		Year 1 S	CIENCE LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	LUM STANDARI	DS	
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y1/S0	C1 (6)	Y1/S0	C 2 (6)		Y1/S0	C 3(12)	
	CHANGING	SEASONS	LIVING	THINGS	MYSELF			
R M	Identify the changes acro State how our activities ar season. Observe and desc with the seasons and how weather symbols] Identify and name differe measuring weather. [Thermometer, rain gaug	nd lifestyle change in each ribe weather associated day length varies. [nt instruments for	Distinguish between living Realise that different animals in the local environment of the local	mals including humans that different animals e a few common pet onment. as plants. including humans and ow. he in domesticated	Recognise the human body parts and name them. Identify the uses of human body parts. Explore the five senses and link these to the corresponding sense organ. Understand that humans use sense organs to detect changes in their surroundings. Know that humans need food, water and air to stay alive. Compare obseverable similarities and differences between humans. Observe and compare photographs of humans. Understand that humans grow and change as they grow older. note differences from baby photographs to current appearance. Assessment 2			
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y1/SC 4 (15)			Y1/SC 5 (3)		
T		ANIMALS - T	YPES AND PARTS	OF ANIMALS		PLANTS	REVISION	
R M	Name some common Ma some common animals the reproduce their young one process and describe way Group animals by their o	mmals. State a few commat are carnivores, herbivores.	res and omnivores.	mals in the local environmo Ur	ent. Recognise nderstand that animals that movement is a life	Recognise that plants are living things. Differentiate between herbs, shrubs and trees [tour around the school]	Revision for F	irst term exam
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y1/S0	C 5 (12)			Y1/SC	2 6 (12)	
			NTS			TIFYING AND CO		
T E I	leaves and flowers of diffee Observe plants or their pi round, wavy edges, numb	ow that plants have leaves, Identify different types of leaves, erent shapes and colours. ctures and identify a few d	stems and roots.	Compare and Know that plants have	materials. Name and ider some properties of materi surface properties of mate of materials in terms of al	common materials. Recognatify natural and manufacturals in terms of their texture erials in terms of their texture bility to pass light. (transport of their properties and male	red materials. e like hard and soft. re like rough and smooth arent,translucent and opa	Identify Identify some Identify some properties que) Describe stiff and

2		deciduous trees) [Oak and	se and name plant parts or d Ash tree in summer and in provide food for human	winter (features of trees)]	• •	Identify and classify object to identify the materials.	cts according to colour, ter Assessment 5		simple dichotomous key
Year 1	SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y1/S0	C 6 (6)	Y1/S	C7 (6)	Y1/S0	C8 (6)		
		IDENTIFYING & COM	IPARING MATERIALS	PUSHES A	ND PULLS	LIGHT A	ND DARK	REVI	SION
T F M	E R	•	st in liquid form. Identify vder form. Sort powder	Observe and describe dif Know that pushes and pu or stop moving. Recognise pushes and pu simple examples of each. and rubber balls. pushing and pulling with on a ramp Assessment 6	lls can make objects start lls as forces and classify For eg: doors, toy cars Explore	Understand that light com Identify common sources that they can vary in bright torches, candles, light bull lights. Differentiate natural and r Realise that Sun is the sou Understand that shiny obj light. Compare the differential that Sun is the same and the same are the differential to the same are the differential that Sun is the same are	of light and understand thess. For example: bs, lamps and strings of manmade light sources. arce of light for the earth. ects are not sources of	Revision for	Final exam

		Year 2 So	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDARI	OS	
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y2 /S0	C 1 (12)				Y2 / SC 3 (3)	
T E		FEEDING AN	D EXERCISE			LIVING THINGS		HABITATS
M	Recognise the importance Recognise the need of reg	of animals including huma e of eating the right amoun gular exercise to stay fit, str st and proper hygiene are a	t of different types of food ong and healthy.		Explore and compare the things that have never been Recognise that there are of Compare the life cycle of a Assessment 2	en alive. Use classification lifferent stages in the lifecy	keys. ycle of a human.	Recognise that animals and plants survive best in habitats that provide their basic needs.
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y2 / SC 3 (9)			Y2 / SC 4 (9)			
T		HABITATS		(GROWING PLANT	REVI	SION	
	•	ty of plants and animals in how animals obtain their fo			tiny plant inside a seed. ure plants. Investigate wha	Explore t plants need to grow and		

	different sources of food. Make simple observations	s to compare living things record data from habitats/	within a habitat or	observe and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. Ask simple questions about what plants need to grow and perform simple tests recognising that their questions can be answered in different ways. Observe and record the growth of a variety of plants as they change over time. Assessment 4			Revision for First term Examination			
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2								
	Y2 / SC 4 (3)		Y2 / SC 5 (18)							
T	GROWING PLANTS			USES OF EVERY	DAY MATERIALS			CHANGING SHAPES		
E R M	Observe closely and describe the cross-section of a bulb and tuber.	properties of different man particular object. Raise que materials by pulling them materials to decide which Compare the strength of o	terials such as hardness, s nestions about the proper and discover how easily material is waterproof. (v different types of paper pa	at materials namely-wood, strength, flexibility and shirties and suitability of some they rip. Test the absorben which material is best to material is best to material is appropriate way to receive an appropriate way to receive the absorbed to the strength of the streng	niness. Recognise the important materials and answer then by of different materials by the the outer layer of a napen pulled by their hands.	ortance of using suitable men. Test the strength of the wiping water from a tray.	naterials to make a given strips of different Carry out simple tests on	State how the shape of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.		
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y2 / S	C 6(12)		Y2 / S	C 7 (6)				
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{T} \\ \mathbf{E} \end{array}$		CHANGIN	G SHAPES		SOU	J ND	REVI	SION		
R M 2	bendy materials. (e.g. Rul Recognise how twisted m be squashed but some car Investigate how materials		al and plastic) everyday objects.Recogni g to their properties. Perfe	se that some materials can	Recognise that sound is c Recognise that sound nee Assessment 7	•	Revision for Final term Examinati			

	Year 3 SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
Year 3 SCI WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8												
		Y3/S0	C 1 (12)			Y3/S0	2 2 (12)					
T		PARTS O	F PLANTS			MOVEMENT A	AND FEEDING					
			the structure and function	of the root.	Describe what animals need to stay healthy.							
ъ	Explain the function of pl	lant stems. hich water is transported w	rithin plants		Know that foods can be sorted into five different groups depending on their effects on the body. Discuss animal diets							
		_	are the site of food manuf	acture Explain	Describe what a balanced	diet is.						

1	Research on how seeds	n a plant. seeds can be dispersed in a var a are formed by observing the as in the structure of fruits th	e different stages of plant		Describe how joints in sl Interpret secondary data	I some other animals have slakeleton enable movements. a involving features of bones hip between height of a child	and task in which it is in	nvolved.	
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y3/S0	23 (12)		Y3/S	SC4 (6)			
		MAGNETS A	ND FORCES		ROCKS AND SOIL RE			ISION	
T E R M	Investigation to explore Compare how things mediated Describe magnets as has Distinguish between the Understand that some fedistance. materials that are magner investigation to compare can hold and by measure.	how catapults can move toy ove on different surfaces. wing two poles, known as Note terms 'attract' and 'repel'. Forces need contact between the strengths of different many distance a paper clip move use magnets in our daily line.	cars. orth and South. two objects, but magnetic agnetic and apply this to pagnets by counting the naves.	Identify practical uses of magnets	which they may not be a Know that rocks can be purposes. Compare and group togorocks on the basis of the Compare different rocks using Mohs' scale Identify the different typ	used for variety of ether different kinds of ir appearance. based on their hardness		or First Term ination	
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
T		Y3/SC 4(9)		Y3/SC 5(12)				Y3/SC 6(3)	
E R		ROCKS AND SOIL			WHAT PL	LIGHT AND SHA			
M 2	are trapped within rock. Recognize that soils are how they are formed.	as how fossils are formed who made from rocks and organ the different kinds of living the	ic matter and describe	Identify the importance of Understand that soil profunderstand that soil profertilisers/organic matte	to a plant if it is dehydrated of space for plants to grow wides minerals to help planwides minerals to help plants to make the plants to help plants to help plants the effect of difference of difference the plants are the plants the effect of difference of difference the plants are the pla	well.		Understand that we need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light Understand that objects can be seen when light is reflected off them.	
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y3/SC	6 (12)		Y3/S	SC 7 (6)			
		LIGHT AND	SHADOWS		VARIATION AND CLASSIFICATION			REVISION	
	Recognize that shadows								

T	Describe materials as opaque, translucent or transparent. Set up	variety of ways. Explore and use classification keys	
\mathbf{E}	simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests to sort opaque, transparent and translucent	to help group, identify and name a variety of living	
	materials. Recognise that sha	ows things in their local and wider environment	
R	are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object. Find patterns in the	vay Recording findings using simple scientific	
M	that the size of shadows change in relation to the position of Sun. Find patterns in the way that the	size language, drawings, labelled diagrams, make	
	of shadows changes in relation to the position of the light source and the solid object.	classification keys, bar charts, and tables	Revision for Final Examination
	Understand that light from the sun and other bright sources can be dangerous and that there are	ays	Revision for Final Examination
2	to protect their eyes.		
	Work scientifically by looking for patterns in what happens to shadows when the light source mov	s or	
	the distance between the light source and the object changes. Assessment 6		

		Year 4	SCIENCE LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDARI	DS		
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y4/S0	C 1 (12)		Y4/SC2(12)				
		GROUPING LI	IVING THINGS		DANGERS TO LIVING THINGS				
T E R M	Describe how living thing characteristics and based Recognise that there is a species. Create simple dichotomore Explore and use classificational and wider environment.	gs are classified into broad l on similarities and differe vast array of living things a ous keys to identify a variet cation keys to help group, in ment.	assified in a variety of ways a groups according to commences, including plants and and know that scientists are any of plants & animals. Identify and name a variety suggest explanations for an	mon observable animals. The still discovering new are of living things in their	Understand that environs reserves, and in negative Construct and interpret a Understand the link between recording, classifying and Plan how to carry out an	ents can change and that the ments can be changed in po- ways, for example, deforest variety of food chains, iden- reen sources of food and and I presenting data in a variet enquiry about the way that attific evidence to answer qu	sitive ways, for example, t ation. tifying producers, predato imal populations in an env y of ways to help in answe environmental change affo	he creation of nature ors and prey. orironment by gathering, ring questions. ects living things.	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y4/S0	C 3 (12)		Y4/SC 4 (6)				
		CHANGES	OF STATE		PLA	NTS	REVISION		
Т	Describe some common Recognise how temperat Understand that water ex Observe that some mater	properties of solids, liquide ure has an effect on chang- cists in three states and cha	ing states of matter. anges from one to another any are heated or cooled, and	at different temperatures.	Recall the functions of di plants. Recall the differer their functions. Recognis not have flowers and cite flowering plants. e.g. con part that flowers play in t	nt parts of a flower and e that some plants may examples of some non ifers, ferns etc Explore the			

