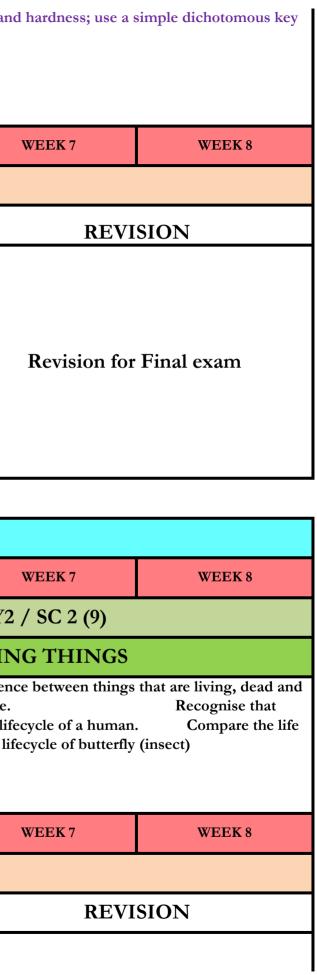
	Year 1 SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS								
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		C1 (6)		C 2 (6)		Y1/SC 3(12)			
	CHANGING			THINGS		MYS			
E R M	Identify the changes acros State how our activities ar season. Observe and desc with the seasons and how weather symbols] Identify and name different measuring weather. [Thermometer, rain gaug	nd lifestyle change in each rribe weather associated day length varies. [nt instruments for	Distinguish between livin Realise that different anim are living things. Realise thave different needs. State animals in the local environ Name sone living things a Understand that animals in plants change as they grow Observe changes over time animals (secondary source Assessment 1	nals including humans that different animals e a few common pet onment. as plants. including humans and w. ne in domesticated	Explore the five senses an Understand that humans humans need food, water similarities and difference Observe and compare pho Understand that humans	 bognise the human body parts and name them. Identify the uses of human body parts. blore the five senses and link these to the corresponding sense organ. blerstand that humans use sense organs to detect changes in their surroundings. Kn mans need food, water and air to stay alive. Compare obsever ilarities and differences between humans. berve and compare photographs of humans. berstand that humans grow and change as they grow older. Compare Assessment berstand that humans photographs to current appearance. 			
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y1/SC 4 (15)			Y1/SC 5 (3)			
Т	ANIMALS - TYPES AND PARTS OF ANIMALS					PLANTS	REVI	SION	
R M	Name some common Ma some common animals the reproduce their young one process and describe way Group animals by their o	mmon fish and Amphibian mmals. State a few comm hat are carnivores, herbivor es. s in which animals move bservable external features <i>rt animals by external featu</i>	on wild and domestic anines and omnivores.	nals in the local environme Ur		Recognise that plants are living things. Differentiate between herbs, shrubs and trees [tour around the school]	Revision for Fi	rst term exam	
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y1/SC	5 (12)			Y1/SC	6 (12)		
		PLA	NTS		IDEN	TIFYING AND CO	MPARING MATE	RIALS	
T E R M						Identify Identify some Identify some properties que) Describe stiff and comparison. Describe simple comparison.			

2	Describe a tree. Recognise and name plant parts on familiar local environment. Classify ever green and deciduous trees) [Oak and Ash tree in summer and winter (features of trees)] Understand that plants can provide food for humans and other animals. Assessment 4				Identify and classify obje to identify the materials.	ects according to colour, te Assessment 5	
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
	Y1/SC 6 (6)		Y1/SC7 (6)		Y1/SC8 (6)		
	IDENTIFYING & COM	IPARING MATERIALS	PUSHES A	ND PULLS	LIGHT A	ND DARK	
T E R M 2	Understand that some obj some sink. Identify materials that exis materials that exist in pow into two groups (easy to d dissolve)	st in liquid form. Identify oder form. Sort powder		alls can make objects start alls as forces and classify For eg: doors, toy cars <i>Explore</i>	Understand that light con Identify common sources that they can vary in brigh torches, candles, light bul lights. Differentiate natural and Realise that Sun is the sou Understand that shiny ob light. Compare the different night. Assessment 7	of light and understand ntness. For example: lbs, lamps and strings of manmade light sources. urce of light for the earth. jects are not sources of	

	Year 2 SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS								
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
			Y2 /SC 1 (15)				Y2		
T E		LIVIN							
R M 1	Recognise the importance Understand that a balance need of regular exercise to	Describe the basic needs of animals including humans for survival. Recognise the importance of eating the right amount of different types of food to stay healthy. Understand that a balanced diet can be represented in the form of a food pyramid. Recognise the need of regular exercise to stay fit, strong and healthy. Proper hygiene are also required to grow and stay healthy. Assessment 1							
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
		Y2 / SC 3 (9)		Y2 / SC 4 (9)					
Т		HABITATS		GROWING PLANTS					
E R	Recognise that animals a basic needs. Identify and	Explore t plants need to grow and							

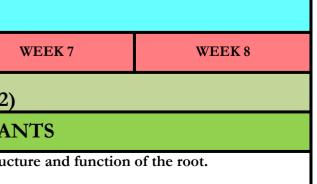


N A	from plants and other animited the state of	mals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and at sources of food.to grow and sta what plants new questions can beiving things within a habitat or microhabitat;questions can be			ow plants need water, light and a suitable temperature y. Ask simple questions about ow and perform simple tests recognising that their ered in different ways. Observe and record the growth is they change over time. Assessment 4			
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
	Y2 / SC 4 (3)			Y2 / S0	C 5 (18)			
Т	GROWING PLANTS			USES OF EVERY	DAY MATERIALS			
R M 2	tuber.	particular object. Raise qu materials by pulling them materials to decide which <i>Compare the strength of a</i> <i>Examine different ways to</i> 5	estions about the proper and discover how easily to material is waterproof. (w <i>lifferent types of paper propered to record results and select</i>	strength, flexibility and shin ties and suitability of some they rip. Test the absorbence which material is best to ma redicting which will rip when t an appropriate way to reco	materials and answer them by of different materials by ke the outer layer of a nap in pulled by their hands. rd the results of an investig	n. Test the strength of the swiping water from a tray. py) gation about waterproof m	given st Carry o	
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y2 / S0	C 6(12)		Y2 / S	C 7 (6)		
T E		CHANGIN	G SHAPES		SOU	ND		
R M	bendy materials. (e.g. Rul		ll and plastic)	, 0	Recognise that sound needs a medium to travel ls can Assessment 7			

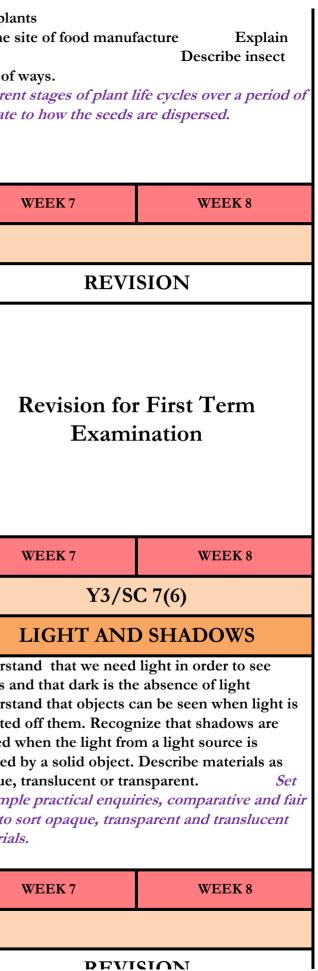
			Year 3S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDARI	DS		
	ear 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
		¥3/S0	C1 (6)	¥3/S0	C 2 (6)		Y3/SC 3 (12)			
		ANIMAL AD	APTATIONS	TEI	ETH		PARTS OF PLAN			
		Group animals according Make simple observation				Identify different parts of flowering plants. Explore the struct Explain the function of plant stems.				

ision for First term Examination

WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y2 /SC 6 (3)
	CHANGING SHAPES
abric etc List s to make a trips of different out simple tests on s. Assessment	State how the shape of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.
WEEK 7	WEEK 8
WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	WEEK 8 SION
REVI	



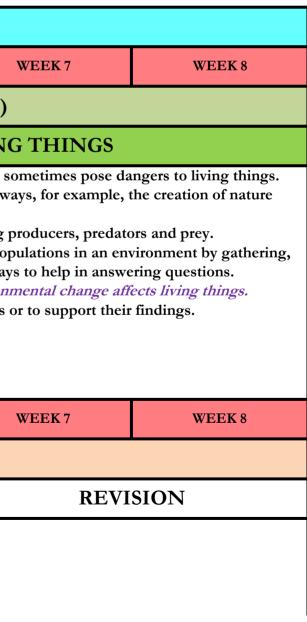
R M	<i>animals based on their obs</i> Use a simple dichotomous <i>Use keys to identify anima</i>	s key to identify animals.	Relate the shape of a tooth example, slicing, tearing, food.		Understand the way in which water is transported within Know that leaves make food for the plant and leaves are to the function of flowers in a plant.		
1	Assessment 1		Assessment 2			eds can be dispersed in a w are formed by observing th in the structure of fruits th	e differ
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y3/SC 4 (9)			Y3/SC 5 (9)		
	MOVE	EMENT AND FEE	DING		ROCKS AND SOIL		
T E R M	Describe what animals new Know that foods can be so effects on the body. Discuss animal diets Describe what a balanced Realize that humans and so Describe how joints in ske Interpret secondary data in involved. Investigate the relationship Assessment 4	diet is. some other animals have seleton enable movements. <i>involving features of bones</i>	oups depending on their skeletons. s and task in which it is	to see. Know that rocks can be u Compare and group toget appearance. Compare different rocks h Identify the different type	the surface of Earth is rock which they may not be able e used for variety of purposes. gether different kinds of rocks on the basis of their ks based on their hardness using Mohs' scale ypes of rocks. essment 5		
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
Т	¥3/S0	C 5(6)		Y3/S0	C 6(12)		
E R	ROCKS A	ND SOIL					
				WHAT PLA	NTS NEED		
M 2	Describe in simple terms I when things that have live rock. Recognize that soils are m organic matter and descrif <i>Research and discuss the</i> <i>things whose fossils are fo</i>	how fossils are formed ed are trapped within hade from rocks and be how they are formed. <i>different kinds of living</i>	fertilisers/organic matter	d for plant growth o a plant if it is dehydrated f space for plants to grow ides minerals to help plant ides minerals to help plant mparing the effect of differ	vell.		Under things Under reflect formed blocke opaqu <i>up sin</i> <i>tests to</i> <i>mater</i>
	when things that have live rock. Recognize that soils are m organic matter and describ <i>Research and discuss the</i>	how fossils are formed ed are trapped within hade from rocks and be how they are formed. <i>different kinds of living</i>	Describe what happens to Identify the importance of Understand that soil provi Understand that soil provi fertilisers/organic matter <i>Work scientifically by con</i> <i>amount of light, the amount</i>	d for plant growth o a plant if it is dehydrated f space for plants to grow ides minerals to help plant ides minerals to help plant mparing the effect of differ	well. s growth s grow and that this can be		things Under reflect formed blocke opaqu <i>up sin</i> <i>tests t</i>
2	when things that have live rock. Recognize that soils are m organic matter and descrif <i>Research and discuss the</i> <i>things whose fossils are fo</i>	how fossils are formed ed are trapped within hade from rocks and be how they are formed. <i>different kinds of living</i> <i>bund in rocks.</i>	Describe what happens to Identify the importance of Understand that soil provi fertilisers/organic matter Work scientifically by con amount of light, the amount Assessment 5	d for plant growth o a plant if it is dehydrated f space for plants to grow v ides minerals to help plant ides minerals to help plant mparing the effect of differ ant of fertiliser.	s growth s grow and that this can be ent factors on plant growth	h, for example, the	things Under reflect formed blocke opaqu <i>up sin</i> <i>tests t</i>



	LIGHT AND SHADOWS	MAGINE IS AND PORCES	
T E R M	from a light source is blocked by an opaque object. Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change in relation to the position of Sun. Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows changes in relation to the position of the light source and the solid object.	Know that forces are needed to make different things move. Investigation to explore how catapults can move toy cars. Compare how things move on different surfaces. Describe magnets as having two poles, known as North and South. Distinguish between the terms 'attract' and 'repel'. Understand that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance. Identify materials that are magnetic and those that are nonmagnetic and apply this to practical uses of magnets. <i>Investigation to compare the strengths of different magnets by counting the number of paper clips it can hold and by measuring distance a paper clip moves.</i> Discuss how and why we use magnets in our daily life. Assessment 7	Revi

		Year 4 S	SCIENCE LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y4/S0	C 1 (12)			Y4/S0	C2(12)	
		GROUPING LI	DANGERS TO LIVING					
T E R M	 Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including plants and animals. Recognise that there is a vast array of living things and know that scientists are still discovering new species. Create simple dichotomous keys to identify a variety of plants & animals. Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. 					Recognise that environments can change and that this can see Understand that environments can be changed in positive wareserves, and in negative ways, for example, deforestation. Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying p Understand the link between sources of food and animal pop recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of way <i>Plan how to carry out an enquiry about the way that environe</i> Use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions of Assessment 2		
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y4/SC	C 3 (12)	-	¥4/S	C 4 (6)		
		CHANGES	OF STATE		PLA	NTS		
T	CHANGES OF STATEPLANTCompare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases.Recall the functions of different partDescribe some common properties of solids, liquids and gases.Recall the functions. Recall the different partRecognise how temperature has an effect on changing states of matter.their functions. Recognise thatUnderstand that water exists in three states and changes from one to another at different temperatures.not have flowers and cite exampleObserve that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research theflowering plants. e.g. conifers,					e that some plants may examples of some non		

vision for Final Examination



I R M 1	Understand that heating or cooling materials can change their properties. Explain the process of Evaporation & Condensation Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature. <i>Investigate how materials can be changed by heating or cooling.</i> <i>Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.</i> Assessment 3				bart that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and eed dispersal. Recall the parts of a seed & the process of germination in plants. Describe the pathway of vater as being from soil into plant's roots and up hrough the stem through the plant to leaves and other parts of the plant. Observe uptake of dye in celery, carnations to understand the way in which water is transported within plants. Understand that plants need water, light, nutrients, air and enough pace to grow well. Understand that soil provides ninerals to help plants grow and that ertilisers/organic matter can supplement this.		
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
	Y4/SC 5 (12) Y4					¥4/S0	C6 (12
		HUMAN N	UTRITION	ELECTRI			
T E R M 2	Describe, in outline only, the main benefits of each food group, with examples. Sequence the process of digestion in humans as ingestion, swallowing, digestion, absorption and egestion. Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions. Identify the names and functions of animal teeth.(Herbivores, Carnivores & Omnivores) <i>Plan an investigation on tooth decay.</i> <i>Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions</i> Assessment 4				Understand that some der Construct simple working Construct a simple series bulb, buzzer and switch. Understand that a circuit Identify whether or not a part of a complete loop we Understand that some ma 'conductor' and 'insulator	aterials conduct electricity	oply ele le instru- ng and vork. series better
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y4/SC	C 7 (12)		Y4/SC 8 (3)	Y4/SC 9 (3)	
			JND		MAGNETS & FORCES	ROCKS & SOILS	
T E R M	 Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating. Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear. Explain how sound is transmitted from the outer ear to the brain Explain that sounds come from a source and can travel through solids, liquids and gases. Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it. Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it by setting up simple practical enquiries. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. 				force affects how toy cars move on flat surfaces (eg. using a	types of rocks and how they are formed. Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock.	

