		Year 1 So	CIENCE LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	RDS	
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Т		Y1/SC LIVING	` '				C 2(16) SELF	
E R M	Learn how animals and Investigatng different hal Investigate how plants gr	plants are living things. ing and non living things. plants change as they grow bitats in and around the sch ow from seed to a baby pla- getable garden to find differ	nool. nt		Learn the five senses ar Identify the parts of the Identify similarities and Describe how humans	I three important things to not five sense organs huma e human body differences between hum grow and change as they gan is most useful to differ	ans have. ans. grow older.	ugar.
ear 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y1/SC	3 (16)			Y1/SC 4 (12)		
T	so	RTING AND GRO	UPING MATERI	ALS	1	PUSHES AND PUL	LS	
E R M	Name and identify some Sort materials in differen Describe materials accor Sort and group the object Create own key to sort different	t ways. ding to their different pro ts made of natural/man ma	perties. ade materials.		Pushes and pulls are in Identify examples of pu	oulls can make objects sta forces.		REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM
Year 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y1/SC	5 (16)			Y1/S	C 6 (16)	
R M	Sort and group vertebrate Describe how animals m Know about the different Use a key to identify diffe [Compare and contrast and identify and group them]	ove, how they grow and clear types of food animals earent vertebrates.  nimals at first hand or through	hange as they grow old it.	phs, describing how they	Identify the parts of a Identify and describe the Know the basic needs Know that humans and	r from seeds and bulbs. plant. e basic structure of a variet of a plant to grow well. I animals eat plants for fo different plants. [investigation]	od.	ants, including trees.
ear 1 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
т		Y1/SC	7 (16)					
T E	V. d. d. d. d.	LIGHT AN				REV	ISION	
R	Know that shiny objects a Compare differences bet Know that we need light	ween night and day.			REV	ISION FOR FIN	NAL EXAMINA	ATION

		Year 2 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 2 SC	I WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8

		Y2 /SC	C 1 (16)			Y2 / S0	C 2 (16)	
		HEALTH AN	D GROWTH			LIVING THINGS II	N ENVIRONMEN	Г
E R M	Describe the many type Know what is a balance Know that human and a Know about food hygie Realise why humans tal Investigation- An activity	y designed to help students a ables of various drinks to ch	the main food groups. exercise to stay healthy. nt parental care.  gain awareness about the		Describe how the envir Research: Any two anii adapted to these habitat Activity- Make a fun fac Investigating different h Activity: A visit to the vi Investigation- To find o	res of living things that are conmental factors affect ther mals and plants that are four is.	m.  Ind in each of these habitats  Thool.  The rent micro habitats  The pend on each other to sur	vive in a habitat
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T		Y2 / S0	C 3 (16)					
E		ERIALS: PROPERT				REVI	SION	
R M	Investigate properties of Investigate suitable mate	materials and compare na of materials using fair tests erials to make a house. model of the house using da	•	ials.	REVIS	ION FOR FIRST	TERM EXAMIN	ATION
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y2 / S0	C 4 (16)			Y2 /S0	C 5 (16)	
T		INVERTE	EBRATES			SOU	J <b>ND</b>	
E R M	Observe and describe in Group invertebrates with Describe change in invalue a Fact file about when Activity- Create a model	ertebrates as they grow using vorms and crops.  of classification key using a vertebrate and write a repo	ng simple life cycles.  ny three invertebrates.	food/ habitat)	Identify and describe d Describe how sounds Investigate –Suitable ma Activity- Make a percus	sound and how sounds tra lifferent sounds. can be made louder or qui aterial used for making a per- sion instrument of my own u and investigate the working of	eter. rcussion instrument using the proper materials.	
Year 2 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Т		Y2 / S0	C 6(16)					
E		SPA	CE					
M	Understand and descri	Sun and moon in our Solar Sola	appearing to change ove	r time.	F	REVISION FOR FIN	IAL EXAMINATIO	N

		Year 3 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Т		Y3/S0	C 1 (12)			Y3/S0	C 2 (12)	
E		ANIMAL AD	APTATIONS			FORCES AN	D FRICTION	
R	Group animals and use 1	keys to identify them.			Describe and compare h	ow objects move on diff	erent surfaces and slopes	

M 1		ntrasting habitats. es and predict the habitat e features of some animals			decreased.  Investigate how the force	ontact force and ways in we e used has an effect on the move on different surfaces		ices can be increased or
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y3/S0	C3 (12)			Y3/SC4 (9)		
T		MAGN	NETS			TEETH		REVISION
R		gnets will attract or repel			Know the main types of the Link the shape of the too Compare the types of the Observe and compare the	oth to its function.	animals. Assessment	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T		Y3/S0	2 5(12)			Y3/S0	C 6(12)	
E R		FEEDING REI	LATIONSHIPS			ROCKS A	ND SOILS	
IVI	Know how to draw and in	need food.  upply affects animal popula  nterpret foodchains and ho  ood chain and foodwebs.		, consumer, herbivore,	Observe and compare for them.	ys. ary, igneous and metamore eatures of soils such as co	rphic rocks are formed.  olour, texture and how wa  ardness of different rocks u	
Year 3 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y3/SC 7 (9)			Y3/SC 8 (6)			
т	USING AN	ND CHANGING MA	ATERIALS		LIGHT		REVI	SION
R M	properties, including thei (electrical and thermal), a Give reasons, based on ev	vidence from comparative a sy materials, including meta	parency, conductivity	Identify opaque objects a Find patterns in the way Differentiate between tra Investigate patterns in th	e between light sources and explain how shadows that the sizes of shadows insparent, opaque and traite way that the size of shadown ientific enquiries to answer.	are formed. s change. nslucent objects. dows change.	REVISION EXAMIN	FOR FINAL NATION

		Year 4 S	CIENCE LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	LUM STANDAR	DS	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/S0	C 1 (12)			Y4/S	C2(12)	
T	,	VARIATION AND	CLASSIFICATION	1		GROWIN	G PLANTS	
	Know how living things						parts of flowering plants.	
	Describe how plants and	cation keys to neip groups d animals are classified.	, identify and name living		Know how to use a simp Group plants using obser		ty of plants.	
M	Identify the observable fe	atures used to classify a	specific plant or animal.		Understand how water is	s transported within plan		
	Work scientifically to rese understand their characte		f living things from differen				er and light to grow well plants.(celery stem experin	