	Identify the part played by evaporation with temperat Investigate how materials Set up simple practical end	ture. can be changed by heatin	ng or cooling.	nd associate the rate of	Recall the parts of a seed of germination in plants. Deswater as being from soil in through the stem through other parts of the plant. Occlery, carnations to underwater is transported within plants need water, light, no space to grow well. Under minerals to help plants grofertilisers/organic matter	scribe the pathway of nto plant's roots and up the plant to leaves and Observe uptake of dye in erstand the way in which in plants. Understand that putrients, air and enough estand that soil provides ow and that	Revision for First Term Examination	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/S0	C5 (12)			Y4/S0	26 (12)	
		ELECT	RICITY			SOU	IND	
	Understand that some dev Construct simple working Construct a simple series of bulb, buzzer and switch. Understand that a circuit is Identify whether or not a lepart of a complete loop with Understand that some may 'conductor' and 'insulator' Recognise some common Assessment 4	series circuits from simple electrical circuit, identifying needs a power source to wamp will light in a simple that battery terials conduct electricity	e instructions or drawings ng and naming its basic pork. series circuit, based on with the better than others using the series circuit.	arts, including cells, wires, hether or not the lamp is he terms electrical	Explain how sound is transexplain that sounds come Find patterns between the Find patterns between the setting up simple practical Recognise that sounds ge	e pitch of a sound and featu e volume of a sound and th	to the brain vel through solids, liquids ares of the object that prod e strength of the vibration	luced it. s that produced it by
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/S0	C 7 (12)		Y4/S0	C 8 (4)		
T		HUMAN N	UTRITION		SIMPLE MI	ECHANISM	REVI	SION
R	Describe, in outline only, to Sequence the process of disegestion. Describe the simple function of the different types and further plan an investigation on the Report on findings from expresults and conclusions	igestion in humans as ing ions of the basic parts of the sof teeth in humans and the notions of animal teeth. (Hooth decay.	estion, swallowing, digest he digestive system in hur heir simple functions. Ierbivores, Carnivores & C	ion, absorption and	Recognise that some med levers, pulleys and gears, a have a greater effect.		Revision for	Final Exam

		Year 5 S	CIENCE LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDARI)S		
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y5/S0	C 1 (16)			Y5/SC	C 1(16)		
		LIFEC	YCLES		PLANT LIFECYCLES				
71	Describe the differences be Describe complete metando Describe the changes as has seen as the Asset as the changes are the changes as the changes are the changes as the changes are the chang	norphosis and incomplete	metamorphosis.	Describe sexual reproduction in plants. Sequence the life cycle of a typical flowering plant using the terms 'germination', 'flowering pollination', 'fertilisation' and 'seed dispersal'. Understand conditions required for the germination of seeds. Compare how successfully germinate in different conditions (e.g. light, water).				Identify the ir different parts.	
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y5/SC 2 (12)		Y5/SC 3 (12)					
		MATERIALS		SEPARATING MIXTURES			REVI	SION	
T E R M	Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic WS-Recording data using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs WS-Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations WS-Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. WS-Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary WS-Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate WS-Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair test Assessment 3			separate some mixtures. of mixed solids (for examsugar). Explain how filtration material Predict and investigate solution of the cannot be separated by find Describe ways in which solved more quickly. Explain that when a solution evaporate into the air, lead Investigate and observe a lover time. Take water-level Use knowledge of solids, separated, including by some sugar solution.	simple substances such as Investigate with a comparation is left exposed to the adving the dissolved solid be a solution, such as salt watevel measurements and skew a liquids and gases to decide sieving, using a magnet, filthods using a series of mixtures.	Revision for First Term Examination			

Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y5/SC	24 (16)			Y5/SC	C5 (16)			
		TYPES OF	CHANGE		EARTH AND SPACE					
E R M	Observe a teacher-led pra Explain that changes of s Understand that dissolvin Explain that some chang usually reversible includin Describe simple irreversible Describe observable chang materials are formed. Observe a practical expension	freezing, evaporation and of actical experiment to melt, it state require changes of teming, mixing and changes of signs result in the formation of ang changes associated with ble changes. Inges when acid and bicarbo riment in which acid and bit Assessment 5	freeze, evaporate and conceptrature. State are reversible change frew materials, and that to burning. In the property of the change of the ch	dense water. es. this kind of change is not s evidence that new	Understand that the Sun is a star and is at the centre of our Solar System. Understand that the Earth, Sun and Moon are part of the Solar System and that Earth is a planet one Moon. Understand that planets may be different sizes and some have more than one moon. Describe the position and the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in ou System. Describe the movement of the Moon relative to Earth, and Earth and other planets relative to the correctly using the term 'orbit'. Understand that ideas about the Solar System have changed and developed over time. Explain that Earth spins on its axis causing some parts of Earth to be in daylight when other part in darkness. Understand how shadow length changes during the course of a day. Investigate patterns in shadow lengths, using simple sundials or shadow clocks. Use the idea of Earth's rotation to explain the apparent movement of the Sun across the sky.					
					Use the idea of Earth's ro Assessment 6	tation to explain the appare	ent movement of the Sun a			
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	Assessment 6 WEEK 5	WEEK 6	ent movement of the Sun a			
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2 Y5/SC		WEEK 4	Assessment 6 WEEK 5 Y5/SC 7 (4)			across the sky.		
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1		6 (16)	WEEK 4	Assessment 6 WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	across the sky.		

Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
			Y6/SC 6 (20)				Y6/SC 7 (12)	
E R M	Understand that a circuit of Construct simple series circuit in Investigate and find how to voltage of cells, the number Compare and give reasons the on/off position of switches.	needs a power source, and reuits and use recognised the brightness of a lamp, the of components in the cites.	for components when drawing or designing simple series circuits. I that a complete circuit is needed for a device to work. symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. the volume of a buzzer or the speed of a motor changes with the number and fircuit and the on/off position of switches used in the circuit. Inponents function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers, tors. Realise the effect of brightness of bulbs. Construct simple series circuits.			Recognise that living things have changed over time and the work of Charles Darwin to explore how things evolved. Understand how fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. Exploring 'Evolution and Natural Selection'. Know what is 'Selective breeding'. Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that Adaptation may lead to evolution. Assessment 6		
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y6/S0	· · ·		C8 (8)	Y6/SC 9 (4)	Y6/SC 10 (4)		
					PLANT LIFE CYCLES Understand that some	EARTH & SPACE Understand that the Sun	REVISION	
T E R M	TYPES OF CHANGE Explain, with examples, that mixtures can be separated using a sieve or filter. Understand the terms 'dissolving', 'solution', 'solvent' and 'solute'. Explain how a solute can be recovered from a solution by evaporating the solvent. Understand that melting, freezing, evaporation and condensation are changes of state. Explain that changes of state require changes of temperature. Describe the role of evaporation and condensation in the water cycle. Understand that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. A practical experiment to test factors affecting dissolving. Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible. Describe simple irreversible changes. Observe and describe changes when acid and bicarbonate of soda are mixed, as evidence that new materials are formed. Assessment 7		object grips to a surface. resistance and water resis reduces the speed at whic	e falling object. In one force can act on an and these forces can be on and size of an arrow. In one force can be on and size of an arrow. It is in acts on moving and the oaffect how well an arrow with the objects move.	which produce seeds that grow into new plants. Sequence the life cycle of a typical flowering plant. Understand conditions required for the germination of seeds. Explain why seeds need to be dispersed and the ways in which this can occur. Describe different mechanisms by which seeds are dispersed. Distinguish between pollination and	is a star and is at the centre of our Solar System. Know that the Earth, Sun and Moon are part of the Solar System and that Earth is a planet with one Moon. Describe the position and the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in our Solar System. Understand that ideas about the Solar System have changed and developed over time. Use the idea of Earth's rotation to explain the apparent movement of the Sun across the sky.	Revision for	Final Exam

		Year 7 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS			
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y7 /SC 1 (12)		Y7 /S	C 2 (8)			Y7 /SC 3 (12)			
	CELL	S AND ORGANISA	TION	THE PARTI	CLE MOI	DEL		ENERGY			
E R M	a light microscope. Know cytoplasm, nucleus, vacuo similarities and difference	to observe, interpret and the functions of the cell woole, mitochondria and chlores between plant and animalent of materials in and between their functions Described their functions of the cells the entify the reactants in, and the use of sunlight in pho	record cell structure using rall, cell membrane, oroplasts. Describe the al cells. Explain the role tween cells. Identify some be the hierarchical o tissues to organs to products of, tosynthesis to build	matter (solid, liquid and gas) in terms of the particle model, including gas pressure. Know the similarities and differences, including density differences, between solids, liquids and gases. Identify scientific questions, hypothesis and predictions. Know how evidence and observations are used to develop into a theory and evidence is used to support a theory. Explain how Brownian motion supports particle theory. Use particle theory			Comparing energy values Know the different ways work done and energy cha law of conservation of ene of a system and describe of Explain why fossil fuels a fossil fuels. Give some exa sun is the original source the advantages and disad-	ople need different amounts of different foods (from later in which energy is transfer anges on deformation of el- ergy. Compare the starting changes in the amounts of re described as nonrenewal amples of renewable energy of energy for most of our el- vantages of different energi- uels. Explain what is efficient	bels) (kJ) red and stored. Identify astic maetrial. Recall the with the final conditions energy associated. ble. Give examples of resources. Know how nergy resources. Know some		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y7 /S0	Y7 /SC 4 (8)		Y7 /SC 5 (10)			Y7/SC 6 (1	0)			
	MUSCLES A	S AND BONES MIXTUR		ES AND SEPARATION			FORCES	REVISION			
T E R M	Know how muscles in the allow ventilation. Underst breathing to move air in a a pressure model to explaigases. Describe the role of Know the structure and fuskeleton. Know some different how antagonistic and are controlled to allow different drugs affect the left.	and the mechanism of and out of the lungs, using in the movement of of muscles in the heart. Inctions of the human erent types of joint. It pair of muscle operate w movement. Recall how	and know how to reduce techniques for separating distillation and chromatog variables on solubility. Ur of mass, and reversibility, sublimation, condensation chromatography and dist	dissolving. Know how Bunsen burner is used. Identify I and know how to reduce risks. Know and explain simple techniques for separating mixtures: filtration, evaporation distillation and chromatography. Know the effects of different variables on solubility. Understand conservation of mate of mass, and reversibility, in melting, freezing, evaporate sublimation, condensation, dissolving. Give examples of chromatography and distillation is used. Investigate the separartion of different dyes in ink using			objects. Use force arrows dimension, balanced and the net force acting in object. Name forces and of forces. Describe how the each force applied. Investigates a Law. Know the effect of which friction can be characteristics.	in diagrams, for adding unbalanced forces. Able ects. Know the effects of classify them as contact or extension of a spring ate force-extension linear as of frictions. Explain anged. Know the not helpful. Know what is gh and low pressure in	Revision for First Term Exam		
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y7 /S0	Y7 /SC 7 (8) Y7 /SC 8 (10) Y7 /SC				Y7 /SC 9 (1	2)				
	FCOSY	VSTEM	ATOMS FIFM	WORKING							

