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms. Describe and explain the action of bactericidal and bacteriostatic antibiotics, the methods and difficulties of controlling the spread of antibiotic resistance in bacteria. Explain transmission, mode of infection and pathogenic effect of the stem rust fungus, influenza virus, the malarial parasite. Analyse the social and economic and ethical implications of different control methods for endemic malaria and the role of the scientific community in validating these methods. Explain the mode of action of macrophages, neutrophils and lymphocytes. Identify and explain the role of T and B memory cells in the secondary immune response, active and passive immunity. Assessment 4 CORE PRACTICAL 13: Isolate individual species from a mixed culture of bacteria using streak plating taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.										

Yea BI	ır 13 IO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y13/B9 (22	1)			Y13/B10 (1	5)			
			Control Syste	ems			Ecosystem	s	REVISION		
F	Г Е Я	Know photoreception and nerve impulse transmission drugs in humans. Explain humans.	If flowering in plants and don. Understand photorecept control of heart rate, osmosessment 6 and 7 Investigate the effect of gill	the mechanism of hormone etails of human nervous sy ption in animals & discuss foregulation & thermoregulation the observation on the production	effects of lation in	level, pyram Analyse and spearman's between trop effects of bid human effect validating ev 9 CORE PRA sampling m taking into a CORE PRA factor on the	scribe and explain the termids, energy transfer and eccinterpret the data using statest). Calculate the efficient phic levels. Describe the protic and abiotic factors. Expense on ecosystem, how scient widences related to climate account the safe and ethical CTICAL 16: Investigate the edistribution or morphology the safe and ethical use of	ological techniques. atistical tests.(t-test and cy of energy transfer ocess of succession, plain and analyse the atific community change. Assessments 8 & e effect of different size of a population I use of organisms. e effect of one abiotic cy of one species taking		R MOCK EXAM	