Revision for First Term Examination WEEK 7 WEEK 8 2) TY appliances that use electricity. ectricity ructions or drawings. naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, s circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is than others using the terms electrical associate metals with being good conductors. WEEK 8 WEEK 7 REVISION

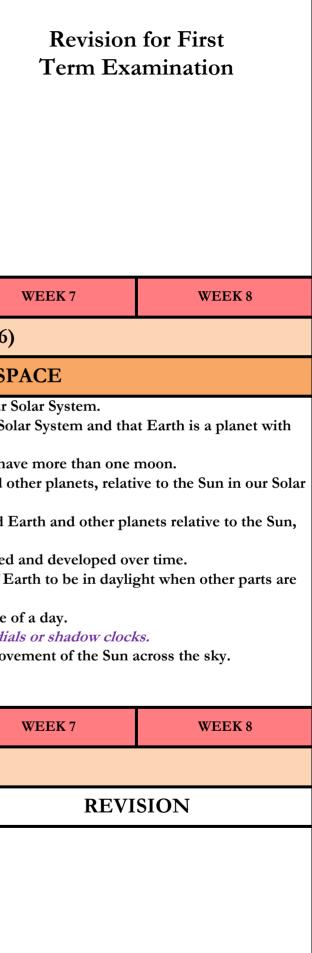
	Assessment 6	surfaces. Recognise that made from rocks and
2		some forces need contact organic matter. Identify
_		between two objects, but the different types of soil
		magnetic forces can act by observing their
		at a distance. <i>Observe</i> features (e.g. clay, sandy
		how magnets attract or soil, silty soil, peaty soil,
		<i>repel each other and</i> chalky soil, loamy soil).
		attract some materials
		and not others. Compare
		and group together a

		Year 5 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		¥5/SC		Y5/S	C 1(16)			
		LIFEC	PLANT LIFEC					
T	Describe complete metan Describe the changes as h	between the life cycles of re norphosis and incomplete in humans develop to old age essment 1	metamorphosis.	nmals and amphibians.	 Describe the lifecycle of flowering and non-flowering Describe sexual reproduction in plants. Sequence the life cycle of a typical flowering plant us 'pollination', 'fertilisation' and 'seed dispersal'. Understand conditions required for the germination germinate in different conditions (e.g. light, water). Distinguish between the processes of insect and win parts of an insect-pollinated flower and explain the fit <i>Observe, examine and draw suitable examples of real</i> Distinguish between pollination and fertilisation in processes are describe different mechanisms by which seeds are describe asexual reproduction in plants. 			
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y5/SC 2 (12)			Y5/SC 3 (12)			
		MATERIALS		SEP	SEPARATING MIXTURES			
	properties, including their (electrical and thermal), a Give reasons, based on ev particular uses of everyda <i>WS-Recording data using</i> <i>tables, scatter graphs, bar</i>	vidence from comparative a y materials, including meta g scientific diagrams and la	sparency, conductivity and fair tests, for the als, wood and plastic abels, classification keys,	separate some mixtures. of mixed solids (for exam- sugar). Explain how filtration ma Predict and investigate se	In be mixed and that sieving <i>Investigate separation us</i> <i>aple, flour and nuts; flour a</i> by be used to separate some <i>eparation through filtration</i> solid dissolves in water it for ltration.	sing a sieve with a series nd sugar; sand and e solids from a liquid.		

Revision for Final Exam

WEEK 7	WEEK 8
)	
CLES	
5.	
e terms 'germinatio	n', 'flowering',
ls.Compare how su	ccessfully seeds
nation. h of each part. hers and identify thei	Identify the
ed. <i>Gerent ways in which</i> Assessment 2	h they disperse seeds.
WEEK 7	WEEK 8
REVI	SION

R M 1	results, in oral and written WS-Identifying scientific ideas or arguments. WS-Planning different typ including recognising and WS-Taking measurement increasing accuracy and p WS-Using test results to n	onships and explanations on forms such as displays and evidence that has been use ones of scientific enquiries t d controlling variables whe for a range of scientific precision, taking repeat real make predictions to set up sment 3	nd other presentations ed to support or refute to answer questions, ere necessary fic equipment, with adings when appropriate	Describe ways in which simple substances such as sugar and salt can be dissolved more quickly. <i>Investigate with a comparative test.</i> Explain that when a solution is left exposed to the air the liquid will evaporate into the air, leaving the dissolved solid behind. <i>Investigate and observe a solution, such as salt water, left exposed to the air</i> <i>over time. Take water-level measurements and sketch and record results.</i> Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including by sieving, using a magnet, filtering and evaporating. <i>Investigate different methods using a series of mixtures (for example,</i> <i>solid/solid; solid/liquid).</i> Assessment 4					
ear 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5 WEEK 6				
		¥5/S0	C4 (16)			Y5/SC	25 (16		
		TYPES OF	CHANGE		EARTH AND S				
T E R M 2	Observe a teacher-led prace Explain that changes of st Understand that dissolving Explain that some change usually reversible including Describe simple irreversible Describe observable change materials are formed. Observe a practical experi-	ng changes associated with	<i>freeze, evaporate and con</i> nperature. state are reversible chang of new materials, and that n burning. onate of soda are mixed, a	<i>dense water.</i> es. this kind of change is not s evidence that new <i>xed together; note</i>	Understand that the Earth one Moon. Understand that planets r Describe the position and System. Describe the movement of correctly using the term 'o Understand that ideas abo Explain that Earth spins of in darkness. Understand how shadow i <i>Investigate patterns in sha</i>	is a star and is at the centre h, Sun and Moon are part o nay be different sizes and s l the movement of the Earth of the Moon relative to Earth orbit'. out the Solar System have c on its axis causing some pa length changes during the <i>adow lengths, using simple</i> tation to explain the appare	of the Second has a some has a so		
ear 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
		¥5/SC	C 6 (16)		Y5/SC 7 (4)	Y5/SC 8 (4)			
		FOR	CES		SIMPLE MECHANISMS	HUMAN NUTRITION			
T E	the Earth and the falling o Understand that weight is Understand that more tha Know how friction acts on Understand how friction o	objects fall towards the E object. a force and forces are me n one force can act on an moving objects to slow th can be used to improve how tically through an investiga	Realise that some machines, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.	Describe, in outline only, the main benefits of each food group, with examples. Sequence the process of digestion in humans as ingestion, swallowing,					



к М 2	Understand that friction can act between solid surfaces and air and water.digestion, absorptionUnderstand that air resistance and water resistance are forces that reduce the speed at which objectsand egestion.move.Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction acting between moving surfaces.Describe the simpleIdentify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction acting between moving surfaces.Pescribe the simpleDescribe how the shape of objects can be used to reduce the effects of water and air resistance, including the term 'streamlined'.Identify the differentInvestigate how paper helicopters of different wing lengths fall through the air.DescribeDescribeUnderstand that magnetic forces can act at a distance, it is a non-contact force.Describefunctions.Identify magnetic and non-magnetic materials.Assessment 7Assessment 8											
		Year 6 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDARI	DS					
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6						
		Y6/SC	C 1 (16)		Y6/SC 2 (16)							
	Cl	LASSIFICATION O	OF LIVING THING	GS		OUR B	ODII					
T E R M	T E RDescribe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics based on similarities and differences between them.Briefly describe the working of the different between the human circulatory system. Describe the function ways in which nutrients and water are transport rate is and recognize which factors affect the procession of the pulse rate and the way our bodyR											
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6						
	Y6/SC	2 3 (8)		Y6/SC	C 4 (16)							
	MICROOR			LIG								
T E R	the harmful effects of mice Know ways in which some useful	ro-organisms e micro-organisms can be composers in food chains	Students draw and interpr Understand that light com objects are seen because be reflected from shiny su	s because light travels from ret simple ray diagrams that nes from a source and app they give out or reflect ligh urfaces and, when reflected action and describe the wor	at illustrate the direction of ears to travel in a straight at into the eye. , the light changes direction	f travel of light. line and to explain that Understand that light can						

ICVISION 101	Final Exam
WEEK 7	WEEK 8
ES	
art, blood vessels a nimals, including h	the main parts of the nd blood. Describe the umans. Know what pulse <i>uiry on the impact of</i>
	graph shows and state
Explain what the er exercise. es. ty.	-
<u>er exercise.</u> <u>es.</u> ty. r still, deep breathir	graph shows and state
er exercise. es. ty. still, deep breathin on. Recognise the	graph shows and state
er exercise. es. ty. still, deep breathin on. Recognise the ent 2	graph shows and state ng etc. e impact of drugs and
er exercise. es. ty. still, deep breathin on. Recognise the ent 2 WEEK 7	graph shows and state ng etc. e impact of drugs and
er exercise. es. ty. still, deep breathin on. Recognise the ent 2 WEEK 7	graph shows and state ng etc. e impact of drugs and WEEK 8

M 1	factors needed for the gro <i>Plan and investigate suita</i> <i>growth of mould.</i> Assessment 3		Find patterns in the way t	vels in straight lines to exp t sources, objects and shad	dows by using shadow pup lange	Investigate the Term Examination			
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y6/SC 6 (20)			Y6/SC 7 (12)			
		ELECTRIC	CITY: CHANGING	CIRCUITS		EVOLUT	'ION AND INHER	ITANCE	
E R M 2	Understand that a circuit Construct simple series ci <i>Investigate and find how</i> <i>voltage of cells, the numb</i>	needs a power source, and ircuits and use recognised the brightness of a lamp, i per of components in the con- s for variations in how con- tches and the speed of mo-		needed for a device to wor g a simple circuit in a diag <i>he speed of a motor chang</i> on of switches used in the ng the brightness of bulbs	rk. gram. <i>res with the number and</i> <i>circuit.</i> , the loudness of buzzers, Realise the effect of ct simple series circuits.	Recognise that living thin Darwin to explore how thi fossils provide information millions of years ago. Recognise that living thin offspring vary and are not and Natural Selection'. Know what is 'Selective by how animals and plants ar ways and that Adaptation	Understand how nhabited the Earth e same kind, but normally Exploring Evolution Identify		
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y6/S	C7 (8)	Y6/S	C8 (8)	Y6/SC 9 (4)	Y6/SC 10 (4)			
	TYPES OF	F CHANGE	FORCES IN A	IR & WATER	PLANT LIFE CYCLES	EARTH & SPACE	REVISION		
T E R M 2	 Describe the role of evaporation and condensation in the water cycle. <u>Understand that dissolving</u>, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. A practical experiment to test factors affecting dissolving. Explain that some changes result in the 		object grips to a surface. resistance and water resis reduces the speed at whic	e of gravity acting e falling object. n one force can act on an od these forces can be on and size of an arrow. ction acts on moving n. Understand o affect how well an Understand that air tance are forces that	which produce seeds that grow into new plants. Sequence the life cycle of a typical flowering plant. Understand conditions required for the germination of seeds. Explain why seeds need to be dispersed and the ways in which this can occur. Describe different	Understand that the Sun is a star and is at the centre of our Solar System. Know that the Earth, Sun and Moon are part of the Solar System and that Earth is a planet with one Moon. Describe the position and the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in our Solar System.Understand that ideas about the Solar System have changed and developed over time.	Revision for	Final Exam	

changes when acid and bicarbonate of soda are	seeds are dispersed. Use the idea of Earth's
mixed, as evidence that new materials are formed.	Distinguish between rotation to explain the
Assessment 7	pollination and apparent movement of
	fertilisation in plants. the Sun across the sky.
	Distinguish between the
	processes of insect and
	wind pollination