		ECOSI	SILWI	ATOM	o, 1:11:1111	FIA 12 VIAD MIOPE	COLLS		CUMENT ELEC	IMCIII	SCIENTIFICALLY
T E R M	E S	s caused. Identify causes ovariation. Know the adaptaseasonal changes. Know w	now some adaptations whow inherited variation of environmental ation to daily and vays in which organisms mmunities. Use food web yramid of numbers to	different element difference of an element compounds. understand	ifferent elements are used for different purposes. Know what he difference between metals and non metals is. Relate the use of an elements to its properties Know how do elements form compounds. Know how can we use chemical reactions. Use and inderstand word equations for chemicals reactions. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Assessment 8			Define electric current. Measure current in series and parallel circuits. Know how switches can control different kinds of circuit. Know how changing the number or type of component in circuit affects the current. Define potential difference. Explain why the current increases when the voltage of supply is increased. Know the relationship between resistances as the ratio of potential difference (p.d.) to current. Know differences in resistance between conducting and insulating components(Quantitative). Understand the use of fuses and circuit breakers. Know how the different wires are connected in plug. Assessment 9 Investigate current in series and parallel circuits			Ask questions and develop a line of enquiry based on observations of the real world,make predictions plan and carry out the most appropriate types of scientific enquiries to test predictions, including identifying independent, dependent and control variables, use appropriate techniques apparatus & materials paying attention to health and safety.
Year 7	7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y7	/ SC 10 (10)			Y7 /SC 11 (1	0)		Y7 /SC 12 (4)	NC	
		ACIDS A	AND ALKALIES			SOUND			REPRODUCTION	SIMPLE MACHINES	REVISION
T E R M	E C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Know why hazard symbols examples of acids and alkabe used to test for acidic, at the pH scale and how it is Explain the pH changes ta Describe and explain every reactions of acids with alkawaterreactions of acids with Assessment 10	alis. Investigate how indically alkaline or neutral solution useful. Describe neutralizating place during neutral y day neutralization reactivalis to produce a salt plus	cators can ns. Know cations. dization. ons-	Know link be moves throu from their so Know how n aware of the animals. Kno physiotherap conversion to sonar and ec- transverse w	use of sounds and how to between frequency and pitch gh materials. Explain why burce. Know the part of the nicrophones convert sound auditory range of frequence by some uses of ultrasound by by ultra-sound; waves transport of the properties of the properties of the properties. Compare aves. Know that all waves consitions means. Assessment	n. Know how sounds get for and their into electric ies in humand - use for cleansferring intophone. Explongitudinal can be reflect	sound ainter further functions. signals. Be and caning and formation for and	including the reproductive systems, menstrual cycle, gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth and	Understand that simple machines give bigger force but at the expense of smaller movement (and vice versa): product of force and displacement unchanged. Describe moment as the turning effect of a force.	Revision for Final Exam

	Year 8 SCIENCE LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
		Y8 /SCI 1 (12)			Y8 /SCI 2 (12)	Y8 /SCI 3 (8)							
	FOO	OD AND NUTRITI	ION		COMBUSTION		ENERGY TRANSFER						
	Know the the nutrients we need in our diets and its sources. Calculate energy Know the reactions of hydrogen and hydrocarbons with oxygen. Know the Know how internal energy and temperature are												

R M	in food substances. Describe what each nutrient does in the body. Realise the benefits of a balanced diet. Know the consequences of imbalances in the diet, including obesity, starvation and deficiency diseases. Identify organs of the human digestive system, including adaptations to function and describe how the digestive system digests food. Know that enzymes act as biological catalysts. Explain the importance of bacteria in the human digestive system. Understand the role of diffusion in the movement of materials in and between cells. Assessment 1 WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 will be transferred. Explain we particles when a liquid evapore energy is transferred by radia convection. Use the particle reactions. Use the fire triangle to explain how to control a fire. Identify hazard symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause problems and how their effects can be reduced. Describe the greenhouse effect and how it is caused. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Investigate the amount of oxygen needed for burning. Assessment 2 WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WIII be transferred. Explain we particles when a liquid evapore symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause problems and how their effects can be reduced. Describe the greenhouse effect and how it is caused. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Describe energy transfers in matter. Realise how human activity may cause global warming. Assessment 2 WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7								aporates. Know how adiation, conduction and cle model to explain and cle model to explain and power and efficiency. The service of the servic
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E K 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y8 /S	C 4 (8)	Y	8 /SCI 5 (10)			Y8 /SC	I 6 (10)	
	PLANTS AND THEI	R REPRODUCTION	THE PI	ERIODIC TABLE			LIG	нт	REVISION
M	_	escribe reproduction in tructure, wind and insect seed and fruit formation quantitative investigation nisms. Know about seed importance of plant ect pollination in human ment 4	atoms and molecules. Ide compound from description what kinds of particles are differences between metal changes and compound from the equations for chemicals resome important elements some typical properties of gases. Know melting, free to predict the state of a sur of metals and non metals properties. Describe the sand oxygen. Identify trenchemical properties using	entify elements, mixtures at ons and particle diagrams. e found in air. Knowl and non metats. Describe formation. Use and undeteactions. Use the periodic including transition metals falkali metals halogens and ezing and boiling points and abstance. Identify trends are in the periodic table by the reactions of some elements ds and make predictions at the periodic table. Investigated and non-metal oxides	ow the e chemical erstand word table to find ls. Know d noble ad use them and position heir s with water bout igate the	waves in mat vaccuum. In the transmiss scattering an to explain im Define refract focusing. Inv parts and sta transfer energe electrical effects	tter. Realise that light vestigate laws of refusion of light through a specular reflection region of light and desired to their functions in the specific form source to all ects. Identify the column of the light pass the colour effects in absolute of the specific specific to the specific sp	nces between light waves and at waves can travel through dection using mirror. Describe a materials: absorption, diffuse at a surface. Use of ray model iscuss some uses of lenses. Scribe action of convex lens in of light in glass slab. List the human eye. Realise that light osorber, leading to chemical and ours and different frequencies rough a prism. Know the orption and diffuse reflection.	Revision for First Term Exam
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y8	3 /SCI 7 (10)		Y8 /SC	I 8 (12)			Y8 /SCI 9 (10)
BREATHING AND RESPIRATION METALS AND THEIR USES F						FLUIDS			
T E R	Know the structure and functions of the gas exchange system in humans, including adaptations to function. Understand the mechanism of breathing. Recognize the the impact of exercise, asthma and smoking on the human gas exchange system. Know the reactions of metals and non-metals. Describe what a catalyst is and some differences in arrangements, in motion and in closeness of uses of catalysts. Know what happens during corrosion and rusting. Explain asthma and smoking on the human gas exchange system. Know the reactions of metals are reactions of metals are reactions of metals.							and in closeness of hape and density, the ure the density of what is pressure and the	

		and its effects during and after hard exercise. Know the gas exchange in different organisms. Assessment 7 Assessment 7 Explain how to improve the quality alloys. Identify pure Explain how to improve the quality alloys. Identify pure Explain how to improve the quality alloys. Identify pure Explain how to improve the quality alloys. Identify pure Explain how to improve the quality alloys are and why the provided in the provi					data collected te used. Use nation	l during nodels t ir meltin	to explain the proping points and boiling	Explain what erties of ng points.	to any surfact depth -upthr atmospheric weight of air which drag f	e is defined as ratio of force ce. Know that pressure in literate effects, floating and sing pressure decreases with ire above decreases with heignorces can be incresased or ag forces and describe howessment 9	quids increases with hking. Understand that acrease of height as this. Describe ways in reduced. Know the
	Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WE	EK 4		WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
ſ		Y8 /SC	CI 10 (8)	Y	8 /SCI 11	(6)			Y8 /SCI 12 (10)		NC	
		UNICELLULAR ORGANISMS			ROCKS		EARTH AND SPACE					MAGNETIC EFFECT OF CURRENT	REVISION
	T E R M	Use cell features to identific kingdoms. Differentiate be multi cellular organisms. It used in brewing and baking reproduce and the limiting process of anaerobic respiniteroorganisms, including Know the functions of the protoctist cells. Know how food and explain its importance of decompose carbon in an ecosystem use Assessment 10	etween unicellular and Explain how yeasts are ng. Describe how yeasts g factors. Describe the iration in g fermentation. e parts of a bacterial and v algae make their own rtance. Explain the ers. Model the recycling of	rocks are rel Recall some structure of recomposition formation of and metamo cycle model rocks. Expla evidence for Describe we Know how n	uses of rocks the Earth and of atmosphe igneous, sed rphic rocks. to link the th in how the gr the speed of athering and netals are obt ages of recycle	texture. s. Know the lithe cre. Know the limentary Use the rock ree types of rain size is cooling. erosion.	change in sec poles. Know Earth's magn objects using mass x graving different on of and Moon, a	asons the about protection in the plant of t	solar system. Use the pattern of light a properties of magneted. Investigate the meter. Calculate grafield strength (g), anets and stars; graveen Earth and Surf gravity. Know ab Explain what a li	and dark at the ets, magnetice weight of direction with force, we can Earth g=1 avity forces be avity forces be as Know the foout stars, gal	te Earth's fields and ferent reight = 0 N/kg, etween Earth actors that	Explain the magnetic effect of a current. Describe the use electromagnets and the principle of D.C. motors. Investigate the factors affecting the strength of electromagnets	Revision for Final Exam

	Year 9 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
Т	Y9 /B1 (24)												
E		Key Biological Concepts											
		Explain how the sub-cellular structures of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells Understand how changes in microscope technology, including electron microscopy, have enabled us to see cell structures with											
1	structure of animal, plant	more clarity and detail. Compare the use of light & electron microscope. Do calculations based on magnification & scale bar concept. Write measured length / diameter of measured objects in standard form. CORE PRACTICAL 1: Produce labelled scientific drawings from observations of biological specimens using microscopes. Assessment 2											
Year 9 BIO	9 BIO WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8												

