Distance Learning 2020-2021

Subject	Science
Class/Division	Year 4 A-F
Week 12 -Term 2	May 9 th to 10 th (Eid holidays this week)
Work sent to	ZOOM / Google Classroom
students via	
Total number of	2 ZOOM sessions & 1 GC session
lessons per week	
ZOOM 1	Learning Objective: Revise the topic - Electricity
Electricity	
Revision 2	Learning Outcome:
	Students recall:
	Common appliances that use electricity to light
	up/heat up/move/make sounds.
	Devices that use batteries/mains / both to supply
	electricity.
	➤ How to construct a simple series electrical circuit,
	identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells,
	wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers.(Simple Circuit
	diagrams)
	➤ Source of electricity in a circuit (circuit needs a power
	source to work).
	➤ Whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series
	circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a
Resources:	complete loop with a battery.
	Common conductors and insulators, and associate
	metals with being good conductors.
Task:	❖ Active Learn Allocation
14611	❖ Topic Book & Work Book
	❖ Google Form quiz
	4
	Revise the topic thoroughly and complete the quiz using the
	link posted on GC.
ZOOM 2	<u>Learning Objective:</u> Revise the topic – Sounds
Sounds	
Revision 3	
	Learning Outcome:
	Students recall:
	Source of a sound and how sound can travel through
	solids, liquids and gases.
	➤ How vibrations from sounds travel through a medium
	to the ear.
	➤ How sound is transmitted from the outer ear to the
	brain.
	Examples of some materials those are effective in

	proventing withoutions from sound sources associate a the
	preventing vibrations from sound sources reaching the
	ear.
	➤ Volume /Frequency/Pitch of sounds.
	➤ High- and low-pitched sounds and how the pitch of a
	sound can be changed.
	➤ Measuring Volume of sound with a sound meter (data logger) and the unit used (decibel- dB)
	Patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it.
	Patterns between the volume of a sound and the
	strength of the vibrations that produced it.
	Features of an object that can be changed to alter its
	pitch, for e.g., length of tube, length of string and
	tension of string.
	➤ How sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound
	source increases.
Resources:	❖ Active Learn Allocation
	❖ Topic Book & Work Book
	❖ Google Form quiz
Task:	Revise the topic thoroughly and complete the quiz using the
	link posted on GC.
Scientific	Students complete an MCQ quiz based on Scientific enquiry
Enquiry skills	skills (Mixed topics).
Revision 4	
Resources:	❖ Google Form Quiz/PPT
Task:	Complete the quiz posted on GC.

Note: The number of lessons for each class may be different (due to Eid holidays)