### YEAR 9 GCSE (A-F) – PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March)

Work Sent to the students through Google classroom

**Topic:** SP 5f – Using the long wavelengths

Resources: Student text book, Worksheet, GCSE science free lesson video, power point.

Date	Lesson	Lesson objectives & Learning outcomes	Mode of Teaching	
14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday ( <b>Girls</b> ) 14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday ( <b>Boys</b> )	8	Assessment - 2  SP 4g - Infrasound  SP 5d - Electromagnetic waves  SP 5e - The Electromagnetic spectrum	Zoom	Instruction will be given to the students to complete the Assessment.
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday ( <b>Girls</b> )  18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday ( <b>Boys</b> )	5	Discuss the effects of differences in the velocities of electromagnetic waves in different substances.  Describe some uses of electromagnetic radiation  Radio waves Microwaves Infrared Visible light  Learning Outcomes:  Explain the effects of differences in the velocities of electromagnetic waves in different substances.  Explain the uses of each type of radiation: (a) radio waves: including broadcasting, communications and satellite transmissions (b) microwaves: including cooking, communications and satellite transmissions (c) infrared: including cooking, thermal imaging, short range communications, optical fibres, television remote controls and security systems (d) visible light: including vision, photography and illumination.	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation that contains interactive questions.

16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday ( <b>Girls</b> ) 18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday ( <b>Boys</b> )	4 6	Learning Objective:  Recall that radio waves can be produced by, or can themselves induce, oscillations in electrical circuits.  Learning outcome:  Describe how radio waves are produced and detected by electrical circuits.	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation that contains interactive questions.
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### YEAR 10 A-F - Physics

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March)

**Topic:** Stopping distance

**Lesson Objective:** SP2g Stopping distances

SP2h Braking distances and energy

Resources: Student text book, worksheet file, interactive power point from Board works and

Online animations

Worksheets and Zoom link will be posted in google classroom

Date	Lesson	Lesson objectives & Learning outcome	Mode of Teaching	
14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday (Boys) 14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday (girls)	2	<ul> <li>L.O: Explain that the stopping distance of a vehicle is affected by a range of factors</li> <li>Learning outcome: Students will be able to</li> <li>Describe how speed affect thinking distance and stopping distance.</li> </ul>	Zoom/ GM	Teacher uses a ppt presentation to discuss how speed affects stopping distance. Use a graph to compare how thinking distance and braking distance is related to speed.  (carried over from last week)
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday (Boys) 17 <sup>th</sup> March	5	<b>L.O:</b> Estimate how the distance required for a road vehicle to stop in an emergency varies over a range of typical speeds.	Zoom/ GM	Teacher recalls the equations of work done and kinetic energy. Uses a powerpoint to

Wednesday (girls)	5	Carry out calculations on work done to show the dependence of braking distance for a vehicle on initial velocity squared (work done to bring a vehicle to rest equals its initial kinetic energy).		show that braking distance depends on velocity squared. Works out problems with work done and kinetic energy to calculate the braking distance.
		<ul> <li>Learning outcome: Students will be able to</li> <li>Calculate the work done when a force moves through a distance.</li> <li>Describe the factors that affect the kinetic energy of a moving object.</li> <li>Calculate the kinetic energy of a moving object.</li> </ul>		
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday (Boys) 17 <sup>th</sup> March Wednesday (girls)	6	L.O: Solve the worksheet posted GC  Learning outcome: Students will be able to reinforce the concepts learned in the previous lesson by solving the worksheet	GC	Teacher will post the worksheet in the google classroom. Students will solve and turn in the worksheet
18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday (Boys)  18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday (Girls)	1	L.O: Discussion of answers  .Learning outcome: The students solve the textbook questions and worksheets	Zoom/ GM	Teacher will discuss the answers and clears the doubts and provide extra support to students facing difficulty in understanding the concepts

# YEAR 11 (A- F) – PHYSICS (GCSE)

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March)

Work Sent to the students through Google classroom

**Topic:** Revision on paper 2

**Resources:** Text book, Worksheets, GCSE science free lesson video& power points.

Date	Lesson	Торіс	Mode of Teachin g	
		Learning Objective :		
		Revise paper 2 topics		Teacher uses
15 <sup>th</sup>	3	SP 13 and 15 electromagnetic induction particle model and forces and matter		power point presentation
March Monday		Learning outcome:	Zoom	that contains interactive
(boys)	4	Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map		questions
		Answer different leveled exam style questions and do self evaluation.		
-th		Learning Objective :		
15 <sup>th</sup> March	1	Revise paper 2 topics		
Monday (Girls)		SP 8 to 12 forces abd its effects, electricity, motor	Zoom	Teacher uses a handout that contains
(Ollis)		Learning outcome:		
16 <sup>th</sup>	1	Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map		productive questions
March Tuesday (Boys		Answer different leveled exam style questions and do self evaluation.		
15 <sup>th</sup>	2	Learning Objective :		
March Monday		Revise paper 2 topics		Teacher uses
(Girls)		Electromagnetism		power point presentation
		Learning outcome:	GC	that contains
16 <sup>th</sup> March	2	Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map		interactive questions
Tuesday (Boys		Answer different leveled exam style questions and do self evaluation.		