		Year 7 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEB	E K 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y7 /SC 1 (12)		Y7 /SC 2 (8)				Y7 /SC 3 (12)	
	CELL	S AND ORGANISA	TION	THE PARTICLE MODEL				ENERGY	
T E R M 1	organisms, including how a light microscope. Know cytoplasm, nucleus, vacue similarities and difference of diffusion in the movem specialised cells and desc organisation of multicellu systems to organisms. Ide photosynthesis. Describe	Understand cells as the fu to observe, interpret and the functions of the cell w ole, mitochondria and chlores between plant and anime ent of materials in and bet ribe their functions Descri lar organisms: from cells t entify the reactants in, and the use of sunlight in photo in the adaptations of leave	record cell structure using all, cell membrane, roplasts. Describe the al cells. Explain the role ween cells. Identify some be the hierarchical o tissues to organs to products of, cosynthesis to build	matter (solid, liquid and gas) in terms of the particle model, including gas pressure. Know the similarities and differences, including density differences, between solids, liquids and gases. Identify scientific questions, hypothesis and predictions. Know how evidence and observations are used to develop into a theory and evidence is used to support a theory. Explain how Brownian motion supports particle theory. Use particle theory			fossil fuels.Give some examples of renewable energy resources. Know how sun is the original source of energy for most of our energy resources. Know		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEB	E K 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y7 /S	C 4 (8)	Y	7 /SC 5 (10)			Y7/SC 6 (1		
	MUSCLES A	ND BONES	MIXTURES	AND SEPARATIC	DN		FORCES	•	REVISION
E R M	Know how muscles in the allow ventilation. Underst breathing to move air in a a pressure model to expla gases. Describe the role of Know the structure and fu skeleton. Know some diff Explain how antagonistic and are controlled to allow different drugs affect the b	re substance and mixtures and explain nsen burner is used. Identify hazards isks. Know and explain simple mixtures: filtration, evaporation, graphy. Know the effects of different iderstand conservation of material and in melting, freezing, evaporation, n, dissolving. Give examples of where illation is used. <i>n of different dyes in ink using</i> Recall forces between two forces in one to calculate t forces on an non-contact depends on t relation-Hoo some ways in situation in v			as pushes or pulls, arising objects. <u>Use force arrows</u> dimension, balanced and the net force acting in object object. Name forces and of forces. Describe how the of the force applied. Investig oke's Law. Know the effect in which friction can be char which friction is helpful or describe the effects of hig	Revision for First Term Exam			

				simple situations. Explain effects of balanced and unbalanced forces. Assessment 6							
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y7 /S	C 7 (8)		Y	7 /SC 8 (10)			Y7 /SC 9 (1			
					ENTS AND MOLE	CULES		CURRENT ELEC	TRICITY	WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY	
T E R M	is caused. Identify causes variation. Know the adapt seasonal changes. Know v	Know some adaptations w how inherited variation of environmental action to daily and ways in which organisms mmunities. Use food web byramid of numbers to st. Explain why pesticide	Know what kinds of particles are found in air.Know why different elements are used for different purposes.Know what the difference between metals and non metals is. Relate the use of an elements to its properties Know how do elements form compounds.Know how can we use chemical reactions.Use and understand word equations for chemicals reactions.Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Assessment 8					ric current. Measure current ow how switches can control w how changing the numble ects the current. Define per the current increases when now the relationship between now the relationship between tial difference (p.d.) to cur between conducting and (Quantitative). Understan ters. Know how the difference sessment 9 Investiagate of its	Ask questions and develop a line of enquiry based on observations of the real world,make predictions plan and carry out the most appropriate types of scientific enquiries to test predictions, including identifying independent, dependent and control variables, use appropriate techniques apparatus & materials paying attention to health and safety.		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y7	/ / SC 10 (10)			Y7 /SC 11 (10)			Y7 /SC 12 (4)	NC		
		AND ALKALIES			SOUND			REPRODUCTION	SIMPLE MACHINES	REVISION	
E R M	 be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralizations. Explain the pH changes taking place during neutralization. Describe and explain every day neutralization reactions-reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus waterreactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water 			Know the cause of sounds and how to make louder so Know link between frequency and pitch. Know how so moves through materials. Explain why sounds get fain from their source. Know the part of the ear and their fu Know how microphones convert sound into electric sig aware of the auditory range of frequencies in humans a animals. Know some uses of ultrasound - use for clean physiotherapy by ultra-sound; waves transferring infor- conversion to electrical signals by microphone. Explain sonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal an transverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected what super positions means. Assessment 11			sounds.Describe the reproduction in humans, including the reproductive systems,Understand that simple machines give bigger force but at the expense of smaller movement (and vice versa): product of force and gametes, fertilisation,signals. Be rand eaning and formation for howgametes, fertilisation, the effect of maternal lifestyle on foetus.of force and displacement unchanged. Describe moment as the turning effect of a force.		Revision for Final Exam		

		Year 8 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	UM STANDARI	DS		
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEI	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y8 /SCI 1 (12)			Y8 /SC	I 2 (12)	Y8 /SCI 3 (8)			
	FOO	DD AND NUTRIT	ON		COMBU	ENERGY TRANSFER				
T E R M	 in food substances. Describe what each nutrient does in the body. Realise the benefits of a balanced diet. Know the consequences of imbalances in the diet, including obesity, starvation and deficiency diseases. Identify organs of the human digestive system, including adaptations to function and describe how the digestive system digests food. Know that enzymes act as biological catalysts. Explain the importance of bacteria in the human digestive system. Understand the role of diffusion in the movement of materials in and between cells. Assessment 1 in food substances. Describe what each nutrient does in the body. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Investigate the amount of oxygen needed for burning. Assessment 2 									
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEI	EK 5 WEEK 6		WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y8 /S	C 4 (8)	Y	3 /SCI 5 (10)		Y8 /SCI 6 (10) LIGHT				
	PLANTS AND THEI	R REPRODUCTION	THE PI	ERIODIC TABLE					REVISION	
T E R M	organisms are classified. I biodiversity. Know the as reproduction in plants. De plants, including flower st pollination, fertilisation, s and dispersal, including of of some dispersal mechan germination. Realise the i reproduction through inse	t scientific organism names. Describe how ns are classified. Explain the importance of sity. Know the asexual and sexual compound from descriptions and particle diagrams. Know ticin in plants. Describe reproduction in ncluding flower structure, wind and insect on, fertilisation, seed and fruit formation ersal, including quantitative investigation dispersal mechanisms. Know about seed tion. Realise the importance of plant ction through insect pollination in human						Revision for First Term Exam		
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEI	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	

	Y8	/SCI 7 (10)				Y8 /SC	I 8 (12)			Y8 /SCI 9 (10)		
	BREATHIN	G AND RESPIRATIO	N	METALS AND THEIR USES					FLUIDS			
 Know the structure and functions of the gas exchange system in humans, including adaptations to function. Understand the mechanism of breathing. Recognize the the impact of exercise, asthma and smoking on the human gas exchange system. Know the composition of air. State a word summary for aerobic respiration. Know the causes and effects of reduced oxygen supply on the body. Know the process of anaerobic respiration and its effects during and after hard exercise. Know the gas exchange in different organisms. Assessment 7 astoma catego in different organisms. Assessment 7 basessment 8 										and in closeness of hape and density, the ure the density of what is pressure and the ple situations. Realise e over area acting normal equids increases with hking. Understand that acrease of height as ght. Describe ways in reduced. Know the		
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK	K 3	WEI	E K 4	WEEK 5		WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y8 /SCI 10 (8)		Y8 ,	Y8 /SCI 11 (6)		Y8 /SCI 12 (10)				NC		
	UNICELLULA	R ORGANISMS]	ROCKS EARTH AND SPACE						MAGNETIC EFFECT OF CURRENT	REVISION	
T E R M 2	 Use cell features to identify members of different kingdoms. Differentiate between unicellular and multi cellular organisms. Explain how yeasts are used in brewing and baking. Describe how yeasts reproduce and the limiting factors. Describe the process of anaerobic respiration in microorganisms, including fermentation. Know the functions of the parts of a bacterial and protoctist cells. Know how algae make their own food and explain its importance. Explain the importance of decomposers. Model the recycling of carbon in an ecosystem using carbon cycle. Explain how so the function of the parts of a bacterial and protoctist cells. Know how algae make their own food and explain its importance. Explain the importance of decomposers. Model the recycling of the parts of a bacterial and protochemication. 				some of the properties of ted to their texture. uses of rocks. Know the <u>he Earth and the</u> of atmosphere. Know the igneous, sedimentary rphic rocks. Use the rock to link the three types of in how the grain size is the speed of cooling. athering and erosion. etals are obtained and ages of recycling metals. Recall the model of solar system. Use the model to e change in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is change in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is change in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is cather in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is cather in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is cather in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is cather in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is cather in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic is and Moon, and between Earth and Sun. Know the fa affect the strength of gravity. Know about stars, gala constellations. Explain what a light year is. Assessment 12					e Earth's fields and <i>ferent</i> reight = 0 N/kg, etween Earth actors that	Explain the magnetic effect of a current. Describe the use electromagnets and the principle of D.C. motors. <i>Investigate the factors</i> <i>affecting the strength of</i> <i>electromagnets</i>	Revision for Final Exam

	Year 9 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
Т	Y9 /B1 (24)											

M	Explain how the sub-cellu are related to their functio structure of animal, plant plant, animal & prokryote Assessment 1	n-animal cells, plant cells and bacteria. Draw & labe	& bacteria. C	Understand how changes more clarity and detail. C concept. Write measured	Key Biological Concepts Understand how changes in microscope technology, including electron microscopy, nore clarity and detail. Compare the use of light & electron microscope. Do calculate concept. Write measured length /diameter of measured objects in standard form. Babelled scientific drawings from observations of biological specimens using microscope					
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
Т				Ke	Y9/B1 (21) y Biological Conce	pts				
E R	Explain the structure, propenzymes. Describe factor activity. Plan experiments affecting enzyme activity. graphs related to enzyme activity. <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2: Faactivity.</i>	s affecting enzyme linked with factors Analyse & interpret action.	starch, prote energy in foc <i>CORE PRA</i> <i>chemical rea</i>	in, fat & sugand can be me CTICAL 3: In Augents to ident ceins and fats	ed to detect presence of ars. Understand how the asured using calorimetry. <i>Investigate the use of</i> <i>ntify starch, reducing</i> <i>in food substances</i>	Explain how substances are transported by diffusion, osmo transport. Compare process of diffusion, osmosis & active t uses of diffusion, osmosis & active transport in living organi Ficks law & factors affecting diffusion. <u>Comparison of Aerobic & anaerobic respiration, Use of ferr</u> <u>Oxygen Debt & EPOC</u> <i>Investigate: Diffusion in agar .</i> <i>PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis in potatoes.</i>				
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	WEEK 3 WEEK 4		WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
M	Describe mitosis as part o the stages interphase, prop anaphase and telophase an cytokinesis.Understand th in growth, repair and asex	phase, metaphase, nd he importance of mitosis	division. Exp differentiation plants. Demo	plain growth on in animals onstrate an u wth. Identify	Y9/B2(24) Cells & Control as the result of changes in cells that lead to uncontrolled cell a growth in organisms, including cell division and a nimals & cell division, elongation and differentiation in rate an understanding of the use of percentiles charts to Identify types of stem cells and its significance. Explain the structure is synapses in the transm dendron, myelin sheath between different types Assessment 6					
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE.	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
			2 (12) Control			Y9/H Gene	33 (6) etics	R		
E R	Describe the structures an including the cerebellum, oblongata. Understand va Discuss some of the limit diseases in the brain and o including spinal injuries.	cerebral hemispheres and rious brain imaging techn ations in treating damage other parts of the nervous	medulla iques. and	the eye as a Describe de how catarac	 e structure and function of a sensory receptor. lefects of the eye. Explain acts, long-sightedness and tedness can be corrected. Discuss advantages and disadvantages of asex reproduction and sexual reproduction. Explai role of meiotic cell division in the formation o genetically different haploid gametes. Assess 					

, have enabled us to see cell structures with tions based on magnification & scale bar *CORE PRACTICAL 1: Produce copes.* Assessment 2

WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
	REVISION			
osis and active transport. Enlist isms. Interpret mentation CORE Assessment 4 Revision fo First Term Exam				
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
on of sensory neuro electrical impulses in role of neurotransm nes and their roles in	itters. Differentiate			
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
EVISION	REVISION			
onents & ctions within stem. synthesis- process				