					Y9/B1 (21)						
T				Key	Biological Conce	pts			REVISION		
R M 1	Explain the structure, pro enzymes. Describe factor activity. Plan experiments affecting enzyme activity. graphs related to enzyme <i>CORE PRACTICAL 2: For activity.</i>	rs affecting enzyme s linked with factors . Analyse & interpret action.	Explain various tests used to detect presence of starch, protein, fat & sugars. Understand how the energy in food can be measured using calorimetry. **Assessment 3** Explain how substances are transported by diffusion, osmosis and activation and activation of transport. Compare process of diffusion, osmosis & active transport. Such activation of diffusion, osmosis & active transport in living organisms. Interpretation of transport of diffusion. **Comparison of Aerobic & anaerobic respiration, Use of fermentation of transport.** Oxygen Debt & EPOC Investigate: Diffusion in agar. Assessment 4**					active transport. Enlist g organisms. Interpret	Revision for First Term Exam		
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
	Y9/B2(24)										
T	Cells & Control Describe mitosis as part of the cell cycle including Describe cancer as the result of changes in cells that lead to uncontrolled cell Explain the structure and function of sensory neur										
M 2	Describe mitosis as part of the cell cycle including the stages interphase, prophase, metaphase, anaphase and telophase and cytokinesis. Understand the importance of mitosis in growth, repair and asexual reproduction. CORE PRACTICAL 3: Investigate the use of chemical reagents to identify starch, reducing sugars, proteins and fats in food substances Describe cancer as the result of changes in cells division. Explain growth in organisms, including differentiation in animals & cell division, elongate plants. Demonstrate an understanding of the use monitor growth. Identify types of stem cells and Assessment 5					ell division and and differentiation in percentiles charts to	nes, motor neurons and ncluding the axon, itters. Differentiate n reflex action.				
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y9/E	32 (12)			Y9/					
		Cells &	Control			Gen	etics	REVISION	REVISION		
E R M	Describe the structures and functions of spinal cord and brain including the cerebellum, cerebral hemispheres and medulla oblongata. Understand various brain imaging techniques. Discuss some of the limitations in treating damage and diseases in the brain and other parts of the nervous system, including spinal injuries. Assessment 7 Explain the structure and function the eye as a sensory receptor. Describe defects of the eye. Explain the structure and function the eye as a sensory receptor. Describe defects of the eye as a sensory receptor. Core practical 4: Osmosis apportances.					Discuss advantages and reproduction and sexual role of meiotic cell division genetically different hapl	Components & interactions within Ecosystem. Photosynthesis- process chemical & word equation & use of products of photosynthesis Role of useful, harmful bacteria. Classification of organisms.	Revision for Final Exam			

Vegt OCHEMICTRY IONIC TERM DIAN with CURRICULUM CTANDARDS

1Cal 7 CHEMISTRI LONG TERM TEAN WILL CURRICULUM STAINDARDS												
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y9/ CHE 1 (9)			Y9/ CH	E 2 (12)						
		tes of Matter (SC 1a	<u> </u>		of Separating and P	• 0		Analysis of risks and hazards in experiments				
T E R M	each of the three states of interconversions between conditions in arrangemen interconversions. State the	movement and the relative matter: solid, liquid and g the three states of matter. It, movement and energy of meaning of the terms 'subheating and the cooling cuthe graphs.	gas. Name the Explain the changes and of particles during these blimation'and	experimental techniques filtration, crystallisation, pand fractional distillation, knowing the properties of paper chromatogram to docomparison with known s	etween a pure substance are for separation of mixtures of paper chromatography. Draw Describe an appropriate eff the components of the mixistinguish between pure are substances and identify substances and identify substances are composition of Assessment 2	by simple distillation, fraction as a neat labelled diagram experimental technique to exture. Describe paper chrond impure substances, identification and impures by calculation and	tional distillation, n for simple distillation separate a mixture omatography, interpret a ntify substances by d use of Rf values.	Suggest general safety measures needed while working in laboratory. Recall the experiments such as filtration, distillation, crystallization, chromatography and identify the hazards in each. List out the safety measure which has to adopted based on the hazards in an experiment. Identify the hazard symbols.				
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y9/ CHE 3 (9)		Y9/ CI	HE 4 (6)	Y9/ CI	HE 5 (6)					
	Ato	mic Structure (SC 3	a-c)	The Periodic	Гable (SC 4a-c)	Ionic bor	nds (Sc 5a)	REVISION				
T E R M	electrons, neutrons and matomic particles. Calculat atom of an elements and i and ions. Define electronicharge for proton, electronelement with different nur Calculate the RAM of element	del of atom, structure of acucleus. Predict the mass ace the number of protons, econs. Draw shell diagram for configuration. Comparent, neutron. Define isotopember of neutrons and same ments based on their percents.	nd the charge for the sub- electrons, neutrons in an for the structure of atom the relative mass and s as atoms of the same e number of protons.	periodic table by using prand their compounds. Co the diferences between M periodic tables. Spot out the periodic table. Use the Periodic table.	arranged the elements in a coperties of these elements in a coperties of these elements in a coperties and the similarities and dendeleev's and modern the pair reversals from the riodic Table to obtain the atomic masses and proton edict the electronic 20 elements in the s and in the form 2.8.1. The configuration of an osition in the periodic and the period of an	and anion. Explain ionic of ionic compounds. Use explain the formation of i Assessment 5	entiate between cation bond. Write the formulae dot and cross diagrams to	Revision for First Term Exam				
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		VO/CH	IF 5 (12)			V0/CL	IF 6 (12)					

75		17/ (11	112 3 (12)		17/ CIIL 0 (12)					
T E		Ionic lattice	es (Sc5b – c)		Covalent Bonding (SC 6a)					
R M	 ide and -ate in the name lattices. Predict why ionic of crystals are determined bonding and explain your 	e the formulae of different in the soft compounds. Discuss of compounds have high mean that the structure of the latter reasoning. Giving reasons seement 6	which particles and forces elting points and boiling p tice. Identifying the comp	are present in ionic oints. Predict the shapes ounds that have ionic	names of some covalent molecules. Draw the dot cross diagrams for molecules. Use of dot and cross diagrams to explain the formation of covalent molecules. Discuss the bonding in a molecule of water, ammonia, methane, fluorine, carbon dioxide, oxygen, nitrogen, and carbon tetrachloride. Discus properties of covalent compounds like low boiling points and melting points, poor conductor of electricity. Assessment 7					
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
			Y9/ CHE 7 (15)							
		Types of substance	ces and balancing e	quations (SC7a-d)		Reactivity series	REVISION			
E R M	simple molecular structure diamond, graphite, fullered of particles in a metal. Examelting points, high dense conductors. Predict the demodels like dot and cross models to show structure	lain how properties if properes and giant covalent structures and graphene. List the plain the bonding in metals sity and are good conductor different types of structure as 3,3D space filling, ball and see and bonding. Write word a cessment 8,9	ctures. Discuss the structure typical physical properties and their properties. Express of electricity whereas mand bonding models used stick to explain the properties.	re and properties of differences of metals and non metals alain most metals as shiny nost nonmetals have low but to describe substances. Details of substances. List the	ent allotropes of carbon- s.Discuss the arrangement solids which have high oiling points and are poor emonstrate the use of limitations of bonding	Identify the similarities and differences in the way different metals react with water, acid and salt solutions. State order of reactivity of metals from exptal data. Suggest how the method of extraction of a metal is related to its position in reactivity series. Use reactivity series to predict whether a reaction will take place or not.	REVISION FO	R FINAL EXAM		

	YEAR 9 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS													
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8						
	Y9/P1 (3)		Y9/P	2 (12)		NC	Y9/F	23 (6)						
	Key concepts of Physics		Conservation	on of energy		motor effect	Wa	ves						
T		Use diagrams to represent describe the concept of co					Explain that waves transfe without transferring matte							
E R	multiples and sub-	wasteful when there is rise ways of reducing unwante	e in temperature leading to	dissipating energy to the	surroundings. Explain		frequency, wavelength, an velocity and wavefront as							
M	conversions. Use of significant figures and	increased. $\times \Delta h$ and KE = 1/2 mv ² .		Use the	equation $\triangle GPE = m \times g$	electric motor convert	Explain the difference bet transverse waves. Use the	ween longitudinal and equations: wave velocity						
	standard form where	gravitational field strength	n and also realise that the	value of g is not same ever	ywhere (NC)	energy .	$v = f \lambda$ and $v = x/t$ Descr	ibe how to measure the						

	appropriate. Use of excel sheets for drawing graphs, google doc/sheet for sharing	Describe the main energy fuel, wind, hydroelectricit non-renewable sources ar	y, waves, tides and Sun) a	on Earth (including fossil nd compare the ways in w Assessment 1	fuels, nuclear fuel, bio- hich both renewable and		velocity of sound in air and surfaces. Calculate depth of wave velocity. Assessm	or distance from time and		
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y9/F	24(12)		NC					
		Sound	Waves		Earth Science	Working Scientifically	REVI	SION		
E R	frequency and wavelength infra sound and ultra sound Assessment 3	n of sound waves in differently. Explain the way the hund waves including sonar, was of equipment to measure	nan ear works. Describe the fetal scanning and study of	he features and uses of of earth's structure. CORE PRACTICAL 2:	between types of seismic	• •	Revision for Fir	st Term Exam		
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y9/P	5 (12)		Y9/P6 (12)					
T E			nd Refraction		Light					
ъ	the change of speed and reflect waves in ways that	s of reflection. Explain how direction. Describe that dift wary with wavelength. rectangular glass blocks in	ferent substances may abs Assessment 4 COI	sorb, transmit, refract or RE PRACTICAL 3 -	including the law of reflect different materials. Descr converging and diverging	ction and critical angle. De ibe the transmission of ligh	raction and total internal rescribe and explain different through filters. Describe sof different types of lens in the Assessment 5	tial absorption of light by the refraction of light by n producing real and		
			WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2								
	WEEK 1	Y9/P7 (9)			Y9/P8 (9)					
Т	Ele		'um	G	Y9/P8 (9) etic spectrum - Uses	G	REVIS	SION		

amount of thermal energy radiated or absorbed.

order of decreasing wavelength and increasing frequency. Identify common

thermal radiation. Assessment 6

	YEAR 10 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
		YEAR 10 H	BIOLOGY LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	JLUM STANDAI	RDS					
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y10 /B	3 (16)			Y10 / F	33 (16)					
T		DNA & Prote	ein Synthesis		Genetics							
R M	Differentiate gene & gene amino acids in the protein translation. Describe how phenotype by influencing	mer made up of two polynuctome. Explain how the order in. Understand the stages of genetic variants in the coding the binding of RNA polymene significance of HGP & c	of bases in a section of D of protein synthesis, including & non coding DNA of herase, altering the quant	NA decides the order of ding transcription and of a gene can affect ity & activity of protein	understanding inheritant features are controlled by interpret patterns of mor pedigree. Describe the in	endel in discovering the basice before the mechanism way genes- dominant/recessive to hybrid inheritance using anheritance of the ABO blood and the cause, symptoms are anisms. Assessment 2	as discovered. Understand re and homozygous/hetero a genetic diagram, Punnet d groups with reference to nd cure for sex linked dise	that characteristic ozygous. Analyse and square and family codominance and				
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
			Y10 /I	34 (24)								
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{T} \\ \mathbf{E} \end{array}$		N	Natural Selection &	Selective Breeding	g		REVI	SION				
R M	theory. Describe the evidence of the evidence of the evolution. Understand hosts its impact on food plants:	& Darwin to explain theory ence of human evolution bath by genetic analysis had led the and domesticated animals. The specific properties and writing their heirarches.	sed on fossil records & s to the suggestion of three Assessment 3	tone tools.Interpret how p	pentadactyl limb provides ingdom method .Underst	evidence for	REVISION FOR F	IRST TERM EXAM				
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		Y10/B4 (12)				Y10/ B5(20)						
T	Clonin	ng & Genetic modific	cation		Health & Disease							
R M	Describe the process of tissue culture& genetic engineering and its advantages & disadvantages in medical research & plant breeding programmes. Evaluate the benefits & risks of selective breeding, tissue culture & genetic engineering in modern agriculture & medicine. Assessment 4 Differentiate infectious & non infectious disease in humans. Describe the cause, spread and control of infectious disease and malnutrition. Explain the disease and malnutrition. Explain the effect of lifestyle factors of non communicable diseases. Evaluate treatments for CVD. Assessment 5 CORE PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis in potatoes.											