	Project – Visit the school Assessment 1	garden			Project – Create a Herban Assessment 2	íum		
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
ж			Y4/S0	C 3 (18)				
T E			ELECT	RICITY			REVI	SION
M	Know the dangers of election and construct sime Identify the components Identify electrical conductions.	nple complete circuits.	now their use.	Assessment 3			REVISION FOI EXAMIN	
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y4/S0	C4 (12)			Y4/S	C5 (12)	
T		SOLIDS, LIQUI	DS AND GASES		1	MAKING AND CH	IANGING SOUNDS	3
R M	Define temperature and Know that different subs	rties of solids, liquids or g	ferent temperatures.	elting of ice cubes at	Know that vibrations from Know that materials can Identify high pitched and	m sounds travel through a prevent vibrations from d low pitched sounds.	ravel through solids, liquids a medium to the ear. a sound source reaching features of the object tha	the ears.
2	different temperatures.	Assessmen	t 4		Investigate the sound that Create own musical instru Assessment 5		stic ruler makes. ledge about pitch and volui	me.
Year 4 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
77		Y4/S0	C6 (12)		N	C		
T E		SKELETON A	ND MUSCLES		RETRIEVAL P	RACTICE (GL)	REVI	SION
M	Identify and locate the sk Describe what pairs of n Explain the importance of		ealthy muscles and bone				REVISION : EXAMIN	

		Year 5 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y5/SC	C 1 (16)			Y5/S0	C 2 (16)	
Т		PLANT ADA	APTATIONS			LIVING THIN	GS IN DANGER	
E R	Know that plant roots talknow that both plants a	tats and microhabitats hake in water and that the and animals need oxygen	availability of water may from the air for respiration	affect root growth.	Recognise ways in which Know and describe the to	living things and enviro		
	can grow.	eed light for growth and	that the availability of ligh	t can affect where they Describe how		using cardboard tubes an	d/or string and wood to en	
1	plants are adapted to the Compare plant adaptatio Make your own dry garde Assessment 1	ns in two contrasting habit	ats.		Assessment 2	s a road made from pieces	s of toy racetrack or similar.	
Vear 5 SCI	WFFK 1	WFFK 2	WFFK 3	WFFK 4	WEEK 5	WFFK 6	WFFK 7	WFFK 8

1 Car J 5 Cr	WLEX I	WEEK Z	WLEAJ	WEEKT	WELKJ	WELK 0	WEEK /	WELKO
Т		MININGAN	Y5/SC 3 (20)	MINTUDEO			DEVICION	
E R	evaporating Know that some materials Investigate what happens	tiquids and gases to decide will dissolve in liquid to for when water is added to poor	orm a solution, and descri	separated, including throu		REVISION FOR	REVISION FIRST TERM	EXAMINATION
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y5/S0	24 (16)			Y5/S	C5 (16)	
E R M	across the sky.  Describe the movement of Explain how shadow length Construct simple models of Create a fact file about any	f the Earth, and other plan s rotation to explain day ar f the Moon relative to the l gth changes at different	y spherical bodies. ets, relative to the Sun in and night and the apparent Earth times of the day.  lanet and one outer planet	movement of the sun	Work scientifically by loo	from a source and appear ght travels from light sour om shiny surfaces and can and shiny surfaces reflect leen shadows and reflection of shadows can be changed	un change direction. light. ns. d using shadow puppets. happens to shadows when	
Year 5 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y5/SC DIET AND 1	` '			RACTICE (GL)		ISION
R M	Know that humans need Relate between diet, lifest Sequence the process of Describe the functions of Create a balanced food pla Make a model of the diges Assessment 6	yle, exercise and health. digestion in humans. of the basic parts of the ate or a food pyramid show	digestive system in the s					FOR FINAL NATION
		Year 6 S	CIENCE LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUI	UM STANDAR	DS	
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y6/SC	· /			Y6/SC	, ,	
R	Describe the life process of Know the names of parts of Know the difference betweeds and their methods Sequence the life cycle of Project: Vegetable garden WS: Plan an investigation Assessment 1	of a flower and their functi- ween pollination and ferti- and seed germination. of flowering plants.	owering plants. ons. lization; insect and wind		Know the three different to Understand that microbes Know how microbes can Know examples of used Recognize the need for Understand the role of compost is made and the WS – Planning and investigation.	ypes of microbes. s are found everywhere; in a grow and reproduce on all microbes and disease food hygiene precautions, decomposers in food chain recycling of materials.	food. causing harmful microbes	s.

Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y6/SC	3 (16)			Y6/SC 4 (12)		
		ELECT	RICITY		HEART, I	LUNGS and CIRCU	JLATION	REVISION
E R M	Draw and identify recogn: Associate the brightness of in the circuit Compare and give reasons bulbs, the loudness of but WS: Investigate how con	when representing a simple ized component symbols. of a lamp or the volume of a second for variations in how comparers and the on/off position in the property of the property	a buzzer with the number aponents function, includi on of switches	ng the brightness of	Identify and name the madescribe the functions of the Describe the ways in which animals, including human Know the main parts of Know what happens to the Differentiate between brown WS: Investigate pulse rate Project: Make a model to Assessment 4	the heart, blood vessels and ch nutrients and water are ns the respiratory system an he air when we breathe in. eathing and respiration.	d blood transported within d describe its functions.	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y6/SC	5 (16)			Y6/S0	C 6 (12)	
T		FORCES IN AII	R AND WATER		REV	ERSIBLE and IRR	EVERSIBLE CHA	NGE
R M	the Earth and the falling of Identify the effects of air r Identify weight as a force	resistance, water resistance e and how forces are me hanisms, including levers, ning.	and friction, that act between the actions and friction and frictions.	ween moving surfaces	Demonstrate that dissolvi Explain that some change usually reversible, includi- soda.	es result in the formation o	f state are reversible chang f new materials, and that the h burning and the action of	his kind of change is not
Year 6 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T	• LIGHT	RETRIEVAL P	KACTICE (GL)		Biology revision: Feeding	REVISION FO	R FINAL EXAM	
E	Explain that we see thing	s because light travels from	a light sources to our eyes	or from light sources to		ng plants, Plant adaptation		
M		ars to travel in straight line			Biology revision: Heart,	lungs and circulation		.
	reflect light into the eye	vels in straight lines to exp	,	, 0	Chemistry revision: Reve	ersible and irreversible cha	ng and separating material inge	ls
4	Use the idea that light tra objects that cast them. WS: Investigate shadows	vels in straight lines to exp	lain why shadows have th	e same shape as the	<ul> <li>Physics revision: Earth a</li> <li>Physics revision: Electrice</li> <li>Physics revision: Forces</li> <li>Scientific enquiry revision</li> </ul>	city: everyday uses and sin in air and water	nple circuits, Changing circ	cuits