- ical & word
- ion & use of

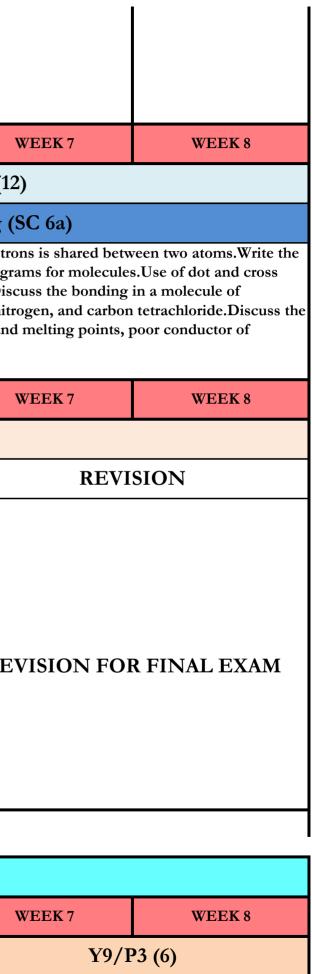
Revision for Final

2		products
2		photosyn
		Role of u
		bacteria.
		organism
		-
		<u>.</u>

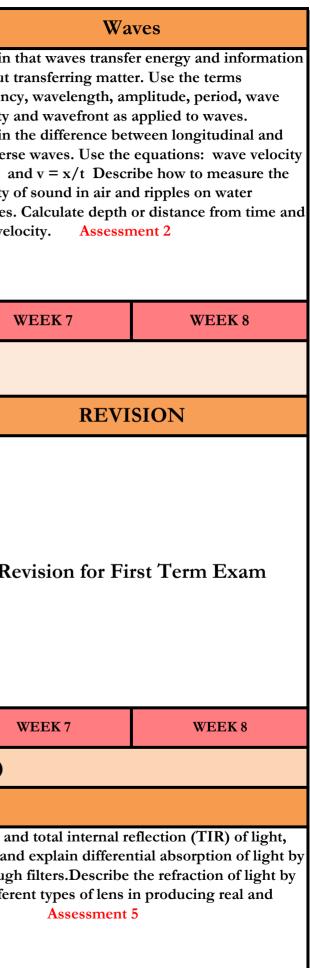
2							products of photosynthesis Role of useful, harmful bacteria. Classification of organisms.	Exam
		Year 9 CH	IEMISTRY LON	IG TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	JLUM STANDA	RDS	
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y9/ CHE 1 (9)			Y9/ CH	IE 2 (12)		
	Sta	ttes of Matter (SC 1a	-2a)	Methods	of Separating and P	urifying Substances	(SC 2a-d)	Analysis of risks and hazards in experiments
T E R M 1	each of the three states of interconversions between conditions in arrangemen interconversions.State the	movement and the relative f matter: solid, liquid and g n the three states of matter. nt, movement and energy o e meaning of the terms 'sul heating and the cooling cu the graphs.	cas. Name the Explain the changes and f particles during these blimation'and	experimental techniques filtration, crystallisation, j and fractional distillation, knowing the properties of paper chromatogram to d comparison with known s	etween a pure substance an for separation of mixtures paper chromatography. Dra Describe an appropriate of the components of the mi istinguish between pure an substances and identify sul investigate composition of Assessment 2	by simple distillation, frac- aw a neat labelled diagram experimental technique to ixture. Describe paper chro nd impure substances, ide bstances by calculation an	<i>tional distillation,</i> for simple distillation separate a mixture omatography, interpret a ntify substances by d use of Rf values. <i>ion and paper</i>	Suggest general safety measures needed while working in laboratory. Recall the experiments such as filtration, distillation,crystallization , chromatography and identify the hazards in each. List out the safety measure which has to adopted based on the hazards in an experiment. Identify the hazard symbols.
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y9/ CHE 3 (9)		Y9/ CH	HE 4 (6)	Y9/ CH	HE 5 (6)	
	Ato	omic Structure (SC 3	a-c)	The Periodic 7	Table (SC 4a-c)	Ionic bon	nds (Sc 5a)	REVISION
T E R M	T E R Natom of an elements and ions. Draw shell diagram for the structure of atom and ions. Define electronic configuration. Compare the relative mass and charge for proton, electron, neutron. Define isotopes as atoms of the same element with different number of neutrons and same number of protons. Calculate the RAM of elements based on their percentage abundance and relative masses. Assessment 31		Explain how Mendeleev arranged the elements in a par periodic table by using properties of these elements and and their compounds. Compare the similarities and the diferences between Mendeleev's and modern		and anion. Explain ionic of ionic compounds. Use explain the formation of i Assessment 5	entiate between cation bond. Write the formulae dot and cross diagrams to	Revision for First Term Exam	

				element is related to its po table. Identify the group a element using electronic o Assessment 4	and the period of an		
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y9/ CH	IE 5 (12)			Y9/ CH	IE 6 (1
T E	Ionic lattices (Sc5b – c) Covalent Bondin						nding
R M	Define ionic lattice. Write the formulae of different ionic compounds. Explain the use of the endings —ide and –ate in the names of compounds. Discuss which particles and forces are present in ionic names of some covalent molecules. Draw the d					nolecules. Draw the dot cro ormation of covalent molec fluorine,carbon dioxide,ox npounds like low boiling p	oss diag cules.Di tygen,ni
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
	Y9/ CHE 7 (15)						
		Types of substand	ces and balancing e	quations (SC7a-d)		Reactivity series	
	Types of substances and balancing equations (SC7a-d)Reactivity seriesDefine polymers and explain how properties if propene molecules are added together to form a chain.Differentiate between simple molecular structures and giant covalent structures.Discuss the structure and properties of different allotropes of carbon- diamond,graphite,fullerenes and graphene. List the typical physical properties of metals and non metals.Discuss the arrangement of particles in a metal.Explain the bonding in metals and their properties.Explain most metals as shiny solids which have high melting points, high density and are good conductors of electricity whereas most nonmetals have low boiling points and are poor conductors. Predict the different types of structure and bonding models used to describe substances.Demonstrate the use of models like dot and cross,3D space filling,ball and stick to explain the properties of substances.List the limitations of bonding metals to show structure and bonding. Write word and balanced chemical equations for the different types of neutralisation reactions. Assessment 8,9Reactivity series. Use reactivity series. Use reactivity series to predict whether a reaction will take place or not.Reactivity series						

	YEAR 9 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS						
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
	Y9/P1 (3)		NC				

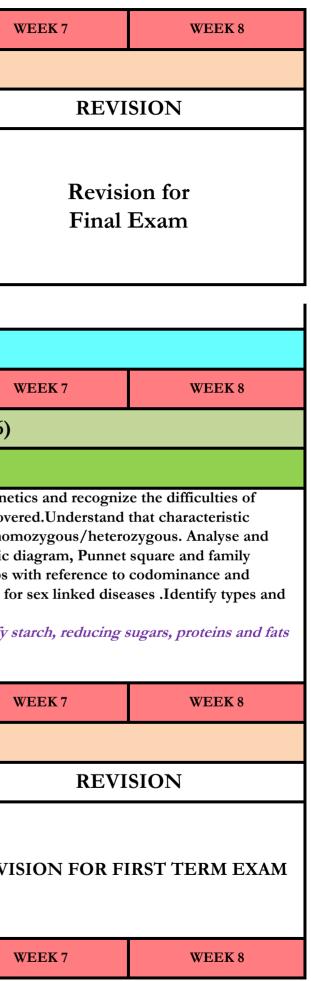


	Key concepts of Physics		Conservatio	on of energy		motor effect	
T E R M	multiples and sub- multiples of units and conversions. Use of significant figures and standard form where appropriate. Use of excel sheets for drawing	Use diagrams to represen describe the concept of co- wasteful when there is rise ways of reducing unwante- increased. $\times \Delta h$ and KE = 1/2 mv ² . <u>gravitational field strength</u> Describe the main energy fuel, wind, hydroelectricit non-renewable sources ar	motor. Describe how an electric motor convert electric energy to kinetic energy .	without frequen velocity Explair			
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y9/F	94(12)		NC		
		Sound	Waves		Earth Science	Working Scientifically	
T E R M	frequency and wavelength infra sound and ultra sour Assessment 3		nan ear works. Describe th fetal scanning and study o	ne features and uses of f earth's structure. <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2:</i> wavelength of a wave in a	Explain plate tectonics and consequences of different types of plate movements near the boundaries. Differentiate between types of seismic waves. Identify different layers of atmosphere.	and theory. Analyse and	R
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
			Y9/P	6 (12)			
T			Lig	ght			
E R M 2	Recall reflection and laws of reflection. Explain how waves will be refracted at a boundary in terms of the change of speed and direction. Describe that different substances may absorb, transmit, refract or reflect waves in ways that vary with wavelength. Assessment 4 CORE PRACTICAL 3 - Investigate refraction in rectangular glass blocks in terms of the interaction of electromagnetic waves with matter Explain diverging lenses. Explain the effects of virtual images. Relate the power of a lens to its shape.						escribe a ht throug s of diffe



YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y9/P7 (9)		Y9/P8 (9)			
T E	Ele	ectromagnetic spect	rum	Electromagnetic spectrum - Uses and dangers			
R	Describe the continuous of waves, microwaves, infra	0 1	0	Identify the harmful effects, to life, of excessive exposure to the electromagnetic radiations. Describe characteristic properties and uses of			
Μ	spectrum), ultraviolet, X-rays and gamma rays within it can be grouped in order of decreasing wavelength and increasing frequency. Identify common			each electromagnetic radiation. Identify the characteristic property of the radiation involved in each application or danger. Describe the effects of			
2	properties of electromagnetic waves. Describe the absorption and emission of radiations on atoms. Assessment 7 thermal radiation. Assessment 6 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 4 - Investigate how the nature of a surface affects the</i>						
				amount of thermal energy	radiated or absorbed.		

with CUR	LAN 1	ICULUN	M STANDA	ARDS				
WEEK 5			WEEK 6	7				
Y10 /B3 (16) Y10 /B								
DNA & Protein Synthesis Genetics								
Describe DNA as a polymer made up of two polynucleotide chains in the form of a double helix Differentiate gene & genome.Explain how the order of bases in a section of DNA decides the order of amino acids in the protein. Understand the stages of protein synthesis, including transcription and translation.Describe how genetic variants in the coding & non coding DNA of a gene can affect phenotype by influencing the binding of RNA polymerase , altering the quantity & activity of protein produced. Understand the significance of HGP & cause of gene mutation with specific examples. Assessment 1 Produce labelled scientific drawings from observations of biological specimens using microscopes.								
WEEK 5			WEEK 6	V				
	eding							
E E								
WEEK 5			WEEK 6	V				
		WEEK 5	WEEK 5	WEEK 5 WEEK 6				



			Y10/B4 (12)				Y10/ B5(20)		
T		Clonin	g & Genetic modifi	cation			Health & Disease		
E R M 2	Describe the process of tissue culture& genetic engineering and its advantages & disadvantages in medical research & plant breeding programmes.Evaluate the benefits & risks of selective breeding,tissue culture & genetic engineering in modern agriculture & medicine. Assessment 4						Explain the effect of lifestyle factors of non Evaluate treatments for CVD.		
YEAR S		WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
				Y10/E	35 (24)				
т			Healt	h, Disease and the c	development of med	icines		REVISION	REVISION
E R M 2	 Describe the physical barriers & chemical defences of the human body. Explain the specific immune responses in the human body. Understand immunisation & evaluate the various immunisation techniques. Understand the bacetricid the aseptic techniques use explain the various phase of drug trialling. 			Ial & bacteriostatic action of antibiotics.Explain ed in culturing microorganisms .Identify and s in drug trialling done in human .Evaluate each Assessment 6Describe plant mechanisms.E the use of plant chemicals, ant			Prey predator cycle, Trophic level, Energy flow and ecological pyramid. Investigation skills –Describe and drawing conclusions of experiment data given.	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION	

	Year 10 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS								
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y10 /CHE 1 (16)					Y10 /CHE 2 (16)			
	(Calculations involvin	ng masses (SC 9a-c)		Acids and Alkalies (SC 8a-g)				
	Calculate relative formula formula of a compound. D and deduce molecular forr Calculate the concentratio balanced chemical equatio Apply the law of conservat reaction. Calculate loss in vice versa. Assessment 1	beduce the empirical formula of a compound from n of solutions in gram per ons from the masses of rea- tion of mass to calculate the mass from the given data.	ula when percentage mass emprical formula and the decimeter cube. Define line ctants and products. Define the mass of reactants or pro	of each element is given molecular mass. miting reactant. Deduce a ne Avogadro's constant. ducts in a chemical mass of a substance and	and dilute acids. Explain 1 of acids with metals, metal solubility rules. Write the alkalis, metal carbonates a base indicators.Carry out of indicator solution while do and a balanced chemical of <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2 : In</i> <i>calcium oxide to a fixed v</i>	how the changes in the He al oxides, carbonates, hydr word and balanced chemic and hydrogen carbonates. experiments for the titratio oing titration. Use the solu- equation for the precipitation investigate the change in pro- colume of hydrochloric acid	a source of OH-, strong an + affects the pH of a soluti oxides, tests for gases, salt cal equations for the reacti- Identify the colour change on and know how to use a p ability rules to prepare inso ion reactions including state of on adding powdered can d. of pure, dry hydrated copp	on. Explain the reactions preparation and ons of acids with metals, s for the different acid pipette,burette and luble salts.Write a word te symbols.	

starting from copper oxide including the use of a water bath.COREPRACTICAL 5: To fine the volume of hydrochloric acid needed to neutralise sodium hydroxide
solution.Assessment 2

Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y10 /CH	HE 3 (16)			Y10 / CHE 4 (12)	
Ŧ		Electrolytic Proc	Obtaining	g and using metals (SC 11		
 T Explain the movement of the ions and predict the products formed during electrolysis of molten compounds like sodium chloride, potassium bromide, calcium oxide and aqueous solutions of copper(II) chloride, sodium chloride, sodium sulfate, acidified water, molten lead (II) bromide using inert electrodes. Define the terms oxidation and reduction in terms of electrons. Compare the electrolysis using a neat labelled diagram. Predict how anode sludge is formed during the using electrolysis using a neat labelled diagram. Predict how anode sludge is formed during the purification of copper. Write ionic half equations at cathode and anode. CORE PRACTICAL 4: Investigate the electrolysis of copper (II) sulfate solution with inert electrodes. Assessment 3 Yore 10 							strate di nced ch h state s extract arize ex cal meth
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y10 /CHE 5 (12)			Y10/ CHE 6 (12)		
	Transition	Metals, Corrosion	(SC 13a-b)	Electroplating & Alloying (SC 13c-d)			
E R M 2	Understand that most met physical and chemical pro from the periodic table. D properties of iron make it observations for iron (II), Reason out why metals co preventing it by exclusion <i>the effect of the dissolved</i> of sodium for the sacrificia Assessment 5	perties. Cite some example iscuss their position in the a typical transition metal. iron(III) and write their clorrode. Explain rusting of i of oxygen and sacrificial p salt on the rate of rusting.	les of transition metals e periodic table and what Give the tests, hemical equations. fron and methods of protection. <i>Investigate</i> Evaluate the suitability	resistance to corrosion of alloyed with other metals properties including alum magnalium and brass. Ev metal bathroom fittings. S instruments.Explain why 'alloys are stronger than th car parts are made from a	to produce alloy steels, relinium, copper and gold ar aluate the use of electropla buggest a reason that explain wrought iron is an alloy. He he individual metals they co lloy steels.	Reason out why iron is ate uses of metals to their ad their alloys including ating for jewellery and for tins why a surgical Evaluate the statement contain'. Reason out why	Discus and an they ar and the <i>CORE</i> <i>unkno</i> <i>cations</i> Assess
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y10 /CHE 8 (12)			Y10/ CHE 9 (8)		
Т	-	Atmospheric Scien	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Heat energy changes in Chemical reactions(Sc19a -b)			
E	Identify crude oil as a non main fractions of crude oi			Define exothermic and endothermic reactions. Cite examples of exothermic and endothermic reactions. Investigate whether a reaction is exothermic or			

WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
a- d)	REVISION			
t metals react with <i>lisplacement</i> nemical equations symbols for tion of a metal is traction of metals hods like bacterial consider in a life	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION			
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
Y10/ CHE 7 (8)				
Qualitative Analys (SC 25				
ss the tests and reac nions. Explain what re different from bul e risks associated w E PRACTICAL 7:Id	tions to identify cations are nanoparticles, how lk materials, their uses with these nanoparticles. <i>Entify the ions in some</i> <i>tests for the specified</i>			
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
REVI	SION			

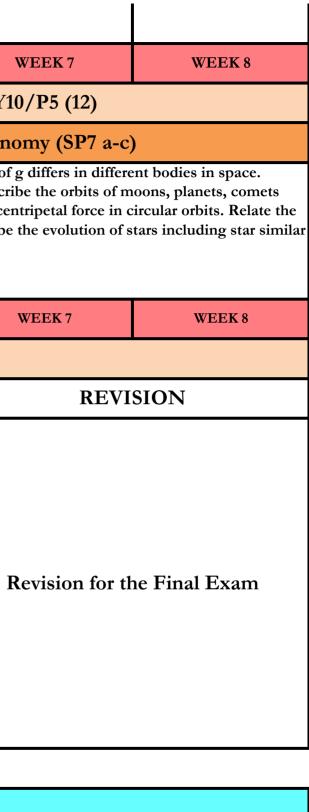
 M Predict the harmful effects of carbon monooxide and soot produced. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of hydogen and petrol as fuels. Compare early atmosphere and atmosphere today and explain how human activities influence the climate. Describe how scientist would collect evidence to 	energy data.
early atmosphere and atmosphere today and explain how human activities	
² influence the climate. Describe how scientist would collect evidence to	
support a casual link between carbon dioxide levels and global temperatures.	
Assessment 8	

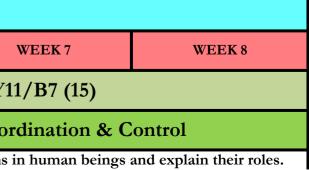
YEAR 10 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
	Y10/]	P1 (8)	Y10/]	P2 (8)		Y10/P2 (12)		Y10/P3 (4)			
	Atom Mode	el (SP6a-6c)	Radioactivit	Radioactivity (SP6d-6g) Radioactivity (SP6h-6m)			Motion (SP1a,b)				
1 and Rutherford alpha particle scattering leading to the Bohr model. Assessment 1						nd irradiation effects. Expl Describe nuclear fission and nvironmental and social in	lain some of the medical d working of nuclear npact of nuclear power	Explain the difference between vector and scalar quantities Define displacement, speed, velocity and acceleration of an object. Draw and interpret d - t and Analyse distance/time graphs including determination of speed from gradient.			
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
	Y10/	P3 (8)	Y10/P3 (20)								
	Motion	(SP1c-d)		For	ces and motion (SP2	2a-i)		REVISION			
E R M	Describe a range of labora determining the speeds of of light gates. Use the ec u) / t and $v^2 - u^2 = 2 \times a$ acceleration. Analyse velo compare acceleration from and to calculate acceleration distance travelled. Recall encountered in everyday 3	f objects such as the use quations $a = (v - x x to determineocity/time graphs tom gradients qualitativelyion and to determine thesome typical speeds$	inertial mass is a measure x g. Introduce the term 'a centripetal force that acts changing velocity (qualita of linear momentum. App collisions. Define Newton crumple zone and other sa distance required for a roa done to show the depende Assessment 4	of how difficult it is to char ction-reaction' pairs. Exp towards the centre of the o tive only) Define moment ly Newton's third law to c 's second law as rate of char afety features of the car. Id ad vehicle to stoping an en-	ange the velocity of an obj lain how for motion in a ci circle. Explain that an obje um and use the equation ollision interactions and re nange of momentum. Use the lentify factors affecting sto	rcle there must be a result ect moving in a circular off $p = m \ge v$. State and elate it to the conservation the concept of momentum pping distance of a vehicle ge of typical speeds. Carry ity squared(qualitative).	F = m x a and W = m ant force known as a bit at constant speed has a l explain the conservation of momentum in to explain the role of e. Estimate how the				

REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION

YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
	Y10/1	P4 (8)		Y10/P4 (12)				
T E	Energy- Forces d	oing work (SP8a)	Forces	Astron				
R M	Define work as energy tra calculate kinetic and pote Express power as the rate identify the factors affectin watt is equal to one joule Assessment 5	ntial energy of a body. of doing work and ng power. Recall that one	force diagrams and calcul can cause rotation. Recall × distance normal to the	and use the equation: mo direction of the force. Reca evers and gears transmit the	ify situations where forces oment of a force = force all and use the principle of	Explain how and why the Recall our Solar System ar and artificial satellites. Ex radius and orbital speed. I to Sun and massive stars.	nd descri plain cer	
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
	Y10/P5 (8)				Y10/P6(12)			
	Astronom	y (SP7 d,e)	Working Scientifically	Particle model (SP14 a-e)				
T E R M 2	Compare the Steady State Describe evidence suppor red shift and CMBR. Exp galaxies provides evidence expanding. Describe how the Universe have change Assessment 7	ting the Big Bang theory- lain why the red-shift of e for the Universe w methods of observing d over time.	dependant variables in an experiment. Differentiate hypothesis and theory. Analyse and draw conclusions from graph. Identify the link between the variables in	Define density of a material energy stored within the so of state. Explain how heat the system and raise its te specific heat capacity and capacity of materials inclu- m×c× $\Delta\theta$. Define specific Assessment 8 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 6: In</i> <i>PRACTICAL 7 :Investiga</i>	l describe how to determin uding water and some solid c latent heat and use the eq	system will change the vature or produce changes the energy stored within nges of state. Define e the specific heat ds. Use the equation ΔQ = uation Q = m × L. solid and liquids CORE by determining the	F	

	Year 11 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS									
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6									
	Y11/B6 (25) Y11									
Т		Plant structures and their functions Animal Coord								
E	Identify and describe how	the various parts of the le	af adapted for photosynthe	esis. Explain the role of ph	otosynthesis in plants,	Identify various endocrine	e organs i			





M	factors affecting photosynthesis and analyzing the limiting factors. Understand mechanisms of transport of nutrients in plants & factors affecting transpiration linked with transport. Know how plants are adapted to survive in extreme environments. Explain how plant hormones control & coordinate plant growth. Understand tropic responses involved in plant growth. Describe the commercial uses of auxins, gibberelins & ethene in plants.Explain how structure of root hair cell, xylem & phloem are adapted for transport in plants. Describe plant defence mechanisms, their role in curing diseases & methods to investigate plant diseases. Assessment 1 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2: Factors affecting enzyme activity potatoes</i>									
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WE		
Ē	Describe the role of skin a Understand the general str treatments for kidney failu understanding of the role of <i>CORE PRACTICAL 5: En</i> growth.	ructure and functions of un are. Role of nephron in uri	& Control chanism in thermoregulation rinary system. Describe the ne formation. Demonstrate back mechanism. outics & plant extract on back	e possible e an	and function and wastes in the role of wi monoclonal and its signif Calculate bre <i>CORE PRAC</i> <i>Investigation</i>	Exchange & s affecting diffusion .Inter- ns of blood, heart, blood ver in the human body.Explain nite blood cells in body de- antibodies. Understand an ficance during exercise. In eathing rate, pulse rate, can <i>CTICAL 7: Factors affectin</i>	Transport in organism pret Ficks law.Identify and essels and describe its role if Physical & chemical barrie fence .Evaluate the uses & d differentiate aerobic and vestigate changes taking pl rdiac output and stroke volu- ng the rate of respiration in d BP using BP monitor and	explain the in transport ers in huma production anaerobic r lace during ume. Asses a living orga		
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE]	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WE		
	Y11/B9 (15)				Y11/B9 (15) Ecosystem & material cycles					
E R M	Demonstrate an understar chain and use of ecologica organisms in an ecosystem pollution and water pollut and plant growth and deso Assessment 5	al pyramids. Explain biotic n. Analyze, interpret and e ion. Investigate effects of p cribe remedial measures for <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: In</i> <i>consms and their environme</i>	nsferred along a food c relationships of valuate data related to air pollutants on germination or air and water pollution. <i>nvestigate the</i>	nitrogen witl nitrogen in li water treatm processing to	the various pr hin an ecosys iving organism ent. Discuss of echniques. Ev	rocesses involved in cyclin tem and know the significant ns. Identify & explain the concepts of fish farming. I	g of water,carbon and ance of carbon and various stages involved in Describe various food	R		
		Year 11 CH	IEMISTRY LON	IG TER	M PLAN	with CURRICU	JLUM STANDAI	RDS		
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	E K 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WE		
		V11 / CH	(F1 <i>(</i> ? 0)				V11 / СН	F 2 (20)		

type 2 diabetes. Identify the cause and cure the stages of menstrual cycle. Interpret the edback mechanism involved in menstrual disadvantages of infertility treatment. *CORE PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis in*

WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
	REVISION			
in the structure asport of nutrients human.Describe action of obic respiration uring exercise. Assessment 4 g organisms. een content in the	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM			
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
REVI	SION			
REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION				
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
(20)				

		111/ 01.	112 1 (20)			111/ UL	112 2 (
Т		Quantitative Ana	alysis (SC 14 a-e)		Ну	drocarbons and alc	ohols	
1	Calculate the concentratio Calculations to find the co economy, molar volume of why it is desirable to have than the theoretical yield in manufacture a product. Co economy and energy const	ncentration of an acid/ al f gases in a reaction, given a high percentage yield in n some cases. Explain how ompare the two methods o	kali solution titration, perc the relevant equation. Given a reaction.Reason out when w the data is used to decid	centage yield, atom we a reason that explains by the actual yield is less be on the best way to	Define and understand Ho their molecular and structu given organic compound. carboxylic acids. Describe chemical properties of alco alcohols, Assessment 2	ural formula together with Identify functional groups the production of ethanol	their n s preser l with g	
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3			WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y11 / CHE 3 (15)			Y11 /CH	E 4 (20)		
Т	Carboxylic Ac	cids and Polymers –	Sc23c- Sc24d	Rates of reaction (Sc 18a – 18c)				
R M	of polymers. Differentiate polymerization. Draw the monomer from a polymer. with examples, problems v <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: In</i>	nonomers and polymers. I between addition and con structure of polymers. De Define addition and cond with disposal of polymers.	Discuss the different types adensation duce the structure of lensation polymerisation	Discuss how catalysts wor the investigation. Sketch § biological catalysts.	cting the rates of reactions. rk to speed up reactions. Li graph to show how the fact <i>avestigating the effects of c</i> Assessment	ist all the safety precaution ors affect rate of a reaction <i>hanging the conditions of</i>	ns adop n. Comj	
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y11 /CHE 5 (15)		Y11 /CHE 6 (15)				
T F	Dynamic e	quilibrium and Cell	s(SC 15,16)	Groups in	the Periodic Table (SC 17a- d)		
R M	Define dynamic equilibriu reversible reaction between how the position of a dyna temperature, pressure, con differences of making ferti ammonium nitrate is many Assessment 5	n nitrogen and hydrogen f unic equilibrium is affecte ncentration. Compare the iliser in laboratory and fac	for Haber process, predict of by changes in similarities and tory. Describe how	water. Explain the displa	d equations for the reaction cement reactions as redox r perties like inertness and lo	reactions. Relate uses of		

			YEAR 11	PHYSICS LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	RDS
7	YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	

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s (Sc 22a – Sc23b)