2: Factors affecting enzyme activity.

YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6				WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
Т		Healt	h, Disease and the c	development of med	icines		REVISION	REVISION
R M	Describe the physical bar of the human body. Expla responses in the human b immunisation & evaluate immunisation techniques	ody. Understand the various	the aseptic techniques use	lal & bacteriostatic action ed in culturing microorgan s in drug trialling done in l Assessment 6	isms .Identify and numan .Evaluate each	chemicals, antibiotics and antiseptics to favour cure and avoid spread of	Trophic level, Energy flow and ecological pyramid. Investigation skills –Describe and drawing conclusions of experiment data given.	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION

		Year 10 CH	IEMISTRY LON	IG TERM PLAN	N with CURRICU	J LUM STANDA	RDS			
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y10 /CH	IE 1 (16)			Y10 /CH	HE 2 (16)			
		Calculations involving	ng masses (SC 9a-c)		Acids and Alkalies (SC 8a-g)					
T E R M	Calculate relative formula formula of a compound. It and deduce molecular formula the concentration balanced chemical equation Apply the law of conservative reaction. Calculate loss in vice versa. Assessment 1	Deduce the empirical forms mula of a compound from on of solutions in gram per ons from the masses of rea tion of mass to calculate th mass from the given data.	ula when percentage mass emprical formula and the decimeter cube. Define line tants and products. Define mass of reactants or pro	of each element is given molecular mass. miting reactant. Deduce a ne Avogadro's constant. ducts in a chemical	of acids with metals, metal oxides, carbonates, hydroxides, tests for gases, salt preparation and solubility rules. Write the word and balanced chemical equations for the reactions of acids with metals alkalis, metal carbonates and hydrogen carbonates. Identify the colour changes for the different acid base indicators. Carry out experiments for the titration and know how to use a pipette, burette and					
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y10 /CF	HE 3 (16)			Y10 / CHE 4 (12)				
		Flactrolytic Droc	20000 (SC 10a a)		Ohtoining	r and using metals ((SC 11a d)			

T			cesses (3C 10a-c)		Obtaini	ng anu using metais (3C 11a- u)	REVISION
E R M	compounds like sodium copper(II) chloride, sodi inert electrodes. Define t of aqueous copper (II) s using electrolysis using purification of copper. W	ulfate using inert and copper a neat labelled diagram. Pre Trite ionic half equations at a Investigate the electrolysis	e, calcium oxide and aqueon, acidified water, molten lestion in terms of electrons er electrodes. Explain how edict how anode sludge is to cathode and anode.	ous solutions of ead (II) bromide using s.Compare the electrolysis copper can be purified formed during the	water, acids and salt so reactions as redox reaction of displacement reaction displacement reactions related to its position in as reduction of ores by	and differences in the way of lutions. Explain and demonstions. Predict word and balans. Write ionic equations with a the reactivity series. Summa heating with carbon, biologic cycling of metals. List the factored to the conduct. Assessment 4	strate displacement need chemical equations h state symbols for extraction of a metal is arize extraction of metals cal methods like bacterial	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10 /CHE 5 (12)			Y10/ CHE 6 (12)		Y10/ CF	HE 7 (8)
	Transitio	on Metals, Corrosion	(SC 13a-b)	Electrop	lating & Alloying	(SC 13c-d)	Qualitative Analys (SC 25	and the state of t
R M 2	properties of iron make and observations for iron (II). Reason out why metals of preventing it by exclusion the effect of the dissolver	Discuss their position in the it a typical transition metal.), iron(III) and write their corrode. Explain rusting of on of oxygen and sacrificial ed salt on the rate of rusting cial protection of an offshore	Give the tests, hemical equations. iron and methods of protection. <i>Investigate</i> Evaluate the suitability	properties including alum magnalium and brass. Ev metal bathroom fittings. S instruments.Explain why 'alloys are stronger than to car parts are made from a	ninium, copper and gold aluate the use of electrosuggest a reason that experience wrought iron is an alloy the individual metals the lloy steels. Sating can be done to imp		they are different from bul and the risks associated w CORE PRACTICAL 7:Ide unknown salts, using the cations and anions. Assessment 7	ith these nanoparticles. entify the ions in some
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10 /CHE 8 (12)			Y10/ CHE 9 (8)			
Т	Fuels, Earth an	d Atmospheric Scien	ce (SC 20a - 21d)	Heat energy change	s in Chemical react	ions(Sc19a -b)	REVI	SION
E R M	main fractions of crude of predict the products of or Predict the harmful effect the advantages and disate early atmosphere and attinfluence the climate. D	on renewable finite resource oil. Discuss the features of a complete & incomplete comets of carbon monooxide and dvantages of hydogen and prosphere today and explain escribe how scientist would tween carbon dioxide levels	homologous series and bustion of hydrocarbons. d soot produced. Explain petrol as fuels. Compare how human activities collect evidence to	and endothermic reaction endothermic in nature. De reaction. Calculate the en	s. Investigate whether a raw reaction profile for e	te examples of exothermic reaction is exothermic or exothermic and endothermic as from bond energy data.	REVISION I EXAMIN	

		YEAR 10	PHYSICS LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	aDS	
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y10/	P1 (8)	Y10/1	P2 (8)		Y10/P2 (12)		Y10/P3 (4)
	Atom Mod	el (SP6a-6c)	Radioactivit	y (SP6d-6g)	R	adioactivity(SP6h-6	m)	Motion (SP1a,b)
T E R M	Describe an atom and nu how ions are formed. Identionising radiations and st Explain what is meant by Describe methods for me radioactivity. Describe the and Rutherford alpha parthe Bohr model.	ntify different types of ate their properties. background radiation. asuring and detecting e plum pudding model	Describe the process of rabalance nuclear equations the random and exponent nuclei and define half life. determine half life. Identif different radioactive sourcand the type of emission.	for each decay. Describe ial decay of radioactive Draw decay graphs and by the suitability of	between contamination as uses (PET and tracers). Depower stations. Discuss estations. Describe nuclear	describe the uses and dangers of radioactivity. Describe the differences between contamination and irradiation effects. Explain some of the medical ses (PET and tracers). Describe nuclear fission and working of nuclear ower stations. Discuss environmental and social impact of nuclear power rations. Describe nuclear fusion and discuss the difficulty in attaining the conditions for fusion. Assessment 2		
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y10/	P3 (8)			Y10/P3 (20)			
	Motion	(SP1c-d)		REVISION				
R M	Describe a range of labor determining the speeds of light gates. Use the edu) / t and v² – u²= 2 × a acceleration. Analyse velocompare acceleration from and to calculate accelerate distance travelled. Recall encountered in everyday 3	f objects such as the use quations a = (v - x x to determine ocity/time graphs to m gradients qualitatively ion and to determine the some typical speeds	x g. Introduce the term 'accentripetal force that acts changing velocity (qualitate of linear momentum. Applications. Define Newton crumple zone and other satisfance required for a road done to show the dependence Assessment 4	of how difficult it is to charaction-reaction' pairs. Exploration towards the centre of the of tive only) Define moment by Newton's third law to characteristic features of the car. In different to stoping an enterior of braking distance for	ange the velocity of an objection how for motion in a cincircle. Explain that an objection and use the equation ollision interactions and reparage of momentum. Use the lentify factors affecting stops.	ect. Use the equations rele there must be a result ect moving in a circular orl p = m x v. State and elate it to the conservation the concept of momentum pping distance of a vehicl ge of typical speeds. Carry ity squared(qualitative).	F = m x a and W = m ant force known as a bit at constant speed has a d explain the conservation of momentum in a to explain the role of e. Estimate how the	
YEAR 10	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
PHY			Y10/P4 (12)					
	Y10/	P4 (8)		Y10/P4 (12)			Y10/P5 (12)	
T E		loing work (SP8a)	Forces Describe, with examples,	and their Effects (S	,		Y10/P5 (12) Astronomy (SP7 a-c e value of g differs in differe	

2	2	Express power as the rate identify the factors affection watt is equal to one joule Assessment 5	ng power. Recall that one	can cause rotation. Recall × distance normal to the omoments. Explain how le forces. Assessment	direction of the force. Recavers and gears transmit th	all and use the principle of	splain centripetal force in circular orbits. Relate to Describe the evolution of stars including star sim		
YEA PH		WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y10/P5 (8) Astronomy (SP7 d e) Working Scie			Y10/P6(12)				
				Working Scientifically	Particle model (SP14 a-e)			REVI	SION
T F M	Γ Ε 1	_	rting the Big Bang theory- lain why the red-shift of e for the Universe v methods of observing	dependant variables in an experiment. Differentiate hypothesis and theory. Analyse and draw conclusions from graph. Identify the link between the variables in	Define density of a mater energy stored within the sof state. Explain how heat the system and raise its to specific heat capacity and capacity of materials inclum×c× Δθ. Define specific Assessment 8 CORE PRACTICAL 6: In PRACTICAL 6: In PRACTICAL 7: Investigation	ating a system will change emperature or produce cha describe how to determin	system will change the rature or produce changes the energy stored within anges of state. Define the specific heat ds. Use the equation ΔQ = quation $Q = m \times L$. Solid and liquids CORE by determining the	Revision for th	ne Final Exam