		Year 7 S	CIENCI	E LONG	TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	LUM STANDAR	DS	
Year 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y	7 /SC 1 (10)			Y7 /SC 2 (8)			Y7 /SC 3 (1	0)	Y7 /SC 4 (4)
	CELLS AN	D ORGANISATIO	N	TH	E PARTICLE MOI	DEL		ENERGY		REPRODUCTION
		Understand cells as the fu			properties of the different			different people need diffe		Describe the
	unit of living organisms, i	including how to observe,	interpret and	matter (solid	, liquid and gas) in terms	of the	from food. C	omparing energy values of	f different foods (from	reproduction in humans,
		g a light microscope. Know			el, including gas pressure.		labels) (kJ)			including the
F	functions of the cell wall,	cell membrane, cytoplasm	, nucleus,	similarities a	and differences, including	density	Know the d	ifferent ways in which ene	rgy is transferred and	reproductive systems,

MUSCLES AND BONES  Know how muscles in the gas exchange system allow ventilation. Understand the mechanism of a given substance and unistance and capital methods the mechanism of a given substance and unistance and capital methods of the content of a pure substance and unistance and capital methods of the content of the format and out of the languastic disobring, Rows the measurement of the content of the pure of the content of the conte	R M 1	similarities and difference Explain the role of diffusi and between cells. Identif their functions Describe t multicellular organisms: f systems to organisms. Ide photosynthesis. Describe	d chloroplasts. Describe these between plant and animon in the movement of marky some specialised cells at the hierarchical organisation cells to tissues to organisity the reactants in, and the use of sunlight in photos. Explain the adaptations sment 1	al cells. Identify sci predictions are used to used to sup motion sup products of, cosynthesis Identify sci predictions are used to used to sup motion sup to explain of Assessment	liffusion in liquids and gases	s and of elacoservations Comparidence is Brownian why for title theory fossil Know energ difference of the comparison of	I. Identify work done and energy stic maetrial. Recall the law of covere the starting with the final cobe changes in the amounts of expossil fuels are described as nonrefuels. Give some examples of rehow sun is the original source y resources. Know the advantagent energy resources. Know some Explain what is efficiency.	menstrual cycle, gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth and the effect of maternal lifestyle on foetus.	
MUSCLES AND BONES  Know how muckes in the goe exchange system ellow eventilation. Understand the mechanism of a lideoshing, Roow be Busench burner is used. Identify business and exception and control of the human between two objects. Use face around the between two objects. Use face around in discloshing, from the interaction of the human between two objects. When the control of the human between two objects. When the control of the human between two objects. How the effects of forces in medium-standard and business forces and classify them as contact or additions and chromatography. Know the effects of firetions. Explain how anagonatic pair of muscle operate and for musc, and reversibility, in melting, freezing, evaporation, distillation and chromatography. Roow the effects of firetions. Explain how anagonatic pair of muscle operate and for musc, and reversibility, in melting, freezing, evaporation, distillation and chromatography and distillation is used.  The proposed of t	ır 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Kow two muscles in the gas exchange system allow remains on the process of the concept of a pure substance and instances and coylain dissolving. Know how Busen burner is used. Identify hazard issolving. Know how Busen burner is used. Identify hazard issolving. Know how Busen burner is used. Identify hazard issolving. Know how Busen burner is used. Identify hazard issolving. Know how Busen burner is used. Identify hazard issolving. Know the reflects of different the most of the human dissolving approaches. Some the reflects of different the first active and functions of the human draws, and reversibility, in melting, freezing, cryaporation, useful fifteent drugs affect the body. Assessment 4  WEEK 1 WIFIK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WIFIK 5 WEEK 6 WIFIK 7 WIFIK 7 WIFIK 8  Y7 /SC 8 (12)  X7 /SC 9 (12)  X8 /SC 1 /SC		Y7 /S	C 5 (8)	Y	77 /SC 6 (10)		Y7/SC 7 (	10)	
discovered the mechanism of breathing to move air in and out of the lunga, swing and known bow to reduce risks. Know and explain simple registration of the fundage and known bow to reduce risks. Know and explain simple registration of the fundage and known bow to reduce risks. Know and explain simple registration of the fundage and known bow to reduce risks. Know and explain simple registration of the fundage and known bow the fundage force. Abbert of gases. Describe the role of managed in the fundage of the fundage of the reduction of the reduction of the fundage of the reduction of the re		MUSCLES A	AND BONES	MIXTURE	S AND SEPARATIC	N	FORCE	S	REVISION
ACIDS AND ALKALIES  Know why hazard symbols are necessary. Know some common examples of acids and alkalis. Investigate how indicators can be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralizations. Explain the pH changes taking place during neutralization. Describe and explain every day neutralization reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water  Assessment 7  Assessment 7  Assessment 7  WEEK 1  WEEK 2  WEEK 3  WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY  Know the cause of sounds and how to make louder sounds. Know link between frequency and pitch. Know how sound moves through materials. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the part of the ear and their functions. Know how microphones converts round into cleertical alkaline or neutral solutions. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the part of the ear and their functions. Know how microphones converts round into cleertical alkaline or neutral solutions. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the part of the ear and their functions. Know how microphones converts round into cleertical signals shy microphone. Explain how sonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal and transverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected. Explain what super positions means.  Assessment 8  Assessment 8  Assessment 8  WEEK 1  WEEK 2  WEEK 3  WEEK 4  WEEK 5  WEEK 6  WEEK 7  WEEK 8  WEEK 6  WEEK 7  WEEK 8  WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY  Ask questions. Ask questions. A fix questions. Know continuous variation. Know to minke question to the ear and their functions. Know has mind the ear and their functions in the real world, make a discontinuous variation. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal dentifying independent of which organisms affect their habitat & communities. Use food we'b to make predictions, including identifying independent of the ear and their functions. Know has a discontinuous variation. Know the make question to the ear and their f	T E R M	allow ventilation. Underst breathing to move air in a a pressure model to expla gases. Describe the role of Know the structure and fuskeleton. Know some diff Explain how antagonistic and are controlled to allow	tand the mechanism of and out of the lungs, using in the movement of of muscles in the heart. Inctions of the human erent types of joint. Expair of muscle operate we movement. Recall how	dissolving. Know how Be and know how to reduce techniques for separating distillation and chromate variables on solubility. Ut of mass, and reversibility sublimation, condensation chromatography and distinvestigate the separartic	unsen burner is used. Identi risks. Know and explain sir g mixtures: filtration, evapor ography. Know the effects of inderstand conservation of n r, in melting, freezing, evapor on, dissolving. Give example stillation is used.	fy hazards betwee forces to call forces to call forces to call forces or to call forces or to call forces of where sing in wh and d situat	en two objects. Use force arrow in one dimension, balanced an culate the net force acting in ob on an object. Name forces and ontact forces. Describe how the ds on the force applied. Investion-Hooke's Law. Know the effe ways in which friction can be click friction is helpful or not help escribe the effects of high and leads. Explain effects of balance	s in diagrams, for adding d unbalanced forces. Able jects. Know the effects of classify them as contact or extension of a spring gate force-extension linear cts of frictions. Explain hanged. Know the situation of ul. Know what is pressure ow pressure in simple	