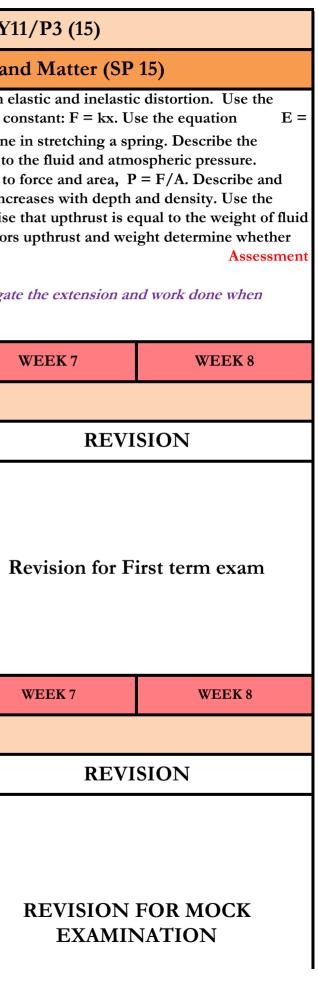
urated and unsaturated hydrocarbons using names. Define isomers. Write the isomers of a ent in alkanes, alkenes, alcohols and glucose as well as ethane. Explain the nemical reactions of alkanes, alkenes,

WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
	REVISION			
investigate rate of the of a reaction. oted to carry out pare and contrast <i>tion on the rates of</i>	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM			
WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
REVI	SION			
REVISION REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION				

WEEK 7

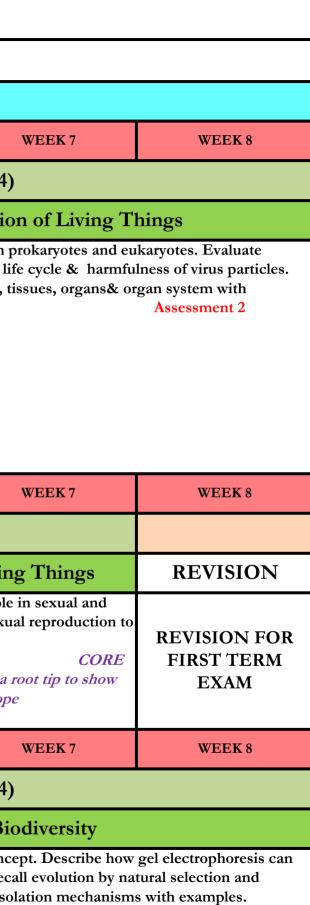
WEEK 8

	γ	/11/P2 (12)			Y11/P2 (13	<i>)</i>)		
	Astro	nomy (SP7 a-e)		Force	doing work and the	eir effects (SP 9)	Fo	rces a
T E R M	planets, comets and artific in circular orbits. Relate th the evolution of stars inclu- stars. Compare the Steady	stem and describe the orbi- cial satellites. Explain cent he radius and orbital speed uding star similar to Sun an y State and Big Bang theory- ting the Big Bang theory- red-shift of galaxies provid g. Describe how methods	its of moons, tripetal force d.Describe nd massive ries. red shift and les evidence	force diagran forces can ca of a force = force. Recall levers and ge	ow objects can interact. Dr ns and resultant forces. Id use rotation. Recall and u force × distance normal to and use the principle of m ears transmit the rotational 2	entify situations where se the equation: moment o the direction of the noments. Explain how	Describe the difference be equation to calculate the set $1/2 \text{ kx}^2$ to calculate the we pressure in a fluid as bein Explain how pressure is r explain how pressure in fl equation P = h× ϱ × g. Re displaced. Explain how the an object will float or sink 3 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: In</i> <i>applying forces to a spring</i>	spring ork dor ork dor g due t elated t luids in ecognis he facto x.
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	ЕК 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
Ĩ	explain Ohm's law and define resistance. Analyse series and parallel circuits. Develop an understanding of components with changing resistances. <i>Investigate IV graphs of different ohmic and non-ohmic conductors like metal wire, filament lamp,LDR and semi conductor diode.(using secondary data)</i> Explain the energy transfer as the result of collisions between electrons and the ions in the lattice. Explain the heating effect of an electric current and							
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y11/P5 (15)				Y11/P6 (15)		
	0	ism and motor effec				magnetic induction		
R M	Differentiate between permanent and induced magnets. Describe the and direction of the magnetic field around bar magnets and for a uni field. Relate field strength to the concentration of lines. Describe how current can create a magnetic effect around a long straight conducto relate the field strength to the current and distance from the conduct Explain that magnetic forces are due to interactions between magne Use Fleming's left-hand rule to show directions of the force, current magnetic field. Use the equation $F = BII$. Explain how the force on a conductor in a magnetic field is used to cause rotation in electric mo			uniform how a actor and luctor. gnetic fields. ent and on a	magnet and a conductor. alternators (a.c.) and in dy in converting the pressure in electrical circuits, and t headphones. Explain how alternating voltage. Use th	ynamos (d.c.) Explain the e variations in sound waves the reverse effect as used in a transformer can chang the turns ratio equation for ad why step-up and step-do	etic induction is used in action of the microphone s into variations in current n loudspeakers and e the size of an transformers to calculate own transformers are used	



Assessment	5
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		Voor 12 I		C TEDM DI ANI			DC		
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	G TERM PLAN WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	D5		
		Y12/B1 (18)		Y12/B2 (6)	Y12/B2 (24				
	В	iological Molecule	S	Mathematical skills	Cells, Viruses and Reproducti				
H	Identify, describe and exp carbohydrates, fats and p & polysaccharide. Disting quartenary structure. Disc Assessment 1 Investigation : Detection of Benedict test, Biuret test of	proteins. Distinguish mono guish between the primary cuss the physical & chemic of carbohydrates, fats & physical	osaccharide, disaccharide, secondary, tertiary & cal properties of water.	appropriate graphs and	various techniques used in	he ultra structure of organe n cell study . Describe struc organization in organisms -	cture, l		
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
		Y12/H	31 (24)		Y12/B2 (18)				
T E		Biological	Cells, Viruses and Reproduction of Livin						
R M	Describe properties of enz structure and roles of nucl of protein synthesis and si Assessment 3 factor affecting the initial	eic acids in a cell and DN gnificance of genetic code	A replication. Understand e. Understand the role of in <i>CORE PRA</i>	and describe the process	asexual reproduction in an sexual reproduction Assessment 4 <i>PRACTICAL 3: Make a t</i> e	e, mitosis and meiosis and nimals and plants. Compar emporary squash preparati eristem under the light mic	re asexu		
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6			
		Y12/H	34 (24)			Y12/B	3 (24		
T F		Exchange a	nd Transport			Classification a	nd B		
R	Explain the structure of ce Differentiate diffusion, act in insects, fish ,plant & hu <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2: Us</i> <i>and drawing small numbe</i>	tive transport,osmosis & b mans. Assessment 5. <i>Se of the light microscope</i>	be used to separate DNA understand the types of na <i>Investigation: Assess gen</i>	lassification & three doma fragments of different leng atural selection, speciation etic diversity by gel electro avestigate the effect of sucr	gth. Real and is <i>phores</i>				



sis Assessment 6 oncentrations on pollen tube Investigate the effect of temperature on beetroot membrane.

growth or germination.

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Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y12/B4 (18)		Y12/B4 (6)		Y12/B3 (18)			
	Ех	change and Transp	ort	Mathematical skills	Classification and Biodiversity			REVISION	
T E R M 2	Eblood and cardiac cycle. Analyze and interpret causes and correlation of heart diseases related to life style factors and diet. Identify the structural details of plant tissues (xylem & phloem) and its role in transport of nutrients. Corelate the role of transpiration in transport of nutrients.N2 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: Investigate factors affecting water uptake by plant shoots using a potometer.</i> Measuring heart rate/pulse rate and BP using BP monitorN			frequency, Lincoln	Understand techniques in measuring biodiversity, concepts of niche and adaptation in organisms. Know the role of extinction in conservation of organisms and evaluate in situ and ex situ conservation techniques. Assessment 8 Investigation : Assess species diversity by calculating the simpsons diversity index of the area sampled. CORE PRACTICAL 6: Determine the water potential of a plant tissue. CORE PRACTICAL 7: Dissect an insect to show the structure of the gas exchange system, taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.			Revision for Final Exam	
Year 13 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS									
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y13/B7 (18)			Y	Y13/B8 (15)		Y13/B5 (15)		
Ŧ		Modern Genetics					Energy for Biological processes		
T E R M 1	role and use of stem cell research. Understand interactions between genes and the environment in organisms. Discuss role of spliceosome & epigenetics. Describe thevarious techniques used in production of GMO. Evaluate the advantages & disadvantages in the production of GMO. Assessment 1 CORE PRACTICAL 2: Use of the light microscope, including simple stage and eyepiece			variations and that the pro- crossing over during meio- alleles in gametes.Descrif including haemophilia in squared tests to test the s observed and expected re	mutations are the source of occesses of random assortm osis give rise to new combi- be sex linkage on the X chu- humans. Apply and analys- ignificance of the difference sults. Assessment 2 Determine the water potential	anaerobic re inations of glycolysis,kr romosome, yeast fermen se chi EPOC. COR rate of aerobi taking into a	ture of mitochondria. Disti- espiration in living organis reb cycle & oxidative phosp ntation & lactate fermentat <i>RE PRACTICAL 9: Investi-</i> <i>bic or anaerobic respiration</i> <i>account the safe and ethica</i> 3	ms. Describe porylation. Distinguish ion .Significance of <i>gate factors affecting the</i> using a respirometer,	
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		J	/13/B6 (27)			Y13/B5 (15	5)		
		Microbio	logy and pathogens		E	nergy for Biologic	al processes	REVISION	
	Identify the principles and techniques involved in culturing microorganisms. Understand the different methods of measuring the growth of a bacterial culture & the different phases of a bacterial growth curve and calculate Recall structure of chloroplast Discuss the role of photosynthetic pigments in plants. Analyse & interpret								

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Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y12/B4 (18)		Y12/B4 (6)		Y12/B3 (18)			
	E	xchange and Transp	ort	Mathematical skills	Classification and Biodiversity			REVISION	
T E R M 2	blood and cardiac cycle. Analyze and interpret causes and correlation of heart diseases related to life style factors and diet. Identify the structural details of plant tissues (xylem & phloem) and its role in transport of nutrients. Corelate the role of transpiration in transport of nutrients. Assessment 7 CORE PRACTICAL 8: Investigate factors affecting water uptake by plant shoots using a potometer. Investigation:			frequency, Lincoln	Understand techniques i adaptation in organisms. organisms and evaluate i Assessment 8 Investig simpsons diversity index CORE PRACTICAL 6: 1 CORE PRACTICAL 7: 1 exchange system, taking	Revision for Final Exam			
	Year 13 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS								
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13/B7 (18)		, in the second s	¥13/B8 (15)		Y13/B5 (1	Y13/B5 (15)	
Ŧ		Modern Genetics		Origins	of genetic variation Energy for Biologica		cal processes		
E R M 1	Significance of cell detern role and use of stem cell in and the environment in o epigenetics. Describe the Evaluate the advantages Assessment 1 Use of the light microsco	DNA fingerprinting, gel elemination and cell differenti research. Understand intera- rganisms. Discuss role of sevarious techniques used in & disadvantages in the pro- pe, including simple stage g plan diagram of TS of (su	ation and evaluate the actions between genes pliceosome & production of GMO. duction of GMO. <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2:</i> and eyepiece	variations and that the pro- crossing over during meio- alleles in gametes.Descrif- including haemophilia in squared tests to test the s observed and expected re	ntify and explain that mutations are the source of new ations and that the processes of random assortment and sing over during meiosis give rise to new combinations of es in gametes.Describe sex linkage on the X chromosome, ading haemophilia in humans. Apply and analyse chi ared tests to test the significance of the difference between erved and expected results. Assessment 2 <i>RE PRACTICAL 6: Determine the water potential of a plant</i> <i>Re and explain the safe and ethical</i> <i>Re and ethical</i>			sms. Describe porylation. Distinguish tion .Significance of <i>igate factors affecting the</i> <i>n using a respirometer,</i>	
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Ŋ	(13/B6 (27)			Y13/B5	(15)		
		Microbio	logy and pathogens		I	Energy for Biolog	gical processes	REVISION	
	Identify the principles and techniques involved in culturing microorganisms.Understand the different methods of measuring the growth of a bacterial culture & the different phases of a bacterial growth curve and calculate photosynthetic pigments in plants.Analyse & interpret								

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T exponential growth rate constants. Describe that bacteria can be agents of infection, invading and destroying host tissues and producing toxins.

CORE PRACTICAL 12: Investigate the rate of growth of bacteria in liquid culture taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.

M Describe and explain the action of bactericidal and bacteriostatic antibiotics, the methods and difficulties of controlling the spread of antibiotic resistance in bacteria. Explain transmission, mode of infection and pathogenic effect of the stem rust fungus, influenza virus, the malarial parasite. Analyse the social and economic and ethical implications of different control methods for endemic malaria and the role of the scientific community in validating

implications of different control methods for endemic malaria and the role of the scientific community in validating these methods. Explain the mode of action of macrophages, neutrophils and lymphocytes. Identify and explain the role of T and B memory cells in the secondary immune response, active and passive immunity. Assessment 4

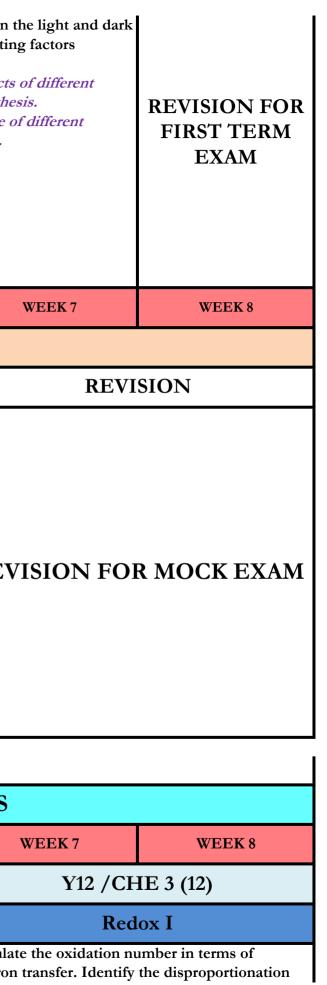
CORE PRACTICAL 13: Isolate individual species from a mixed culture of bacteria using streak plating taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.

absorption spectra & action spectra . Explain the light and dark reactions of photosynthesis, concepts of limiting factors affecting photosynthesis.