		Year 11 B	BIOLOGY LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS			
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8				
			Y11/B6 (25)	Y11/B7 (15)						
T	Traint structures and their functions									
M 1	factors affecting photosyn factors affecting transpira how plant hormones conti commercial uses of auxin	thesis and analyzing the lition linked with transport. rol & coordinate plant grows, gibberelins & ethene in	af adapted for photosynthe imiting factors. Understand Know how plants are adapted. Understand tropic resplants. Explain how structions, their role in curing discovered for the control of the control o	d mechanisms of transport pted to survive in extreme sponses involved in plant g ure of root hair cell, xylem	of nutrients in plants & environments. Explain rowth. Describe the & phloem are adapted for tigate plant diseases.	Differentiate between typ of diabetes. Recall and de role of hormones and neg cycle. Evaluate the advan Assessment 2	0	entify the cause and cure rual cycle. Interpret the involved in menstrual		
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8				

		Y11/B7 (18	3)		7	Y11/B8 (17)			
		Animal Coordination	n & Control		Exchange & transport in organisms Recall factors affecting diffusion .Interpret Ficks law.Identify and explain the structure and functions of blood, heart, blood vessels and describe its role in transport of nutrients and wastes in the human body.Explain Physical & chemical barriers in human.Describe the role of white blood cells in body defence .Evaluate the uses & production of monoclonal antibodies. Understand and differentiate aerobic and anaerobic respiration and its significance during exercise. Investigate changes taking place during exercise. Calculate breathing rate, pulse rate, cardiac output and stroke volume. Assessment 4 CORE PRACTICAL 7: Factors affecting the rate of respiration in living organisms. Investigation: Measuring pulse rate and BP using BP monitor and oxygen content in the blood using pulse oximeter				
	Understand the general treatments for kidney fai understanding of the role	and negative feedback med structure and functions of u flure. Role of nephron in ur- e of ADH and negative feed Factors affecting photosynta	rinary system. Describe the ine formation. Demonstra lback mechanism.	te an and function and waste the role of monoclor and its single Calculate CORE P. Investigation					
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/B9 (15)			Y11/B9 (15)				
T	Eco	osystem & material c	ycles	E	cosystem & material c	REVI	SION		
R M	real growth and a second control of the control of						REVISION EXAMIN	FOR MOCK NATION	
		Year 11 CH	HEMISTRY LON	NG TERM PL	AN with CURRICU	ULUM STANDA	RDS		
ear 11	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
CHE		Y11/ CH	HE 1 (20)			Y11/ CH	E 2 (20)		

alcohols,

Assessment 2

why it is desirable to have a high percentage yield in a reaction. Reason out why the actual yield is less

than the theoretical yield in some cases. Explain how the data is used to decide on the best way to

economy and energy consumption.

manufacture a product. Compare the two methods of making ethanol in terms of raw materials, atom

Assessment 1

carboxylic acids. Describe the production of ethanol with glucose as well as ethane. Explain the

chemical properties of alcohols. Write equations for the chemical reactions of alkanes, alkenes,

		•							
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11 /CHE 3 (15)			Y11 /CHE 4 (20)				
	Carboxylic A	Acids and Polymers -	- Sc23c- Sc24d		Rates of reaction	n (Sc 18a – 18c)		REVISION	
R M	observations and reaction carboxylic acids. Define of polymers. Differentiate polymerization. Draw the monomer from a polyme with examples, problems <i>CORE PRACTICAL 8: 1</i>	of carboxylic acids from alcome to identify carboxylic acids monomers and polymers. It is between addition and core estructure of polymers. Deer. Define addition and cones with disposal of polymers. Investigate temperature rise seessment 3	ids. Predict reactions of Discuss the different types indensation duce the structure of densation polymerisation	reactions and factors affections and factors affections and factors affections affectively the investigation. Sketch biological catalysts.	CORE PRACTICAL 6: Investigating the effects of changing the conditions of a reaction on the rates of				
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11 /CHE 5 (15)			Y11 /CHE 6 (15)				
T	Dynamic	equilibrium and Cell	ls(SC 15,16)	Groups in	the Periodic Table ((SC 17a- d)	REVI	SION	
M	Define dynamic equilibrium, describe the formation of ammonia as a reversible reaction between nitrogen and hydrogen for Haber process, predict how the position of a dynamic equilibrium is affected by changes in temperature, pressure, concentration. Compare the similarities and differences of making fertiliser in laboratory and factory. Describe how ammonium nitrate is manufactured using Haber process. Assessment 5			water. Explain the displa	d equations for the reaction cement reactions as redox operties like inertness and l	REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION			

		YEAR 11	PHYSIC	CS LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM ST	TANDAR	RDS	
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WI			EK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEI			EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	7	Y11/P2 (13)		Y11/P2 (15)				Y11/P3 (12)		
	Force doing wo	ork and their effects	(SP 9)	Forces and Matter (SP 15)				Electricity and circuits (SP 10-11)		
T E R M	diagrams and resultant fo can cause rotation. Recall force = force × distance r	interact. Draw and use free crees. Identify situations what and use the equation: more mormal to the direction of the ple of moments. Explain he tational effects of forces.	nere forces oment of a he force. ow levers	equation to on the control of the co	calculate the spring consta lculate the work done in st fluid as being due to the f pressure is related to force	c and inelastic distortion. nt: F = kx. Use the equation retching a spring. Describe luid and atmospheric present and area, P = F/A. Describe with depth and density. I	on E = e the sure. cribe and	different met static electric electric field point charge	city. Describe the shape a	ator, Dangers and uses of nd direction of the es and relate the

1	Assessment 1		fluid displac whether an o <mark>Assessment CORE PRA</mark>	ed. Explain how the factor object will float or sink. 2	t upthrust is equal to the we es upthrust and weight dete	ermine phenomena of static electricity Assessment 3			
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/P4 (15)			Y11/P5 (15)				
	Electric	city and Circuits (SI	P 10 -11)	Magnet	ism and motor effec	t (SP12)	REV	ISION	
T E R M	State explain Ohm's law a circuits. Develop an under resistances. Investigate IV conductors like metal wire diode. (using secondary date collisions between electron effect of an electric current advantages and disadvanta Electrical Safety: Explain between the live, neutral at earth wire and of fuses or earth wire and of fuses or eastern 4 CORE PRACTICAL 5a,b graphs and test series and	rstanding of components of graphs of different ohmice, filament lamp, LDR and ata) Explain the energy trans and the ions in the lattict and calculate electrical pages of the heating effect the difference between act and earth mains wires. Experience it breakers for safety.	with changing c and non-ohmic d semi conductor ansfer as the result of ice. Explain the heating bower. Describe the of an electric current c and dc. Recall the p.d plain the function of an	and direction of the magrifield. Relate field strength current can create a magrifield the field strength to Explain that magnetic for Use Fleming's left-hand magnetic field. Use the econductor in a magnetic field. Assessment 5	manent and induced magn netic field around bar magn to the concentration of lin netic effect around a long st to the current and distance for ces are due to interactions rule to show directions of the quation F = BII. Explain he field is used to cause rotation	tets and for a uniform es. Describe how a traight conductor and rom the conductor. between magnetic fields. he force, current and bow the force on a		R FIRST TERM	
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/I	P6 (20)						
		Electromagnetic	induction (SP13)		Working Scientifically		REVISION		
T E R	Describe the production of Explain how electromagnoraction of the microphone in electrical circuits, and the transformer can change the to calculate voltage. Explain transmission of electricity	etic induction is used in a in converting the pressure he reverse effect as used in he size of an alternating vo hin where and why step-up	Iternators (a.c.) and in dynerations in sound waves in loudspeakers and headpoltage. Use the turns ratio of and step-down transform	namos (d.c.) Explain the sinto variations in current hones. Explain how a equation for transformers	Identify control, independent and dependant variables in an experiment. Analyse and draw conclusions from graph. Identify the link between the variables in a graph. Explain what is meant by accuracy and precsion. Analyse scientific ideas and observations in a given situation.	REVISION	FOR MOCK EXA	MINATION	

					<u> </u>				
		Year 12 H	BIOLOGY LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	aDS		
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y12/B1 (18)		Y12/B2 (6)		Y12/F	32 (24)		
	I	Biological Molecule	s	Mathematical skills	Cells,	, Viruses and Repro	duction of Living T	nings	
R M	carbohydrates, fats and & polysaccharide. Distinquartenary structure. Dis Assessment 1	plain the structure, properting proteins. Distinguish monoguish between the primary, cuss the physical & chemical of carbohydrates, fats & particle & Emulsion test.	osaccharide, disaccharide, secondary, tertiary & cal properties of water.	Magnification – use of scale bar. Drawing of appropriate graphs and table organization for results obtained. Calculation of Standard Deviation & drawing Error bar to represent variability in data. Differentiate Reliability and variability in data	Identify and understand the ultra structure of organelles in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Evaluate various techniques used in cell study. Describe structure, life cycle & harmfulness of virus particle Identify various levels of organization in organisms - cells, tissues, organs& organ system with examples. Assessment 2				
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
7		Y12/E	31 (24)			Y12/B2 (18)			
T E		Biological	Molecules		Cells, Viruses a	REVISION			
M	Describe properties of enzymes & explain factors affecting enzyme action. Interpret and explain the Structure and roles of nucleic acids in a cell and DNA replication. Understand and describe the process asexual reproduction in animals and plants. Compare asexual reproduction to								
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y12/E	34 (24)			Y12/H	33 (24)		
T		Exchange as	nd Transport			Classification a	and Biodiversity		
Explain the structure of cell membrane, gas exchange surfaces and exchange of substances. Differentiate diffusion, active transport, osmosis & bulk transport of substances. Compare gas exchange in insects, fish ,plant & humans. Assessment 5. CORE PRACTICAL 2: Use of the light microscope, including simple stage and eyepiecemicrometers and drawing small numbers of cells from a specialised tissue. CORE PRACTICAL 5: Livestigate the effect of temperature on beetroot membrane. Explain the hierarchy of classification & three domain concept. Describe how gel electrophore be used to separate DNA fragments of different length. Recall evolution by natural selection and understand the types of natural selection; Assess genetic diversity by gel electrophoresis Assessment 6 CORE PRACTICAL 4: Investigate the effect of sucrose concentrations on pollen tube growth or germination.							tural selection and swith examples. ssessment 6		

Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEE	EK 5	WEE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
Dio		Y12/B4 (18)		Y12/B4 (6)			Y12/B	3 (18)				
	Е	xchange and Transp	ort	Mathematical skills	Classification and Biodiversity				REVISION			
T E R M	Identify and understand the ultra structure of human heart, blood vessels, blood and cardiac cycle. Analyze and interpret causes and correlation of heart diseases related to life style factors and diet. Identify the structural details of plant tissues (xylem & phloem) and its role in transport of nutrients. Corelate the role of transpiration in transport of nutrients. Assessment 7 CORE PRACTICAL 8: Investigate factors affecting water uptake by plant shoots using a potometer. Investigation: Median, Mode, Allele frequency, Lincoln index and Species diversity index Statistical test analysis - Student T-test, Spearmann correlation test & Chi square test Understand techniques in measuring biodiversity, concepts of niche and adaptation in organisms. Know the role of extinction in conservation of organisms and evaluate in situ and ex situ conservation techniques. Assessment 8 Investigation: Assess species diversity by calculating the simpsons diversity index of the area sampled. CORE PRACTICAL 6: Determine the water potential of a plant tissue. CORE PRACTICAL 7: Dissect an insect to show the structure of the gas exchange system, taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.						Revision for Final Exam					
ear 13 BIO	WEEK 1	Year 13 F	BIOLOGY LONG WEEK 3	G TERM PLAN WEEK 4	with CU		LUM ST.		WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y13/B7 (18)		Y13/B8 (15)					Y13/B5 (1	5)		
		Modern Genetics		Origins (Origins of genetic variation				Energy for Biological processes			
T E R M	Significance of cell determore and use of stem cell and the environment in depigenetics. Describe the Evaluate the advantages Assessment 1 16: Investigate the effect	Assessment 3 CORE PRACTICAL 15: Investigate the effect of different sampling methods on estimates of the size of a population					sms. Describe sporylation. Distinguish tion .Significance of tigate factors affecting the n using a respirometer,					
712	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEE	EK 5	WEE	CK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
Tear 13 BIO					X 7	13/B5 (15						
		7	713/B6 (27)				Y	13/ D3 (15	·)			
			logy and pathogens					Biologic	al processes	REVISION		

R M	CORE PRACTICAL 12: Investigate the rate of growth of bacteria in liquid culture taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms. Describe and explain the action of bactericidal and bacteriostatic antibiotics, the methods and difficulties of controlling the spread of antibiotic resistance in bacteria. Explain transmission, mode of infection and pathogenic effect of the stem rust fungus, influenza virus, the malarial parasite. Analyse the social and economic and ethical implications of different control methods for endemic malaria and the role of the scientific community in validating these methods. Explain the mode of action of macrophages, neutrophils and lymphocytes. Identify and explain the role of T and B memory cells in the secondary immune response, active and passive immunity. Assessment 4 CORE PRACTICAL 13: Isolate individual species from a mixed culture of bacteria using streak plating taking into account the safe and ethical use of organisms.							chotosynthesis, concepts of otosynthesis. CTICAL 10: Investigate the of light on the rate of photo CTICAL 11: Investigate pro- origments using chromatogs	e effects of different tosynthesis. esence of different	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM	
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4 WE		EK 5 WEEK 6		WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13/B9 (21)		Y13/B10 (15)						
T		Control Syste	ms		Ecosystems				REVISION		
E R M	Understand the principles of homeostasis. Explain the mechanism of hormone action. Know photoreception and flowering in plants and details of human nervous system & nerve impulse transmission. Understand photoreception in animals & discuss effects of drugs in humans. Explain control of heart rate, osmoregulation & thermoregulation in				Identify, describe and explain the terms ecosystem, trophic level, pyramids, energy transfer and ecological techniques. Analyse and interpret the data using statistical tests.(t-test and spearman's test). Calculate the efficiency of energy transfer between trophic levels. Describe the process of succession, effects of biotic and abiotic factors. Explain and analyse the human effects on ecosystem, how scientific community validating evidences related to climate change. Assessments 8 & 9				REVISION FOR MOCK EXAM		

	Year 12 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 12 CHE	I WEEK 1 I WEEK 2 I WEEK 3		WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8						
		Y12 /CHE 1 (18)			Y12 /CHE 2 (18)		Y12 /CH	IE 3 (12)					
T	Atomic	structure and period	lic table	В	onding and structur	e	Redox I						
	Carbon 12. Analyse and in	mass and suggests why conterpret data from mass specifically abundance of isotonic mass.	ectrometry to calculate	crystalline structure. Drav	ionic compound and expla v dot and cross diagrams to ding molecules with single	Calculate the oxidation number in terms of electron transfer. Identify the disproportionation							
M	general increase in first io	nization energy across the using 1s notation and elect	period. Predict the	and for species exhibiting	dative bonding. Predict the suring electron pair repulse	reaction. Apply that oxidation number is a useful concept in terms of the classification of reactions as redox and as disproportionation. Write ionic half equations and use them to construct full ionic equations. Assessment 3							
1	_	licity using data, atomic rac		_	orces resulting from Londo								
Year 12	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WFFK 3	WEEK 4	WFFK 5	WFFK 7	WEEK 8						

CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEKJ	WLLK 4	WEEKS	WEEKU	WELK /	WEEK 0		
		Y12 /CHE 4 (18)			Y12 /CF	HE 5 (24)				
Т		Inorganic Chemistr	у	For	mulae, Equations as	nd amounts of subst	ance	REVISION		
R M		rpret the trend in reactivity trends in thermal stability of 2. Understand, in terms of cation reaction of chlorines, the reaction of chlorines of proportionation reaction	y of group 2 and group 7 of the nitrates and of changes in oxidation with water and the use of with cold, dilute aqueous of chlorine with hot alkali.	Calculate moles in reaction solutions in mol dm-3 and and indicators, percentage measurement uncertaintier error in experimental produssessment 5 PRACTICAL 1: Measure CORE PRACTICAL 2: F	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION					
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y12 /CHE 6 (30)			Y12/ CHE 7 (18)				
T	Organic Chemistry Modern analytical technical									
M 2	with mechanisms, substit Assessment 6	ution and hydrolysis react nvestigation of the rates of lation of ethanol	Explain substitution reacti ions of halogenoalkanes, of hydrolysis of some halogen ntrated hydrochloric acid.	xidation reactions of alcol		mass/charge ratio of the mass spectrum. Deduce faldehydes, ketones and espectra. Predict the use of Assessment 7	ols, carboxylic acids, npounds using infrared			
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y12 /CHE 8 (18)		Y12 /CI	HE 9 (12)	Y12 /CH	IE 10 (12)			
	(Chemical Energetic	s	Reaction	Kinetics	Chemical I	Equilibrium	REVISION		
E R	Construct and interpret enexothermic and endothermic and endothermic action, formation, combigiven experimental results. Calculate an enthalpy chat explain the limitations of CORE PRACTICAL 8: Tusing Hess's Law.	mic reactions. Define stand oustion, neutralisation and s. construct enthalpy cycle ange of reaction using mea this method of calculation	do calculations from es using Hess's Law. un bond enthalpies and	Describe that reactions of collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distribute energies, explain the econof catalysts in industrial research.	sufficient energy, known with reaction profiles for direactions, interpret ribution of molecular momic benefits of the use	Predict and justify the quof a temperature, concentration homogenous system in each to explain the necessity, freach a compromise betwoof reaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria. Assessment 10	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION			

		Year 13 C	HEMISTRY LON	NG TERM PLA	N with CURRICU	U LUM S	TANDA	RDS			
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	E K 6	WEB	EK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13/ CHE 1 (18)		Y13/ CHE 2 (30)							
T		Equilibrium II		Transition metals							
R M	Deduce an expression for system. Calculate a value of temperature on the position unaffected by changes in change by applying the control of the present of	with units for Kc and Kp. on of equilibrium. Under concutration or pressure oncepts of rate and equili	Discuss the effect of stand that the value of K is Predict the direction of	numbers.Predict that transition chromate(VI). Write aqueous ammonia.Compthat transition metals and Assessment 2	Explain transition metals are d-block elements and shows variable oxidation number. Define ligands and co- ordination numbers. Predict that transition metal ions form tetrahedral and octahedral complexes. Explain conversion of dichromate(VI) io into chromate(VI). Write the observations and equations for the reactions of transition metal ions with aqueous NaOH and aqueous ammonia. Compare ligand substitution and disproportionation reactions. Describe how complexes show colour. Explain that transition metals and their compounds can act as heterogeneous and homogeneous catalysts. Assessment 2 CORE PRACTICAL 12: Preparation of a transition metal complex.						
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5 WEE		E K 6	WEB	EK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13 / C	HE 3 (24)		Y13 / CHE 4	Y13 / CHE 4 (9)					
		Acid - base	e equilibrium		Organic Chemi	stry II	Organ	ic Chemis	try III	REVISION	
T E R M	understand the difference Calculate the pH of a stroionisation of water. Defin given the pH of a solution strong base and strong ac	between a strong acid and a weak acid, and a weak acid, e Kw, 'pKa' and 'pKw'.Can. Interpret titration curve id with a weak base. Defalculate the pH of a buffe	s, define 'pH', do pH calcund a weak acid in terms of a Predict the equilibrium exalculate Ka for a weak acid as for strong acid with strong ine the term 'buffer'. Explair solution from the given daweak acid.	legree of dissociation. pression for the auto- from experimental data g base, weak acid with a in the action of an acidic	isomers of some compount that optical activity is the single optical isomer to re- plane of polarisation. Defi mixture' and its effect on polarised light. Discuss the of aldehydes, ketones, carl and esters. Discuss how p	enantiomers. Draw the optical isomers of some compounds. Know that optical activity is the ability of a single optical isomer to rotate the plane of polarisation. Define 'racemic mixture' and its effect on the plane of polarised light. Discuss the reactions of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters. Discuss how polyesters are formed by polymerisation reactions.		the reactions of amines, amides. Discuss the techniques in preparation & purification of organic compounds. Assessment 5 CORE PRACTICAL 15: Analysis of some inorganic and organic unknowns.		REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM	
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	EK 6	WEB	EK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y13 / CHE 5	(9) Y	3 / CHE 6 (9)	Y13 / C	HE 7 (12)	Y13	6 / CHE 8	(9)			
	Energetics	II	Redox II	Kine	tics II	Modern A	nalytic Tecl	nniques II	F	REVISION	
	Define lattice energy. Compare experimental values with theoretical values. Construct Born-Haber cycles. Define the term polarisation as applied to ions. Define the terms Define redox reactions in terms of oxidation number. Combining ionic half equation. Explain 'standard electrode potential'. Discuss the term standard hydrogen Describe experimental technique to obtain rate data by titration and volume of gas evolved. Define order of a reaction. Derive units for zero, first and second order reactions. Deduce rate equation by find the structures of organic compounds. Deduce the splitting										

1	enthalpy change of solution, and
\mathbf{E}	'enthalpy change of hydration'. Use
R	Gibb's free energy equations to find
	whether the reaction is
M	thermodynamically feasible.Calculate
	Gibb's Free energy and find out
2	whether the reaction is feasible or not
4	Assessment 6

electrode and explain how it is used. Use Eo to calculate the cell potential. Carry out titrations between Fe2+/MnO₄⁻ and I₂/S₂O₃²⁻ with suitable indicator solution. Calculates the uncertainities in the measurements. Compare the advantages and disadvantages of different electrochemical cells. CORE PRACTICAL 10: Investigating some electrochemical cells
Assessment 7

CORE PRACTICAL13a -Follow the rate of the iodine-propanone reaction using a titrimetric method.