ACIDS AND ALKALIES  Know why hazard symbols are necessary. Know some common examples of acids and alkalis. Investigate how indicators can be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralizations. Explain the pH changes taking place during neutralization. Describe and explain every day neutralization reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water  Assessment 7  Assessment 7  Know the cause of sounds and how to make louder sounds. Know link between frequency and pitch. Know how sound moves through materials. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the part of the car and their functions. Know how microphones convert sound into electrical signals. Be aware of the auditory range of frequencies in humans and animals. Know some uses of ultrasound - use for cleaning and physiotherapy by ultra-sound, waves transferring information for conversion to electrical signals by microphone. Explain how sonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal aftransverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected. Explain why pesticide needs to be used carefully.  The product of the ph scale and how it is useful. Score the additory range of frequencies in humans and animals. Know some uses of ultrasound or conversion to electrical signals by microphone. Explain how sonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal aftransverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected. Explain why pesticide needs to be used carefully.  The product of the ph canges of the auditory range of frequencies in humans and animals. Know some uses of ultrasound or conversion to electrical signals by microphone. Explain how sonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal dransverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected. Explain why pesticide needs to be used carefully.  The product of the phosphare of the product of the phosphare product of the phosph	ar 7 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
Know why hazard symbols are necessary. Know some common examples of acids and alkalis. Investigate how indicators can be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralizations. Explain the pH changes taking place during neutralization. Describe and explain every day neutralization reactions-reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water Assessment 7  Assessment 8  SCIENTIFICALLY  SK (Mow why hazard symbols are necessary. Know some common examples of acids and alkalis. Investigate how indicators can be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralization is customer reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water Assessment 7  SCIENTIFICALLY  SK (Mow who hazard symbols are necessary. Know who make louder sounds. Know link between frequency and pitch. Know how sound moves through materials. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralization reactions, reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water Assessment 7  SCIENTIFICALLY  SK (Mow the cause of sounds and how to make louder sounds. Know low inket there is a species is. Know how inherited variation is caused the card on the real world, make propriate types of source and their functions. Know how microphone convert sound into electrical signals by microphone. Explain how soonar and eco location work. Compare longitudinal and transverse waves. Know that all waves can be reflected. Explain what super positions means.  Assessment 8  SCIENTIFICALLY  Ask questions of discontinuous variation. Know how inherited variation is caused. Identify causes of environmental variation. Sknow who was nearly super positions propriet types of source and physiotherapy by ultra-sound; waves can be reflected. Explain why sounds get fainter further from their source. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal changes. Know ways in which organisms									
7 SCI WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5 WEEK 6 WEEK 7 WEEK 8		ACIDS AND ALKALIES  Know why hazard symbols are necessary. Know some common examples of acids and alkalis. Investigate how indicators can be used to test for acidic, alkaline or neutral solutions. Know the pH scale and how it is useful. Describe neutralizations. Explain the pH changes taking place during neutralization. Describe and explain every day neutralization reactions-		FC			2)	, ,,	
Y7 / SC 11 (12) Y7 /SC 12 (12) NC	T E R M	Know why hazard symbol acids and alkalis. Investig alkaline or neutral solutio Describe neutralizations. neutralization. Describe a	Is are necessary. Know sort attention to the physical can be uns. Know the physical can Explain the physical can dexplain every day neutrons.	me common examples of sused to test for acidic, d how it is useful. aking place during ralization reactions-	between frequency and pit Explain why sounds get fathe ear and their functions electric signals. Be aware animals. Know some uses by ultra-sound; waves tran signals by microphone. Ex- longitudinal and transvers	s and how to make tch. Know how sou tinter further from the from the first the auditory range of ultrasound - use asferring information applain how sonar are waves. Know that	louder sounds. Know link and moves through materials. heir source. Know the part of phones convert sound into ge of frequencies in humans and for cleaning and physiotherapy in for conversion to electrical and eco location work. Compare all waves can be reflected.	Recall what a species is. Know continuous or discontinuous variation. Know how inherited variation is caused. Identify causes of environmental variation. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal changes. Know ways in which organisms affect their habitat & communities. Use food web to make predictions Use pyramid of numbers to describe how energy is lost. Explain why pesticide needs to be	SCIENTIFICALLY Ask questions and develop a line of enquiry based on observations of the real world,make predictions plan and carry out the most appropriate types of scientific enquiries to test predictions, including identifying independent, dependent and control variables, use appropriate techniques apparatus & materials paying attention
	E R M	Know why hazard symbol acids and alkalis. Investig alkaline or neutral solutio Describe neutralizations. neutralization. Describe a reactions of acids with alk	Is are necessary. Know sort gate how indicators can be us. Know the pH scale and Explain the pH changes that dexplain every day neutron as all plus	me common examples of a used to test for acidic, d how it is useful. aking place during ralization reactionswater Assessment 7	between frequency and pit Explain why sounds get fathe ear and their functions electric signals. Be aware animals. Know some uses by ultra-sound; waves transignals by microphone. Exlongitudinal and transvers Explain what super position	s and how to make the the Know how sound inter further from the Know how micropoof the auditory rang of ultrasound - use insferring information and the waves. Know that ons means.	louder sounds. Know link and moves through materials. heir source. Know the part of phones convert sound into ge of frequencies in humans and for cleaning and physiotherapy and eco location work. Compare all waves can be reflected.  Assessment 8	Recall what a species is. Know continuous or discontinuous variation. Know how inherited variation is caused. Identify causes of environmental variation. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal changes. Know ways in which organisms affect their habitat & communities. Use food web to make predictions Use pyramid of numbers to describe how energy is lost. Explain why pesticide needs to be used carefully.	SCIENTIFICALLY Ask questions and develop a line of enquiry based on observations of the real world, make predictions plan and carry out the most appropriate types of scientific enquiries to test predictions, including identifying independent, dependent and control variables, use appropriate techniques apparatus & materials paying attention to health and safety.
ATOMS, ELEMENTS AND MOLECULES  CURRENT ELECTRICITY  SIMPLE MACHINES  REVISION  Know what kinds of particles are found in air. Know why different elements  Define electric current. Measure current in series and parallel circuits. Know  Understand that simple	E R M	Know why hazard symbol acids and alkalis. Investig alkaline or neutral solutio Describe neutralizations. neutralization. Describe a reactions of acids with alk	Is are necessary. Know sort gate how indicators can be us. Know the pH scale and Explain the pH changes that dexplain every day neutron as all the pH changes to produce a salt plus.  WEEK 2	me common examples of a used to test for acidic, d how it is useful. aking place during ralization reactionswater Assessment 7	between frequency and pit Explain why sounds get fathe ear and their functions electric signals. Be aware animals. Know some uses by ultra-sound; waves transignals by microphone. Exlongitudinal and transvers Explain what super position	s and how to make the the Know how sound inter further from the Know how micropoof the auditory rang of ultrasound - use asferring information explain how sonar are waves. Know that ons means.  WEEK 5	louder sounds. Know link and moves through materials. heir source. Know the part of chones convert sound into ge of frequencies in humans and for cleaning and physiotherapy and for conversion to electrical and eco location work. Compare all waves can be reflected. Assessment 8  WEEK 6	Recall what a species is. Know continuous or discontinuous variation. Know how inherited variation is caused. Identify causes of environmental variation. Know the adaptation to daily and seasonal changes. Know ways in which organisms affect their habitat & communities. Use food web to make predictions Use pyramid of numbers to describe how energy is lost. Explain why pesticide needs to be used carefully.  WEEK 7	SCIENTIFICALLY Ask questions and develop a line of enquiry based on observations of the real world, make predictions plan and carry out the most appropriate types of scientific enquiries to test predictions, including identifying independent, dependent and control variables, use appropriate techniques apparatus & materials paying attention to health and safety.

