

## AL1 PSYCHOLOGY

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Psychology</b>
<b>Class/ Division</b>	<b>AL1</b>
<b>Week</b>	<b>32 (25<sup>th</sup> to 29<sup>th</sup> April 2021)</b>
<b>Work send to students via</b>	<b>Zoom Meeting and Google Classroom</b>
<b>Total number of lessons per week</b>	<b>2 Zooms and 1 Google Classroom sessions</b>
<b>Chapter 3 (Term 2 Lesson)</b>	<b>Biological Psychology</b>
<b>Lesson Topic</b>	<p><b><u>The Psychodynamic Explanation of Aggression – Aggression, Catharsis, Freud’s ideas and Neuroscience and evaluation</u></b></p> <p>Learning Objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain how psychodynamic approach is linked to aggression what is catharsis and his ideas linked to neuroscience.</li> <li>• Explain the strengths and weaknesses of psychodynamic approach.</li> </ul> <p>Learning Outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe how psychodynamic approach is linked to aggression what is catharsis and his ideas linked to neuroscience.</li> <li>• Evaluate Freud’s theory and psychodynamic approach to aggression.</li> </ul>
<b>Content in The Biological Psychology</b>	
<b>Task</b>	<p>Task 1: (Zoom session)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Discussion on how psychodynamic approach is linked to aggression what is catharsis and his ideas linked to neuroscience.</li> <li>➤ Evaluate Freud’s theory and psychodynamic approach to aggression.</li> </ul> <p>Task 2: (GC session). – Homework</p> <p>Answer the following questions.</p>

**Resources**

1. Explain two ideas in the psychodynamic theory of aggression.
2. Give two pieces of evidence that support the view that either playing sports or watching aggression is cathartic and one piece of evidence that does not support that view.
3. Give two pieces of neurobiological evidence that might support the psychodynamic view and make the links to psychodynamic theory.

TB. Psychology Book Edexcel A Level Book 1 pp. 169 - 173