13b - Use a clock reaction to determine a rate equation.

CORE PRACTICAL 14: Finding the activation energy of a reaction. Assessment 8

patterns of adjacent, non-equivalent protons using the (n+1) rule. Use of thin layer chromatography to identify the different aminoacids in a mixture. Explain high performance liquid chromatography and gas chromatography. Assessment 9

REVISION FOR MOCK EXAM

	YEAR 12 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS											
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
	Y12/PHY 1(6)		Y1		Y12/PHY 3	(15)						
	Working as a Physicist		N	Mechanics I			Fluid and Solids					
T E	quantities and their SI units. Understand the measurements and techniques for both familiar and unfamiliar experiments. Estimate values for physical quantities.	velocity-time and acceleral displacement-time, veloci understand how to use the quantity and recognise velocation drawing and by calculation right angles to each other particle or on an extended where a = 0, objects at resequations for gravitational motion and know the projuderstand how to make under gravity. Understand	ation-time graphs. Know the ty-time and acceleration-te quantities. Understand sector notation. Resolve a very sector notation. Resolve a very sector notation. Draw and all but rigid body. Use the est or travelling at constant a field strength $mg = F$ and perties of pairs of forces in use of the independence of that momentum is defination to relate this to Newton.	equation $\Sigma F = 0$ velocity. Use of the term to he weight $W = mg$. Know an an interaction between two for vertical and horizontal maded as $p = mv$. Know the pon's laws of motion and un	wed from the slopes and are so of non-uniform acceleral and know examples of ear at right angles to each other angle to each other by draw it agrams to represent force and Newton's first law erminal velocity is expected and understand Newton's motion of a projectile moving rinciple of conservation of	eas of tion and 6πητν. spherical that visus on a stiffned wof motion d. Use the third law of third l	E PRACTICAL 4: Use a falling- scosity of a liquid. E PRACTICAL 5: Determine th	Use Stokes' Law, $F =$ applies only to small distribution with laminar flow and int. Assessment 3 $k\Delta x$, where k is the inships $stress = F/A$, $stress/strain$. Draw and impression graphs. Define yield point, elastic and apply them to graphs. Sieve stress-strain graphs, the elastic strain energy in the area under the forcemon-linear force-extension that method to determine				

YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E K 5	WEE	K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y12	2/PHY 4(27)				Y12	/PHY 5(15)			
		M	lechanics II				Elect	tric Circu	its I	REVISION		
R M	the line of action of the for apply the principle of more calculations when the for a body. Use the equation surface. Know, and under gravitational potential end	moment of a force, moment of a force, moment orce and the axis of rotation ments to an extended body ce is not along the line of $\Delta E grav = mg\Delta h$ for the direct of the stand how to apply, the principle and kinetic energy. Us efficiency = useful energy of	the concept of centre in equilibrium. Use the enotion. Use the equation has a ference in gravitational principle of conservation of each the equations relating passes.	I body and Is, including ic energy of arth's ork done, asferred or	Understand that electric current is the rate of flow of charged particles. Define Ohm's law. Interpret VI graphs of ohmic and non ohmic conductors. Define resistivity and investigate the electrical resistivity of a material. Use $I = nqvA$ to explain the large range of resistivities of different materials. Analyse series and parallel circuits. Define electromotive force (e.m.f.) and internal resistance. Distinguish between e.m.f. and terminal potential difference. Assessment 6 CORE PRACTICAL 2: Determine the electrical resistivity of a material.				Revision for First term exam			
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7									WEEK 8		
	Y12/PHY 6(33) Y12/PHY 7(1											
			Waves						Electric Circui			
T E R M	and phase. Relate phase difference and path difference. Know what is meant by a standing/stationary wave and understand how such a wave is formed, know how to identify nodes and antinodes. Use the equation for the speed of a transverse wave on a string $v = \sqrt{T/\mu}$. Assessment 7 Understand that waves can be transmitted and reflected at an interface between media. Understand how a pulse-echo technique can provide information about the position of an object and how the amount of information is limited by the wavelength or by the duration of pulses. Understand what is meant by plane polarisation, diffraction and use Huygens' construction to explain what happens to a											
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E K 5	WEE	К 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y12	2/PHY 8 (27)				Y12	/PHY 9(15)			
			ture of Light				Refraction		REVISION			
E	Use the equation intensity of radiation $I = P/A$. Understand how the behaviour of electromagnetic radiation can be described in terms of a wave model and a photon model, and how these models developed over time. Use the equation $E = hf$, that relates the photon energy to the wave frequency. Understand that the absorption of a photon											

the photoelectric equation $hf = \varphi + KE$. Use the electron volt (eV) to express small energies. Understand how the
photoelectric effect provides evidence for the particle nature of electromagnetic radiation. Understand atomic line
spectra in terms of transitions between discrete energy levels and understand how to calculate the frequency of
radiation that could be emitted or absorbed in a transition between energy levels. Use de Broglie equation $\lambda = h/p$.
Understand how diffraction experiments provide evidence for the wave nature of electrons. Assessment
10

light through a lens and locate the position of an image. Use the equation power of a lens f = 1/P. Understand that for thin lenses in combination P = P1+P2+P3+... Use the lens equation with the real is positive convention. Understand that magnification = image height/object height and m = v/u. Assessment 11

Revision for Final Exam

		Year 13	PHYSICS LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDA	RDS			
Year 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEE	K 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13/PHY 1 (18)		Y1	3/PHY 2 (15)		Y13,	/PHY 3 (15)	
		Thermodynamics		Nuc	clear radiations		Furth	er Mecha	nnics	
T E R M	Use the equations $\Delta E = r$ Understand the concept of molecules is related to laws. Derive and use the emodel. Use the equation pequation $1/2 \text{ mc}^2 = 3/2 \text{ km}^2$ radiator and be able to into Stefan-Boltzmann law equation λ with the equation λ assessment 1 CORE PRACTICAL 12: 0 as a thermostat. CORE PRACTICAL 13: 1 change.	city. State, explain and use $mc\Delta\theta$ and $\Delta E = L\Delta m$. Define absolute zero and how the the absolute temperature. Equation $PV = 1/3 \text{ Nmc}^2 \text{ upV} = \text{NkT}$ for an ideal gas of T . Understand what is measurement radiation curves for unation $L = \sigma A T^4$ for black of T and T and T for black of T and T for T and T for T determine the specific late. Investigate the relationship temperature.	ine internal energy. The average kinetic energy State, explain and use gas sing the kinetic theory. Derive and use the ant by a black body such a radiator. Use the body radiators. Use black body radiators. In the at of a phase	half life, decay constant a decay graphs. Determine graphically and use the e and use the corresponding Assessment 2 CORE PRACTICAL 15: radiation by lead. Define binding energy ar Investigate nuclear fission energy and use it to descent	Investigate the absorption Ind use it to describe stabilit In and fusion in detail. Definition In and fusion with reference	dimension angular di resultant fi maintain di circular mapplication 4 Ey of nuclei. ne binding derstand the dimension angular di resultant fi maintain di circular mapplication 4 CORE PHONE PHONE SIMBLE S	dimensions, and analyse elastic and inelastic collisions. Define angular displacement and angular velocity. Understand that resultant force (centripetal force) is required to produce and maintain circular motion. Recognize the forces involved in circular motion of different objects and investigate different applications of examples of circular motion. Assessive the cleic control of the contro			
YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEE	K 7	WEEK 8	
			Y13/PHY 4 (30)			Y13/PHY	5 (9)			
		Particle		R	EVISION					
Т	radial and uniform electri capacitance, determine th interpret charge and disci	ne electric field strength. Die fields. Know and underste energy and charge store harge curves for resistor caponential discharge in a resions. Assess	tand the relation between d, analyse series and paral pacitor circuits and under istor-capacitor circuit, I =	electric field and electric p llel combinations of capac estand the significance of t	Understand what is me number and proton number and proton numberstand how large-particle scattering gives nuclear model of the at our understanding of an	nber. angle alpha evidence for a om and how				

E R M	motor. Explain electromagnetic induction and describe working of generator and transformer. Understand what is meant by the terms frequency, period, peak value and root mean square value when applied to alternating currents and potential differences. Assessment 2 CORE PRACTICAL 11: Use an oscilloscope or data logger to display and analyse the potential difference (p.d.) across a capacitor as it charges and discharges through a resistor.								l over time. Unas are released nermionic emin be accelerated magnetic field the role of election of the role and cycleneral principal deflection of the equation R=pticle in a magnetic control of the role of the	in the ssion and ed by ds. ctric and clotron) and des of only). Derive /BQ for a	Revision	for the First Term Exam
YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WE	WEEK 4 WEEK 5			EK 6	WEI	E K 7	WEEK 8
	Y1.	3/PHY 5 (15)		Y13/PHY 6 (6) Y13/PHY 7(12)				Y13/PHY 8 (9)				
		Particles		Gravitational Field Oscillations			Oscillations		Space			REVISION
R M	Apply conservation of charge, energy and momentum to interactions between particles and interpret particle tracks. Understand why high energies are required to investigate the structure of nucleons. Use the equation $\Delta E = c^2 \Delta m$ in situations involving the creation and annihilation of matter and antimatter particles. Use MeV and GeV (energy) and MeV/c2, GeV/c2 (mass) and convert between these and SI units. Know that in the standard quark-lepton model particles can be classified as baryon, mesons, leptons and photons which are fundamental particles. Know that every particle has a corresponding antiparticle and be able to use the properties of a particle to deduce the properties of its antiparticle and vice versa. Understand how to use laws of conservation of charge.				tational stand that field efined as fine w of evitation). etion V= radial field. ctric fields ional fields. on's laws of universal o orbital	motion is $F = 1$ in which SHI $\omega^2 x$, $x = A\omega$ equations for pendulum. Define reson conservation oscillating sybetween free amplitude of around the nhow damping and materials redunknown materials	2	y situations ations $a = -$ $= -A\omega \sin$ $2\pi f$. Use mple d v-t graphs. apply undamped stinction state how the ges at and em and know ain how of ductile devalue of an	$I = L/4\pi d^2$. astronomical determined uparallax and from standar interpret a H diagram. Unthe HR diagram	using intensid candles. Skertzsprung-Rederstand hower am to the life stand how the few aves relative to gives riable. Use the equivalent ances. Use your the ago of the universith the value of tand and the part of the universith the value of the universith the value of tand and the part of the universith the value of the universith the value of tand and the part of the university of the	now n be metric ty received etch and ussell to relate e cycle of movement we to an se to a shift ations for objects at inderstand ge and se of the possible	Revision for Mock Examination