elements form compounds. Know how can we use chemical reactions. Use M and understand word equations for chemicals reactions. Describe example and uses of decomposition reactions. Assessment 9

2

and non metals. Relate the use of an elements to its properties Know how do number or type of component in circuit affects the current. Define potential force but at the expense difference. Explain why the current increases when the voltage of supply is increased. Know the relationship between resistances as the ratio of potential (and vice versa): product difference (p.d.) to current. Know differences in resistance between conducting and insulating components(Quantitative). Understand the use of unchanged. Describe fuses and circuit breakers. Know how the different wires are connected in plug. Investiagate current in series and parallel circuits.

of smaller movement of force and displacemen moment as the turning effect of a force.

**REVISION FOR** FINAL EXAM

		Year 8 S	CIENCE	E LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CU	RRICUL	LUM STA	NDARI	DS	
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E <b>K</b> 5	WEE	K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		S /SCI 1 (10)  ND NUTRITION			Y8 /SCI 2 (			Y8 /SCI 3 (12) ENERGY TRANSFER			
T E R M	including obesity, starvation and deficiency diseases. Identify organs of the human digestive system, including adaptations to function and describe how the digestive system digests food. Know that enzymes act as biological catalysts. Explain the importance of bacteria in the human digestive system. Understand the role of diffusion in the movement of materials and between cells. Assessment 1				Know the oxidation reactions of metals and non-metals. Explain change in mass seen in oxidation reactions. Understand difference exothermic and endothermic reactions. Use the fire triangle to explain how to control a fire. Identify hazard symbols for substances likely to cause fires. Know the pollutant that are formed by burning fuels and how these pollutants cause problems and how their effects can be reduced. Describe the			particles when a liquid evaporates. Know how energy radiation, conduction and convection. Use the particles energy transfers in matter. Recall ways of reducing of Understand power and efficiency. Calculate efficient diagrams. Explain how power companies charge for and calculate payback time. Assessment 3 the meanings of accuracy and precision. Explain how systematic errors.			erent. Identify the n what happens to gy is transferred by the model to explain energy transfers. cies. Interpret Sankey energy used. Describe
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E <b>K</b> 5	WEE	K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y8 /SC 4 (8)			Y	Y8 /SCI 5 (10)			Y8 /SCI 6 (10)			
	PLANTS AND THEIR REPRODUCTION				LIGHT			THE PE	RIODIC	TABLE	REVISION
T E R M	reproduction in plants. Describe reproduction in plants, including flower structure, wind and insect pollination, fertilisation, seed and fruit formation and dispersal, including quantitative investigation of some dispersal mechanisms. Know about seed germination. Realise the importance of plant reproduction through insect pollination in human food security  Assessment 4  the transmissio scattering and stoto explain image Define refraction focusing. Invest parts and state transfer energy electrical effect of light when we				atoms and travel through atoms and compound sission of light through materials: absorption, diffuse and specular reflection at a surface. Use of ray model imaging in mirrors. Discuss some uses of lenses. reaction of light and describe action of convex lens in three three three three functions in human eye. Realise that light energy from source to absorber, leading to chemical and effects. Identify the colours and different frequencies are white light pass through a prism. Know the locour effects in absorption and diffuse reflection. The state of the colours are different frequencies are white light pass through a prism. Know the locour effects in absorption and diffuse reflection.			rom description ticles are found on metats. Desconmation. Use a factions. Use the ments including freezing and tate of a substation metals in the reactions of side and make periodic table. Inton-metal oxides	tify element in and partic in air. Know cribe chemic and underst the periodic to ing transition metals halog d boiling poi ince. Identifi he periodic ome element redictions all vestigate the	y trends and position of table by their properties. Its with water and oxygen. bout chemical properties the chemical properties of	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM
Tear 8 SCI	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 W			WEEK 3 WEEK 4 WEEK 5			WEEK 6 WEEK 7			WEEK 8	
	Y8 /SCI 7 (10)  BREATHING AND RESPIRATION			Y8 /SCI 8 (12)			Y8 /SCI 9 (10)			10)	
T		unctions of the gas excharations to function. Unders	nge system in	METALS AND THEIR USES  Know some common properties and uses of metals. Write word equations f the reactions of metals and non-metals. Describe what a catalyst is and som uses of catalysts. Know what happens during corrosion and rusting. Explain				is and some d	lifferences in		and in closeness of