CORE PRACTICAL 10: Investigate the effects of different wavelengths of light on the rate of photosynthesis. CORE PRACTICAL 11: Investigate presence of different chloroplast pigments using chromatography. Assessment 5

Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	
		Y13/B9 (2	1)		Y13/B10 (15)			
		Control Syste	ems		Ecosystems			
T E R M 2	Know photoreception and nerve impulse transmission drugs in humans. Explain humans. As an insect to show the strue and ethical use of organis	Investigate the effect of gi	letails of human nervous s ption in animals & discuss noregulation & thermoregu <i>CORE PRACTICA</i> system, taking into account	ystem & effects of llation in L 7 : Dissect nt the safe	level, pyrami Analyse and spearman's to between trop effects of bio human effect validating evi 9 CORE PRAC sampling me taking into a CORE PRAC	est). Calculate the efficient hic levels. Describe the p tic and abiotic factors. Ex s on ecosystem, how scie	cological techniques. tatistical tests.(t-test and ney of energy transfer rocess of succession, splain and analyse the entific community e change. Assessments 8 & the effect of different e size of a population al use of organisms. the effect of one abiotic gy of one species taking	REV

Year 12 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS										
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	v			
		Y12 /CHE 1 (18)		Y12 /CHE 2 (18)						
Т	Atomic	Atomic structure and periodic table			Bonding and structure					
		mass and suggests why conterpret data from mass sp	-	Predict the properties of ionic compound and explains the idea of regular crystalline structure. Draw dot and cross diagrams to show electrons in						



M 1	relative atomic mass from general increase in first io electronic configurations of atoms. Illustrate period points and first ionisation Assessment 1	nization energy across the using 1s notation and elec icity using data, atomic ra	period. Predict the trons- in-boxes notation	and for species exhibiting dative bonding. Predict the bond angles, shapes of simple molecules and ions using electron pair repulsion theory. Predict the				
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
		Y12 /CHE 4 (18)		Y12 /CHE 5 (24)				
Т]	norganic Chemistry	y	Form	nulae, Equations ar	nd amounts of subst	ance	
E R M 1	Predict the reactions of th oxygen and chlorine. Inte- elements.Reason out the t carbonates of group 1 and number, the disproportion chlorine in water treatmer sodium hydroxide, the dis Assessment 4 CORE PI unknowns.	e of gas, volume of solution acid-base titrations using om economies using chem experimental results and corresults. from a solid acid and find solution of hydrochloric a	a range ical equ ommen					
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6		
			V12					
			Y12 /CHE 6 (30)				Y12/	
Т			Organic Chemistry			Mod	ern an	
E	series, functional groups, oxidation, reduction, hydr with mechanisms, substitu Assessment 6 CORE PRACTICAL 4: In PRACTICAL 5: The oxid	apply the IUPAC rules to olysis or polymerisation. I ution and hydrolysis react investigation of the rates of	Organic Chemistry hydrogen, the different typ name compounds. Classif Explain substitution reacti ions of halogenoalkanes, o	es of formulae. Explain the y reactions as addition, elir ons of alkanes and addition xidation reactions of alcoh	nination, substitution, n reactions of alkenes	Mod Identify the species respr molecule. Predict possibl mass/charge ratio of the mass spectrum. Deduce f aldehydes, ketones and e spectra. Predict the use o Assessment 7	ern an sible for e structu molecul unction sters pre	
E R M	series, functional groups, oxidation, reduction, hydr with mechanisms, substitu Assessment 6 CORE PRACTICAL 4: In PRACTICAL 5: The oxid	apply the IUPAC rules to olysis or polymerisation. I ution and hydrolysis react <i>westigation of the rates of</i> <i>ation of ethanol</i>	Organic Chemistry hydrogen, the different typ name compounds. Classif Explain substitution reacti ions of halogenoalkanes, o	es of formulae. Explain the y reactions as addition, elir ons of alkanes and addition xidation reactions of alcoh	nination, substitution, n reactions of alkenes ols. <i>CORE</i>	Identify the species respr molecule. Predict possibl mass/charge ratio of the mass spectrum. Deduce f aldehydes, ketones and e spectra. Predict the use o	ern an sible for e structu molecul unction sters pre	
E R M 2 Year 12	series, functional groups, oxidation, reduction, hydr with mechanisms, substit Assessment 6 CORE PRACTICAL 4: In PRACTICAL 5: The oxid 6: Chlorination of 2-methy	apply the IUPAC rules to olysis or polymerisation. I ution and hydrolysis react <i>twestigation of the rates of</i> <i>ation of ethanol</i> <i>alpropan-2-ol using concer</i>	Organic Chemistry hydrogen, the different typ name compounds. Classify Explain substitution reactions ions of halogenoalkanes, of <i>Chydrolysis of some haloge</i> intrated hydrochloric acid.	es of formulae. Explain the y reactions as addition, elir ons of alkanes and addition xidation reactions of alcoh enoalkanes.	nination, substitution, n reactions of alkenes ols. CORE CORE PRACTICAL WEEK 5	Identify the species respr molecule. Predict possibl mass/charge ratio of the mass spectrum. Deduce f aldehydes, ketones and e spectra. Predict the use o Assessment 7	ern an sible for e structu molecul unction sters pre f fingerp	
E R M 2 Year 12	series, functional groups, oxidation, reduction, hydr with mechanisms, substitu Assessment 6 <i>CORE PRACTICAL 4: Ir.</i> <i>PRACTICAL 5: The oxid.</i> <i>6: Chlorination of 2-methy</i> WEEK 1	apply the IUPAC rules to a olysis or polymerisation. I ution and hydrolysis react <i>twestigation of the rates of</i> <i>ation of ethanol</i> <i>alpropan-2-ol using concer</i> WEEK 2	Organic Chemistry hydrogen, the different typ name compounds. Classif Explain substitution reacti ions of halogenoalkanes, o <i>Chydrolysis of some haloge</i> <i>ntrated hydrochloric acid.</i> WEEK 3	es of formulae. Explain the y reactions as addition, elir ons of alkanes and addition xidation reactions of alcoh <i>enoalkanes.</i> WEEK 4	nination, substitution, n reactions of alkenes ols. CORE PRACTICAL WEEK 5 IE 9 (12)	Identify the species respr molecule. Predict possibl mass/charge ratio of the mass spectrum. Deduce f aldehydes, ketones and en spectra. Predict the use o Assessment 7 WEEK 6	ern an sible for e structu molecul unction sters pre f fingerp	

on. Apply that oxidation number is a useful pt in terms of the classification of reactions ox and as disproportionation. Write ionic half ons and use them to construct full ionic ons. Assessment 3

WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
	REVISION					
entration of e of acids, alkalis nations. Calculate nt on sources of <i>CORE</i> <i>ntration.</i>	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION					
WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
/ CHE 7 (18)						
nalytical techni	iques					
ures of a simple org lar ion and fragmen hal groups for alcoho esent in organic cor	r the peaks for chlorine and bromine ures of a simple organic compound from the lar ion and fragmentation patterns from al groups for alcohols, carboxylic acids, esent in organic compounds using infrared print region in an infrared spectra.					
WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
(12)						
brium	REVISION					
e effect of a change pressure on a um.Evaluate data strial processes, to						

2	Calculate an enthalpy change of read explain the limitations of this metho <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: To determin</i> <i>using Hess's Law.</i>	d of calculation.	energies, explain the economic benefits of the use	reach a compromise between the y of reaction. Deduce an expression heterogenousequilibria. Assessment 10

	Year 13 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS									
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	V		
		Y13/ CHE 1 (18)		Y13/ CHE 2 (30)						
T		Equilibrium II				Transitio	on metals			
E R M 1	system.Calculate a value v temperature on the position unaffected by changes in	Kp, for homogeneous and with units for Kc and Kp. I on of equilibrium. Underst concntration or pressure. I oncepts of rate and equilib <i>itration.</i>	numbers.Predict that tran into chromate(VI). Write aqueous ammonia.Comp	are ligand substitution and their compounds can act	ahedral and o tions for the r disproportio	octahedral cor reactions of tr onation reaction	nplexes. l ansition r ons.Descr			
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	EEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6					
		Y13 / CH	HE 3 (24)		Y13 / CHE 4	+ (9)	Y13	/ CHI		
		Acid - base	equilibrium		Organic Chemi	stry II	Organ	ic Cher		
T E R M	Identify Brønsted–Lowry conjugate acid-base pairs, define 'pH', do pH calculations with [H+], understand the difference between a strong acid and a weak acid in terms of degree of dissociation. Calculate the pH of a strong acid and a weak acid. Predict the equilibrium expression for the auto- ionisation of water. Define Kw, 'pKa' and 'pKw'.Calculate Ka for a weak acid from experimental data given the pH of a solution. Interpret titration curves for strong acid with strong base, weak acid with a strong base and strong acid with a weak base. Define the term 'buffer'. Explain the action of an acidic and an alkaline buffer. Calculate the pH of a buffer solution from the given data.Define the term 'chiral' and enantiomers. Draw the optical isomers of some compounds. Know that optical activity is the ability of a single optical isomer to rotate the plane of polarisation. Define 'racemic & mixture' and its effect on the plane of A							5 CTICAL 1		
					and esters. Discuss how p formed by polymerisation	•	unknowns. CORE PRA	CTICAL		

CHE	V13 / CHE 5		V 747	2 / CHE 6 (0)	V42 / CI	JF 7 (12)	V13 / CHF 9	
Year 13	WEEK 1	WE	EK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	•

Assessment 4

10	een the yield and the rate pression for Kc in	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION					
TANDARDS							
EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
HE 2 (30)							
on metals							
octahedral complexes. Explain conversion of dichromate(VI) ion reactions of transition metal ions with aqueous NaOH and onation reactions.Describe how complexes show colour. Explain eous and homogeneous catalysts. <i>CORE PRACTICAL 12: Preparation of a</i>							
EK6	WEEK 7						
1		WEEK 8					
Y13	/ CHE 4 (9)	WEEK 8					
	/ CHE 4 (9) ic Chemistry III	WEEK 8 REVISION					
Organi Discuss bond reactions. Ex- the electrophi the reactions Discuss the te & purification Assessment 5 CORE PRAC some inorgan unknowns.	ic Chemistry III ling in benzene and its plain the mechanism of ilic substitution. Discuss of amines, amides. echniques in preparation n of organic compounds. <i>CTICAL 15: Analysis of</i> <i>nic and organic</i>						

	115 / CIIL 5 (9)	11.	J / CIIL 0 (9)	115 / 01	112 / (12)	115		(*)
	Energetics II		Redox II	Kinet	ics II	Modern A	nalytic Tech	niques
T E R M 2	Define lattice energy.Compare experimental values with theoretic values.Construct Born-Haber cycles.Define the term polarisatio applied to ions. Define the terms 'enthalpy change of solution, and 'enthalpy change of hydration'. U Gibb's free energy equations to fin whether the reaction is thermodynamically feasible.Calcu Gibb's Free energy and find out whether the reaction is feasible or Assessment 6	al oxidation nu half equation n as Explain 'sta Discuss the electrode an Use Eo to ca Carry out tit Fe2+/MnO suitable inda the uncertai measuremen advantages different ele <i>CORE PRA</i>	term standard hydrogen and explain how it is used. alculate the cell potential. trations between P_4^- and $I_2/S_2O_3^{-2-}$ with icator solution. Calculates inities in the nts.Compare the and disadvantages of ectrochemical cells. <i>ACTICAL 10:</i> <i>ng some electrochemical</i>	Describe experimental teo data by titration and volur order of a reaction. Derive second order reactions. D finding the order with resp <i>CORE PRACTICAL13a</i> <i>iodine-propanone reaction</i> <i>method.</i> <i>13b - Use a clock reaction</i> <i>equation.</i> <i>CORE PRACTICAL 14:</i> <i>energy of a reaction.</i> Asse	me of gas evolved. Define e units for zero,first and educe rate equation by pect to each reactant. <i>-Follow the rate of the</i> <i>n using a titrimetric</i> <i>to determine a rate</i> <i>Finding the activation</i>	and NMR ¹ H find the struct compounds. patterns of ac protons using thin layer chr the different Explain high chromatogra	xplain how ma I and ¹³ C data ctures of organ Deduce the sp djacent, non-e g the (n+1) ru romatography aminoacids in performance	ass spec is used nic plitting equivaler le.Use o to ident n a mixtu liquid
		YEAR 12	PHYSICS LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM ST	ANDAR	DS
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	EK 6	
	Y12/PHY 1(6)		Y1	2/PHY 2(27)				