### YEAR 11 G/H (IGCSE) – PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March)

Work sent to the students through Google classroom

**Topic: Revision** 

**Lesson Objective:** Revise the concepts forces and motion, electricity and electromagnetism, energy and energy resources, radioactivity and particles, solids, liquids and gases, waves, astrophysics

Resources: Text book, Worksheet file, interactive power point and online simulations.

Date	Lesson	Learning objective and Success Criteria	Mode of teaching	
15 <sup>th</sup> March Monday (boys &girls)	8	LO- Revise paper 1 and 2 topics  Solids, liquids and gases, astrophysics  Learning Outcome-  Reinforce the concepts solids, liquids and gases, astrophysics  Apply the concept by solving the questions.	Zoom/GM	Teacher uses power point presentation that contains application level questions.
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday (boys & girls)	7	LO- Revise paper 1 and 2 topics Radioactivity and particles, electricity and electromagnetism  Learning outcome  Reinforce the concepts radioactivity and particles electricity and electromagnetism Apply the concepts.	Zoom/GM	Teacher uses power point presentation that contains interactive questions.
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday (boys & girls)	8	<ul> <li>LO- Revise paper 1 and 2 topics</li> <li>Forces and motion ,waves, energy resources and energy transfer</li> <li>Learning outcome         <ul> <li>Reinforce the concepts forces and motion, waves, energy resources and energy transfer</li> <li>Solve the questions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Zoom/GM	Instruction will be given to solve different level exam style questions

# YEAR 12 A/B -PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March) (3 lessons)

Work sent to the students through: Google classroom / Zoom Learning Platform

**Topic: Optics** 

Resources: Student text book, worksheet file, interactive power point from Board works and

Online PHET simulations

Date	Class	Lesson	Lesson objectives & Learning outcomes	Mode of teaching	
March 14 <sup>th</sup> Sunday March 18 <sup>th</sup> Thursday	12 A 12 B	3	Learning objectives: Identify the effect of refraction in everyday situations.  Learning Outcomes: Realise that eye assumes straight line propagation of light. Identify the difference between real and apparent depth Use an equation to find the apparent depth in terms of angles. Recognize that thermal variations cause a gradient of refractive index in air which leads to most optical illusions.	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation and breakout sessions for students to collaborate and attain the objectives
March 15 <sup>th</sup> Monday March 18 <sup>th</sup> Thursday	12 A 12B	4	Learning objectives:  Define total internal reflection Identify the conditions for TIR Recognize situations where total internal reflection is used Learning Outcomes: Recognize that there can be a partial reflection at any refracting boundary. Draw and interpret ray diagrams involving critical angle, refraction and TIR Use n = 1/ Sin C	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation and breakout sessions for students to collaborate and attain the objectives
March 15 <sup>th</sup> Monday March 16 <sup>th</sup>	12 A 12B	6	Learning objectives:  To conduct a module test – MCQ & structured questions of 35 marks  Learning Outcomes:  Test based on module 3.1& module 3.2 –  ELECTRICAL QUANTITIES AND COMPLETE ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS  Student's work will be assessed and accurate and constructive feedback about the next steps in learning will be given.	Zoom	Test paper assigned via GC and zoom session for invigilating the work.

### YEAR 12 A/B – PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March) - 3 lessons for both batches

Work sent to the students through: What sapp group / Google classroom / Zoom Learning Platform

**Topic: 5.24 Wave interference** 

**Resources:** Student text book, worksheet file, interactive power point from Board works and Online animations

Date & Class	Lesso n	Lesson objectives & Learning outcomes	Mode of teaching	
14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday - 12 B 16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday - 12 A	6	<ul> <li>L.Objective – Understand the terms interference and coherence.</li> <li>Learning outcome: <ul> <li>State the principle of superposition.</li> <li>Define coherent sources - discuss what would happen if the phase difference is not zero and then if the phase difference changes in order to understand the term coherence.</li> <li>Explain constructive and destructive interference.</li> <li>State the phase difference and path difference for constructive and destructive interference.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Zoom	Teacher explains the concept of interference using simulation/video of ripple tank. Discuss the principle of superposition to understand constructive and destructive interference.
14 <sup>th</sup> March Sunday - 12 B 18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday - 12 A	7	<ul> <li>L.Objective - Show an understanding of experiments that demonstrate two-source interference using water ripples, sound waves and microwaves</li> <li>Learning outcome:</li> <li>Outline the interference of different types of waves.</li> <li>Describe interference of sound using two loudspeakers and a microphone.</li> <li>Explain how noise-cancelling headphones work</li> <li>Describe interference patterns in a ripple tank.</li> </ul>	Zoom	Teacher discuss and list the conditions needed for a two source interference pattern. Use simulations and video to explain the experimental set up for interference with water ripples, sound and microwaves.
17 <sup>th</sup> March Wednesday - <b>12 B</b> 18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday - <b>12 A</b>	2	L.Objective – Complete the worksheet posted in GC  Learning outcome:  Students will be able to reinforce the concepts learned in the previous lesson by completing the worksheet.	GC	Instruction will be given in GC to complete the worksheet.