E R M	the composition of air. Starespiration. Know the causupply on the body. Know and its effects during and	the composition of air. State a word summary for aerobic respiration. Know the causes and effects of reduced oxygen supply on the body. Know the process of anaerobic respiration and its effects during and after hard exercise. Know the gas exchange in different organisms.  Assessment 7			how metals can be protected from corrosion. Know the reactions of metals with water and acid. Place metals and carbon in order of reactivity. Describehow metals are extracted from their ores by heating with carbon or by electrolysis. Write word and symbol equations for reactions. Explain how to improve the quality of data collected during an investigation. Explain what alloys are and why they are used. Use models to explain the properties of alloys. Identify pure substances by their melting points and boiling points. Explain how to improve the quality of data collected during an investigation. Assessment 8				anomaly of ice-water transition). Measure the density of substance by different method. Know what is pressure and the effects of high and low pressure in simple situations. Realise that pressure is defined as ratio of force over area acting normal to any surface. Know that pressure in liquids increases with depth-upthrust effects, floating and sinking. Understand that atmospheric pressure decreases with increase of height as weight of air above decreases with height. Describe ways in which drag forces can be incresased or reduced. Know the causes of drag forces and describe how drag changes with speed. Assessment 9		
Year 8 SCI	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y8	/SCI 10 (10)			Y8 /SCI 11 (	10)	N	iC	Y8 /SCI 12 (4)		
		ROCKS			EARTH AND SPACE			C EFFECT RRENT	UNICELLULAR ORGANISMS	REVISION	
T E R M	of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks. Use the rock			change in se poles. Know Earth's mag objects using mass x gravi different on a Earth and M that affect th	change in seasons the pattern of light and dark at the Earth's poles. Know about properties of magnets, magnetic fields and Earth's magnetic field. <i>Investigate the weight of different objects using force meter.</i> Calculate gravity force, weight = mass x gravitational field strength (g), on Earth g=10 N/kg, different on other planets and stars; gravity forces between Earth and Moon, and between Earth and Sun. Know the factors that affect the strength of gravity. Know about stars, galaxies and constellations. Explain what a light year is.			magnetic arrent. The use lets and the D.C. The factors a strength of lets	Know the functions of the parts of a bacterial and protoctist cells. Know how algae make their own food and explain its importance. Explain the importance of decomposers. Model the recycling of carbon in an ecosystem using carbon cycle. Assessment 12	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAM	

		Year 9 B	IOLOGY LONG	TERM PLAN	with CURRICUL	UM STANDAR	DS					
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
Т	Y9 /B1 (24)											
E	Key Biological Concepts											
R M	Explain how the sub-cellular structures of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells are related to their function-animal cells, plant cells & bacteria. Compare more clarity and detail. Compare the use of light & electron microscope. Do calculations based on magnitude of the compare the use of light and detail.											
111	tructure of animal, plant and bacteria. Draw & label drawings of a typical concept. Write measured length / diameter of measured objects in standard form.  CORE PRACTICAL 1: Produce labelled scientific drawings from observations of biological specimens using microscopes.											
1	cells - Palisade cells, sperm cells, egg cell, ciliated cells and guard cells.  Assessment 1  Assessment 2											
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
				Y9/B1 (21)								
T E			Ke	y Biological Conce	epts			REVISION				
R	Explain the structure, pro enzymes. Describe factor	rs affecting enzyme	Recall the parts of human enzymes in digestion and	how villi adapted for	Explain how substances a transport. Compare proce	ss of diffusion, osmosis &	active transport. Enlist					
M	activity. Plan experiments affecting enzyme activity.	Analyse & interpret	absotbtion. Explain vario	n, fat & sugars.	uses of diffusion,osmosis Ficks law & factors affect	ing diffusion.		REVISION FOR FIRST				
1	graphs related to enzyme action.  Understand how the energy in food can be  CORE PRACTICAL 2: Factors affecting enzyme  measured using calorimetry.  Comparison of Aerobic & anaerobic respiration, Use of fermentation  Oxygen Debt & EPOC											
	activity.  Assessment 3  Investigate: Diffusion in agar.  Assessment 4											
Year 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8				
		V0/R2/24)										

		17/ D2(24)									
T				Cells &	Control						
E R M	Describe mitosis as part of the stages interphase, programaphase and telophase acytokinesis. Understand the growth, repair and asex CORE PRACTICAL 3: In chemical reagents to identical sugars, proteins and fats in	phase, metaphase, nd he importance of mitosis cual reproduction. envestigate the use of ntify starch, reducing	division. Explain growth differentiation in animals plants. Demonstrate an u	in organisms, including c s & cell division, elongation anderstanding of the use of	& cell division, elongation and differentiation in dendron, myel		ransmission of electrical impulses including the axon, sheath and the role of neurotransmitters. Differentiate t types of neurones and their roles in reflex action.				
ear 9 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
		Y9/B	2 (12)	Y9/B3 (6)							
		Cells &	Control		Genetics		NC	REVISION			
T E R M	including the cerebellum, cerebral hemispheres and medulla oblongata. Understand various brain imaging techniques.  Discuss some of the limitations in treating damage and diseases in the brain and other parts of the nervous system,			structure and function of sensory receptor. efects of the eye. Explain ets, long-sightedness and edness can be corrected. ACTICAL 4: Osmosis in	reproduction and sexual reproduction. Explain the role of meiotic cell division in the formation of genetically different haploid gametes. Assessment 8		Components & interactions within Ecosystem. Photosynthesis- process chemical & word equation & use of products of photosynthesis Role of useful, harmful bacteria. Classification of organisms.	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAM			
ear 9 CHE	WEEK 1	Year 9 CH	EMISTRY LON	NG TERM PLAN	N with CURRICU	JLUM STANDA WEEK 6	RDS WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
		Y9/ CHE 1 (9)			Y9/ CH	IE 2 (12)					
	Stat	tes of Matter (SC 1a	-2a)	Methods	Analysis of risks and hazards in experiment						
T E R M	Recall the arrangement, neach of the three states of interconversions between conditions in arrangemen interconversions. State the 'deposition'. Analyse the point/boiling point from the state of the s	matter: solid, liquid and g the three states of matter. t, movement and energy of meaning of the terms 'sul heating and the cooling cu	as. Name the Explain the changes and f particles during these blimation'and	filtration, crystallisation, and fractional distillation knowing the properties of paper chromatogram to d comparison with known s	experimental techniques for separation of mixtures by s filtration, crystallisation, paper chromatography. Draw a and fractional distillation. Describe an appropriate expeknowing the properties of the components of the mixtur paper chromatogram to distinguish between pure and ir comparison with known substances and identify substances are composition of inks		n for simple distillation, in for simple distillation separate a mixture omatography, interpret a ntify substances by d use of Rf values.	Suggest general safety measures needed while working in laboratory. Recall the experiments such as filtration, distillation,crystallizatio, chromatography and identify the hazards in each. List out the safety measure which has to adopted based on the hazards in an experiment. Identify the hazard symbols.			
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
		Y9/ CHE 3 (9)		Y9/ CI	HE 4 (6)	Y9/ CI	HE 5 (6)				
	Ato	mic Structure (SC 3	a-c)	The Periodic 7	Гable (SC 4a-c)	Ionic bor	nds (Sc 5a)	REVISION			
Т	electrons, neutrons and nu atomic particles. Calculate	Atomic Structure (SC 3a-c) ribe the Dalton's model of atom, structure of atom in terms of protons rons, neutrons and nucleus. Predict the mass and the charge for the suic particles. Calculate the number of protons, electrons, neutrons in an of an elements and ions. Draw shell diagram for the structure of atom			Evaluin how Mandalacy arranged the algorithm in a Define ions. Calculate the numbers of subatomic						