Working as a Physicist	Mechanics I	
Distinguish between	Use the equations for uniformly accelerated motion in one dimension. Draw and interpret displacement-time,	Use the equation de
base and derived	velocity-time and acceleration-time graphs. Know the physical quantities derived from the slopes and areas of	upthrust = weight o
quantities and their SI	displacement-time, velocity-time and acceleration-time graphs, including cases of non-uniform acceleration and	6πηrv. Understand
units. Understand the	understand how to use the quantities. Understand scalar and vector quantities and know examples of each type of	spherical objects m
measurements and	quantity and recognise vector notation. Resolve a vector into two components at right angles to each other by	that viscosity is tem
techniques for both	drawing and by calculation. Find the resultant of two coplanar vectors at any angle to each other by drawing, and at	Use the Hooke's la
familiar and unfamiliar	right angles to each other by calculation. Draw and interpret free-body force diagrams to represent forces on a	stiffness of the obje
experiments. Estimate	particle or on an extended but rigid body. Use the equation $\Sigma F = ma$ and Newton's first law of motion	strain= e/L and Ye
values for physical	where a = 0, objects at rest or travelling at constant velocity. Use of the term terminal velocity is expected. Use the	interpret force-exter
quantities.	equations for gravitational field strength $mg = F$ and weight $W = mg$. Know and understand Newton's third law of	limit of proportiona
	motion and know the properties of pairs of forces in an interaction between two bodies. Assessment 1	deformation and pla
	Understand how to make use of the independence of vertical and horizontal motion of a projectile moving freely	Draw and interpret
	under gravity. Understand that momentum is defined as $p = mv$. Know the principle of conservation of linear	and define breaking
	momentum, understand how to relate this to Newton's laws of motion and understand how to apply this to problems	a deformed materia
	in one dimension. Assessment 2	extension graphs fo

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WEEK 7

WEEK 8

Y12/PHY 3(15)

Fluid and Solids

density $\rho = m/V$. Use the relationship of fluid displaced. Use Stokes' Law, F =nd that this equation applies only to small moving at low speeds with laminar flow and emperature dependent. Assessment 3 law equation, $\Delta F = k\Delta x$, where k is the ject. Use the relationships stress = F/A, Young modulus = stress/strain. Draw and tension and force- compression graphs. Define nality, elastic limit, yield point, elastic plastic deformation and apply them to graphs. et tensile or compressive stress-strain graphs, ng stress. Calculate the elastic strain energy in rial sample and from the area under the forcefor both linear and non-linear force-extension

	CORE PRACTICAL 1: Determine the acceleration of a freely-falling object. CORE PRACTICAL the viscosity of a liquid CORE PRACTICAL material.										
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6										
		Y1	2/PHY 4(27)				Y1	2/PHY 5(2	15)		
		Μ	lechanics II				Ele	ctric Circu	its I		
1	the line of action of the fo apply the principle of mor calculations when the for a body. Use the equation surface. Know, and under gravitational potential end	Use the equation for the moment of a force, <i>moment of force</i> = Fx where x is the perpendicular distance between the line of action of the force and the axis of rotation. Use the concept of centre of gravity of an extended body and apply the principle of moments to an extended body in equilibrium. Use the equation for work $\Delta W = F\Delta s$, including calculations when the force is not along the line of motion. Use the equation $kE = 1/2 mv^2$ for the kinetic energy of a body. Use the equation $\Delta Egrav = mg\Delta h$ for the difference in gravitational potential energy near the Earth's surface. Know, and understand how to apply, the principle of conservation of energy including use of work done, gravitational potential energy and kinetic energy. Use the equations relating power, time and energy transferred or work done $P = E/t$ and <i>efficiency</i> = <i>useful energy output/total energy input</i> . Assessment 5									
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6										
	Y12/PHY 6(33)										
	Waves										
Т	Define amplitude, frequency, period, speed and wavelength. Use the wave equation $v = t\lambda$. Describe longitudinal waves in terms of pressure variation and the displacement of molecules. Describe transverse waves. Draw and interpret graphs representing transverse and longitudinal vaves including stationary waves. Know and understand what is meant by wavefront, coherence, path difference, superposition, interference and phase. Relate phase difference and path difference. Know what is meant by a standing/stationary wave and understand how such a wave s formed, know how to identify nodes and antinodes. Use the equation for the speed of a transverse wave on a string $v = v(T/\mu)$. Assessment 7 Understand that waves can be transmitted and reflected at an interface between media. Understand how a pulse-echo echnique can provide information about the position of an object and how the amount of information is limited by the wavelength or by the luration of pulses. Understand what is meant by plane polarisation, diffraction grating. CORE PRACTICAL 6: Determine the speed of sound in air using an oscilloscope, signal generator, speaker and microphone. CORE PRACTICAL 7: Investigate the effects of length, tension and mass per unit length on the frequency of a vibrating string CORE PRACTICAL 8: Determine the wavelength of light from a laser or other light source using a diffraction grating. CORE PRACTICAL 8: Determine the wavelength of light from a laser or other light source using a diffraction grating.										
E R M	and phase. Relate phase of is formed, know how to ic Assessment 7 Unders technique can provide inf duration of pulses. Under wave when it meets a slit <i>CORE PRACTICAL 6: D</i> <i>PRACTICAL 7: Investiga</i>	lifference and path different lentify nodes and antinode tand that waves can be tra formation about the position stand what is meant by pla or an obstacle. Use $n\lambda = d$ determine the speed of sour- tiet the effects of length, ten	nce. Know what is meant has been used to be the equation for the insmitted and reflected at a son of an object and how the ane polarisation, diffraction $dsin\theta$ for a diffraction grating and in air using an oscilloso insion and mass per unit learning and mass per	by a standing/stationary was e speed of a transverse wav an interface between media e amount of information is in and use Huygens' constr ing. Assessme cope, signal generator, spea ingth on the frequency of a	fference, supe ave and under e on a string v a. Understand limited by the uction to expl ent 8 aker and micro vibrating string	erposition, in stand how survey $= v(T/\mu)$. how a pulse wavelength ain what hap ophone. Construction	terference uch a wave -echo or by the opens to a	definition of and know ho potential diff transport equ temperature lattice vibrati understand h negative temp Assessment 9 <i>CORE PRAC</i>	electro w to di erence and illu ions an iow to a peratur CTICA		

Assessment 4 AL 4: Use a falling-ball method to determine quid. AL 5: Determine the Young modulus of a

WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
	REVISION					
flow of charged ohs of ohmic and investigate the I = nqvA to cent materials. ectromotive force between e.m.f. and <i>CORE</i> stivity of a	Revision for First term exam					
WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
Y12/PHY 7(15)						
Electric Circuits II						
oltage divider circuits involving LDRs and gn heat and light sensors. Know the motive force (e.m.f.) and internal resistance distinguish between e.m.f. and terminal . Explain semi - conductor theory and use Understand how changes of resistance with						

. Understand how changes of resistance with lumination may be modelled in terms of nd number of conduction electrons and apply this model to metallic conductors, ure coefficient thermistors and LDR.

AL 3: Determine the e.m.f. and internal ectrical cell.

WEEK 7

WEEK 8

	Y12/PHY 8 (27)	Y12/PHY 9(15)	
	Nature of Light	Refraction	REVISION
T E R M	described in terms of a wave model and a photon model, and how these models developed over time. Use the equation $E = hf$, that relates the photon energy to the wave frequency. Understand that the absorption of a photon can result in the emission of a photoelectron. Understand the terms threshold frequency and work function and use the photoelectric equation $hf = \varphi + KE$. Use the electronvolt (eV) to express small energies. Understand how the photoelectric effect provides evidence for the particle nature of electromagnetic radiation. Understand atomic line spectra in terms of transitions between discrete energy levels and understand how to calculate the frequency of radiation that could be emitted or absorbed in a transition between energy levels. Use de Broglie equation $\lambda = h/p$.	Explain refraction and use $n1sin \theta 1 = n2 sin \theta 2$ where n is the refractive index of the material. $n = c/v$. Calculate critical angle using $n = 1/sinC$. Understand how to measure the refractive index of a solid material. Use ray diagrams to trace the path of light through a lens and locate the position of an image. Use the equation power of a lens $f = 1/P$. Understand that for thin lenses in combination $P = P1+P2+P3+$ Use the lens equation with the real is positive convention. Understand that magnification = image height/object height and $m = v/u$. Assessment 11	Revision for Final Exam

Year 13 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS													
Year 13 PHY	T WHERE T WHERE? I WHERE I WHERE I WHERE I WHERE? I WHERE									WEEK 8			
	Y13/PHY 1 (33)									Y13/PHY 2 (15)			
	Electric and Magnetic Fields Fu										ther Mechanics		
E R M	Use Coulomb's law, define electric field strength. Draw and interpret diagrams using field lines and equipotentials to describe radial and uniform electric fields. Know and understand the relation between electric field and electric potential. Define capacitance, determine the energy and charge stored, analyse series and parallel combinations of capacitors. Able to draw and interpret charge and discharge curves for resistor capacitor circuits and understand the significance of the time constant RC. Use related equations for exponential discharge in a resistor-capacitor circuit, $I = I_0 e^{(-t/RC)}$, and $V = V_0 e^{(-t/RC)}$ and the corresponding log equations. Assessment 1												
YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEI	EK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEE		E K 6	WEEK 7		WEEK 8				
	Y13/PHY 3 (15) Y13/PHY 4 (15)					Y13/PHY 5 (9)							
	The	ermodynamics		Nuclear radiations				Particles REVISION			REVISION		
	Define specific heat capacity. State, explain and use kinetic theory of gases. Use the equations $\Delta E = mc\Delta\theta$ and $\Delta E =$ Describe the properties and uses of nuclear radiations. Define half life, decay constant and activity of a source. Investigate decay graphs. Determine the half-lives of radioactive isotopesUnderstand what is meant by nucleon number and proton number. Understand how large-angle alpha												

T E R M 1	is related to the absolute a laws. Derive and use the o kinetic theory model. Use gas. Derive and use the ed Understand what is mean to interpret radiation curv Boltzmann law equation Use Wien's law equation body radiators. Assessme <i>CORE PRACTICAL 12: O</i> <i>divider circuit as a thermo</i> <i>CORE PRACTICAL 13: A</i> <i>phase change.</i>	the equation $pV = NkT$ for quation $1/2 mc^2 = 3/2 kT$. It by a black body radiator a res for such a radiator. Use $L = \sigma AT^4$ for black body radiator $\lambda_{max} T = 2.898 x 10^{-3}$ m K for ent 4 Calibrate a thermistor in a postat. Determine the specific later Investigate the relationship	and use gas c^2 using the or an ideal and be able the Stefan- adiators. for black <i>botential</i>	and use the of Assessment CORE PRA radiation by Define bindi Investigate r energy and u processes of	RACTICAL 15: Investigate the absorption of gamma by lead. nding energy and use it to describe stability of nuclei. te nuclear fission and fusion in detail. Define binding nd use it to describe stability of nuclei. Understand the s of nuclear fusion and fission with reference to the energy per nucleon curve.			particle scattering gives evidence for nuclear model of the atom and how our understanding of atomic structur has changed over time. Understand that electrons are released in the process of thermionic emission and how they can be accelerated by electric and magnetic fields. Understand the role of electric and magnetic fields in particle accelerators (linac and cyclotron) and detectors (general principles of ionisation and deflection only). Derivand use the equation R=p/BQ for a charged particle in a magnetic field.		n and how mic structure Understand d in the hission and ted by lds. ectric and e vclotron) and ples of only). Derive p/BQ for a	Revision fo
YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EEK 3 WE		ЕК 4	WEEK 5	WE	EEK 6 WEEK 7		E K 7
	Y1.	3/PHY 5 (15)		Y13/PH	HY 6 (6)		Y13/PHY 7(12)		Y	13/PHY 8	(9)
		Particles		Gravitational Field			Oscillations		Space		
T E R M 2	situations involving the creation and annihilation of matter and antimatter particles. Use MeV and GeV (energy) and MeV/c2, GeV/c2 (mass) and convert between these and SI units. Know that in the standard quark-lepton model particles can be classified as baryon, mesons, leptons and photons which are fundamental particles. Know that every particle has a corresponding antiparticle and be able to use the properties of a particle to deduce the properties of its antiparticle and vice versa. Understand how to use laws of conservation of charge.			Define gravitational field. Understand that gravitational field strength is defined as g=F/m. Define Newton's law of universal gravitation). Use the equation Gm/r for a radial gravitational field. Newton's law of			= -kx, and hence identify M will occur. Use the equations ωt , $v = \frac{2}{cos} \omega t$, and $\omega = \frac{2}{cos} \omega t$, and interpret d -t and ance. Understand how to a soft and forced oscillations. Substitution the distance of a soft and forced oscillation change attraction frequency of a system t a soft and the distance of a soft a soft a soft and the distance of a soft a soft a soft a soft and the distance of a soft a soft a soft a soft and the distance of a soft a sof	fy situations uations $a = -$ $= -A\omega sin$ $= -A\omega sin$ $= 2\pi f$. Use imple d v-t graphs. b apply d undamped listinction State how the nges at and tem and know lain how of ductile the value of an $I = L/4\pi d^2$. Understand how astronomical distances can be determined using trigonometric parallax and using intensity received from standard candles. Sketch and interpret a Hertzsprung-Russell diagram. Understand how to relate the HR diagram to the life cycle of stars. Understand how the movemen of a source of waves relative to an observer/detector gives rise to a shift in frequency. Use the equations for redshift and $v = H_0 d$ for objects at cosmological distances. Understand the universe associated with the value of the			

lence for a nd how e structure erstand n the ion and by ric and otron) and s of ly). Derive BQ for a tic field.	Revision	for the First Term Exam				
WEB	E K 7	WEEK 8				
PHY 8	(9)					
Space		REVISION				
on, intensity nderstand h istances can ng trigonor ing intensit candles. Ske tzsprung-R rstand how m to the life nd how the vaves relative tor gives rise use the equa $= H_0 d$ for istances. U v over the ag the universe n the value of nt and the p rk matter. A	now n be metric ty received etch and ussell to relate cycle of movement ve to an se to a shift ations for objects at nderstand ge and se of the possible	Revision for Mock Examination				