**HOMEWORK:** Complete TB ques: Pg 156

### YEAR 13 A/B -PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March) - 3 lessons for both batches

**Work sent to the students through:** Whatsapp group / Google classroom / Zoom Learning Platform

**Topic: - Revision: Topic 7 – Electric and magnetic fields Topic 8 – Nuclear and particle physics** 

**Resources:** Student text book, interactive power point, Board works, worksheet file and online videos/animations

Date	Lesson	Lesson objectives & Learning outcome	Mode of	
			teaching	
15 <sup>th</sup> March Monday - 13 A 16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday - 13 B	6	<ul> <li>Learning Objective: Revise the topics in electric fields.</li> <li>Learning Outcome: <ul> <li>State Coulomb's law and use the expression F = kq<sub>1</sub>q<sub>2</sub>/r<sup>2</sup> to find the size of the force between two point charges.</li> <li>Define electric field strength as force per unit positive charge (E=F/q).</li> <li>Sketch the equipotentials between two parallel plates and radial field.</li> <li>Use the expression W= ½ QV &amp;W = ½ CV² for the energy stored by a capacitor</li> <li>Describe the charging and discharging of a capacitor.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Zoom	Teacher discuss with students and uses past papers to reinforce the concept of electric field and capacitors.
15 <sup>th</sup> March Monday - <b>13 A</b> 18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday - <b>13 B</b>	3	<ul> <li>Learning Objective: Revise the topics:-magnetic fields and electromagnetic effects.</li> <li>Learning outcomes-</li> <li>Define magnetic flux and magnetic flux density</li> <li>Use the expression F = BIl sin θ and apply Fleming's left hand rule to current carrying conductors in a magnetic field.</li> <li>Recognize the effect of magnetic field on charges moving through a magnetic field.</li> <li>Define electromagnetic induction and compare it with motor effect in terms of energy changes.</li> <li>Describe the principle of a generator on the basis of electromagnetic induction with movement.</li> </ul>	Zoom	Teacher explains the concepts and students use past papers to reinforce the concept of magnetic fields and electromagnetic effects
16 <sup>th</sup> March Tuesday - <b>13</b> A	5	Learning Objective: Revise the topics:- Particle accelerators and detectors  Learning outcomes- • Explain how electrons can be accelerated by	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation to

18 <sup>th</sup> March Thursday - <b>13 B</b>	4	<ul> <li>electric fields.</li> <li>Use ½ mv²= eV to calculate energy gain of electron beams under electric fields.</li> <li>Describe the structure of a Linac</li> <li>Explain the role of electric and magnetic fields in particle accelerators like cyclotron</li> <li>Explain the role of electric and magnetic fields in particle detectors like cloud chamber and bubble chamber in terms of ionization and deflection.</li> </ul>		explains the concepts and students use past papers to reinforce the concepts learnt.
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**HOMEWORK:** Worksheet file – exam style questions

# YEAR 13A/B-PHYSICS

WEEK 29 (14<sup>th</sup> March to 18<sup>th</sup> March) (3 lessons)

Work sent to the students through: Google classroom / Zoom Learning Platform

**Topic: - Revision** 

Date	Class	Lesson	Lesson objectives & Learning outcome	Mode of teaching	
March 15 <sup>th</sup> Monday  March 16 <sup>th</sup> Tuesday	13 B 13A	6	Learning objectives: Revise Electrical cirrcuits solid materials Fluid dynamics Learning Outcomes: Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map Answer different levelled exam style questions and do self evaluation	Zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation and breakout sessions for students to collaborate and attain the objectives.
March 15 <sup>th</sup> Monday  March 18 <sup>th</sup>	13 B 13A	7	Learning objectives: Revise circular motion momentum Nuclear physics Learning Outcomes: Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map	zoom	Teacher uses power point presentation and breakout sessions for students to collaborate and attain the
Thursday			Answer different leveled exam style		objectives.

			questions and do self evaluation.  Learning objectives:		
March 17 <sup>th</sup> Wednesday  March 18 <sup>th</sup> Thursday	13 B 13 A	2	Revise Quantum Physics Thermodynamics Learning Outcomes:  Recall the contents by using flash cards or mind map	zoom	Teacher uses GC and breakout sessions for students to collaborate and attain the
			Answer different leveled exam style questions and do self evaluation.		objectives.