E R M	and ions. Define electronic configuration. Compare the relative mass and charge for proton, electron, neutron. Define isotopes as atoms of the same element with different number of neutrons and same number of protons. Calculate the RAM of elements based on their percentage abundance and relative masses.  Assessment 3  WEEK 1  WEEK 2  WEEK 3			periodic tables. Spot out the periodic table. Use the Pernames, symbols, relative a numbers of elements. Preconfigurations of the first periodic table as diagram Explain how the electronic element is related to its pertable. Identify the group a element using electronic of Assessment 4	ne pair reversals from the riodic Table to obtain the atomic masses and proton dict the electronic 20 elements in the s and in the form 2.8.1. Ic configuration of an osition in the periodic and the period of an	Assessment 5  Table to obtain the tomic masses and proton dict the electronic 20 elements in the and in the form 2.8.1. c configuration of an sition in the periodic and the period of an onfiguration.				
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
75		Y9/ CH	IE 5 (12)		Y9/ CHE 6 (12)					
T E		Ionic lattice	es (Sc5b – c)			Covalent Bor	nding (SC 6a)			
R		the formulae of different is es of compounds. Discuss			Explain how a covalent bond is formed when a pair of electrons is shared between two atoms. Write the names of some covalent molecules. Draw the dot cross diagrams for molecules. Use of dot and cross					
M	lattices. Predict why ionic of crystals are determined	ules.Discuss the bonding								
2	bonding and explain your	r reasoning. Giving reasons			properties of covalent compounds like low boiling points and melting points, poor conductor of electricity.  Assessment 7					
Year 9 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y9/ CHE 7 (15)							
		Types of substance	ces and balancing e	equations (SC7a-d)		Reactivity series	REVI	SION		
T E R M	simple molecular structur diamond,graphite,fullerer of particles in a metal.Exp melting points, high dens conductors. Predict the di models like dot and cross models to show structure	res and giant covalent structures and graphene. List the plain the bonding in metality and are good conducto different types of structure at 3D space filling, ball and structure at 3D space filling at 3D sp	ctures. Discuss the structury typical physical properties and their properties. Express of electricity whereas number and bonding models used attick to explain the proper	together to form a chain.Dire and properties of differences of metals and non metals obtain most metals as shiny shoot nonmetals have low botto describe substances.Denotes of substances.List the liquations for the different type	nt allotropes of carbon- Discuss the arrangement solids which have high siling points and are poor monstrate the use of limitations of bonding	Identify the similarities and differences in the way different metals react with water, acid and salt solutions. State order of reactivity of metals from exptal data. Suggest how the method of extraction of a metal is related to its position in reactivity series. Use reactivity series to predict whether a reaction will take place or not.	REVISION FOI	R FINAL EXAM		

	YEAR 9 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8					
	Y9/P1 (3)		Y9/P	22 (12)	Y9/P3 (9)								
T	Key concepts of Physics		Motion	(SP 1a-d)	Motion and Forces (SP 2a-e)								
E	physical quantities. Use	Explain the difference be acceleration of an object.	Draw and interpret d - t ar	nd Analyse distance/time g	graphs including	State and explain Newton's three laws of motion. Draw and interpret free body diagram and find resultant force. Explain that inertial mass is a							
R M	multiples of units and		the use of light gates. Use	the equations $a = (v - u)$									
1	significant figures and	qualitatively and to calcul	etermine acceleration. Analyse velocity/time graphs to compare acceleration from gradients litatively and to calculate acceleration and to determine the distance travelled. Recall some typical eds encountered in everyday experience.  Assessment 1  pairs. Explain how for motion in a circle there must be a resultant force known as a centripetal force that acts towards the centre of the circle. It that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that an object moving in a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a changing that a circular orbit at constant speed has a chang										

	appropriate. Use of excel sheets for drawing graphs.					velocity (qualitative only)	Assessm	ent 2	
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y9/P	3(12)		Y9/1	P4(6)			
T		Motion and Fo	orces (SP 2f-i)		Waves (	(SP4 a-b)	REVISION		
E R M	momentum. Apply Newto momentum in collisions. concept of momentum to factors affecting stopping stoping an emergency var show the dependence of the Assessment 3	se the equation p = m x v. Son's third law to collision in Define Newton's second lay explain the role of crumple distance of a vehicle. Estimites over a range of typical soraking distance for a vehicle.	atteractions and relate it to the as rate of change of more e zone and other safety feat mate how the distance required speeds. Carry out calculate the on initial velocity square	the conservation of omentum. Use the atures of the car. Identify quired for a road vehicle to ions on work done to red(qualitative).	Explain that waves transf without transferring matter frequency, wavelength, as velocity and wavefront as Explain the difference be transverse waves. Use the $v = f \lambda$ and $v = x/t$	er. Use the terms mplitude, period, wave applied to waves. tween longitudinal and	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM		
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y9/P4 (12)					NC		
	S	ound waves (SP 4c-g	g)	V	Working Scientifical	ly	Earth Science		
E R M	Describe how to measure the velocity of sound in air and ripples on water surfaces. Calculate depth or distance from time and wave velocity. Describe the propagation of sound waves in different medium in terms of changes in velocity, frequency and wavelength. Explain the way the human ear works. Describe the features and uses of infra sound and ultra sound waves including sonar, fetal scanning and study of Earth's structure.  Assessment 4			graphs to compare acceleration from	Identify control, independ variables in an experimen hypothesis and theory. Ar conclusions from graph. I the variables in a graph. I precsion in the measuren PRACTICAL 2: Investiga equipment to measure the wavelength of a wave in a	at. Differentiate halyse and draw Identify the link between Explain accuracy and hents. CORE hate the suitability of he speed, frequency and	Explain plate tectonics an different types of plate mo boundaries. Differentiate I waves. Identify different la	vements near the between types of seismic	
YEAR 9 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y9/P	5 (12)		NC				
		Conservation of	energy (SP3 a-f)		Motor effect	Working scientifically	REVI	SION	
E R M	describe the concept of co wasteful when there is ris- ways of reducing unwante- increased. $m \times g \times \Delta h$ and $KE = 1/2$ gravitational field strength Describe the main energy	h and also realise that the v sources available for use o y, waves, tides and Sun) an	fferent situations. Identify dissipating energy to the se efficiency and explain I L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	y how energy become surroundings. Explain how efficiency can be Use the equation ΔGPE = Recall weight = mass x ywhere (NC) fuels, nuclear fuel, bio-	Recall electromagnetsim and state the functions of each part of an electric motor. Describe how an electric motor converts electric energy to kinetic energy.	nature of a surface affects the amount of thermal energy radiated	REVISION FOR	R FINAL EXAM	

	YEAR 10 BIOLOGY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS										
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			
		Y10 /F	33 (16)		Y10 /B3 (16)						
T		DNA & Prot	Gen	etice							

1		DINA & FIOR	em symmesis			Geneues				
R M	Differentiate gene & gene amino acids in the protein translation. Describe how phenotype by influencing	mer made up of two polynuome. Explain how the order in. Understand the stages of genetic variants in the code is the binding of RNA polynue significance of HGP & or	of bases in a section of D of protein synthesis, including & non coding DNA on erase, altering the quant	NA decides the order of ling transcription and of a gene can affect ity & activity of protein th specific examples.	features are controlled by genes- dominant/recessive and homozygous/heterozygous. Analyse and interpret patterns of monohybrid inheritance using a genetic diagram, Punnet square and family					
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
T			Y10 / F	34 (24)						
E				Selective Breeding						
M	theory. Describe the evidence of the evidence of the evolution. Understand hours its impact on food plants:	& Darwin to explain theory ence of human evolution by genetic analysis had led and domesticated animals. In their respective groups and	evidence for	REVISION FO						
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y10/B4 (12)				Y10/ B5(20)				
T	Clonin	g & Genetic modifi	cation	Health & Disease						
R M	advantages & disadvanta programmes.Evaluate the	issue culture& genetic engi ges in medical research & e benefits & risks of selecti modern agriculture & med	plant breeding ve breeding,tissue culture	Differentiate infectious & non infectious disease in humans. Describe the cause, spread and control of infectious diseases in humans. Explain the lifecycle of a virus and spread & control of sexually transmitted viral infections.  Describe the link of non infectious disease and malnutrition. communicable diseases. I Assessment 5  CORE PRACTICAL 4:			Explain the effect of lifesty Evaluate treatments for CV	le factors of non		
YEAR 10 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y10/I	35 (24)						
Т		Healt	h, Disease and the	development of med	licines		NC	REVISION		
E R M	Describe the physical barriers & chemical defences of the human body. Explain the specific immune responses in the human body. Understand immunisation & evaluate the various immunisation techniques.  Understand the bacetricidal & bacteriostatic action of antibiotics. Explain the aseptic techniques used in culturing microorganisms. Identify and explain the various phases in drug trialling done in human. Evaluate each phase of drug trialling. Describe the production and uses of monoclonal antibiotics and antiseptics to favour cure and avoid spread of antibiotics.  Trophic level, Energy flow and ecological pyramic linvestigation skill—Describe and dra									

	Year 10 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 10 CHE	TI WEEK 1 I WEEK 2 I WEEK 3 I WEEK 4 I WEEK 5 I WEEK 6 I WEEK 7 I WEEK 8 I												
		Y10 /CF	HE 1 (16)			Y10 /CHE 2 (16)							
		Acids and Alk	alies (SC 8a-g)		Calculations involving masses (SC 9a-c)								
	Differentiate acids as a source of H+ and alkalis as a source of OH-, strong and weak, concentrated and dilute acids. Explain how the changes in the H+ affects the pH of a solution. Explain the reactions of acids with metals, metal oxides, carbonates, hydroxides, tests for gases, salt preparation and												

E R M	alkalis, metal carbonates base indicators.Carry ou indicator solution while and a balanced chemica CORE PRACTICAL 2: calcium oxide to a fixed CORE PRACTICAL 3: starting from copper oxid	e word and balanced chemics and hydrogen carbonates. It experiments for the titratic doing titration. Use the solute of the precipitate of the precipitate of the change in provolume of hydrochloric acid. Investigate the preparation ide including the use of a watthe volume of hydrochloric Assessment 1	Identify the colour changer on and know how to use a ability rules to prepare instance on reactions including stated on adding powdered can be of pure, dry hydrated coputer bath.	pipette,burette and oluble salts.Write a word ate symbols. alcium hydroxide or per sulfate crystals CORE	balanced chemical equations from the masses of reactants and products. Define Avogadro's constant.  Apply the law of conservation of mass to calculate the mass of reactants or products in a chemical					
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y10 /CI	HE 3 (16)			Y10 / CHE 4 (12)				
Т		Electrolytic Prod	cesses (SC 10a-c)		Obtainin	REVISION				
M 1	copper(II) chloride, sodi inert electrodes. Define t of aqueous copper (II) s using electrolysis using purification of copper. W	chloride,potassium bromid um chloride,sodium sulfate, he terms oxidation and redu ulfate using inert and coppe a neat labelled diagram. Pre rite ionic half equations at of Investigate the electrolysis of Assessment 3	acidified water, molten le action in terms of electron or electrodes. Explain how dict how anode sludge is eathode and anode.	ead (II) bromide using s.Compare the electrolysis copper can be purified formed during the	water, acids and salt solureactions as redox reactions of displacement reactions displacement reactions. Serelated to its position in the as reduction of ores by he and phytoextraction, recycycle assessment of a pro-	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION				
Year 10 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y10 /CHE 5 (12)			Y10/ CHE 6 (12)			Y10/ CHE 7 (8)		
	Transitio	n Metals, Corrosion	(SC 13a-b)	Electron	1-4' 0 A11- ' /6	20 12 - 1)	Qualitative Analysis, Nanoparticles (SC 25a-26c)			
			`	-	lating & Alloying (S		(SC 25	6a-26c)		
T E R M	physical and chemical p from the periodic table. properties of iron make observations for iron (II Reason out why metals of preventing it by exclusion the effect of the dissolve	netals are transition metals, is reperties. Cite some example Discuss their position in the it a typical transition metal. It is their corrode. Explain rusting of it of oxygen and sacrificial is a salt on the rate of rusting. Cial protection of an offshore	recall their typical les of transition metals repriodic table and what Give the tests, hemical equations. fron and methods of protection. <i>Investigate</i> Evaluate the suitability	Explain how electroplating resistance to corrosion of alloyed with other metals properties including alumn magnalium and brass. Explain why instruments. Explain why instruments are stronger than the car parts are made from a	ig can be used to improve metal objects. Define alloy to produce alloy steels, relainium, copper and gold at aluate the use of electroph buggest a reason that explayrought iron is an alloy. If he individual metals they olloy steels.	the appearance and v.Reason out why iron is late uses of metals to their nd their alloys including ating for jewellery and for ains why a surgical Evaluate the statement contain'. Reason out why		tions to identify cations are nanoparticles, how lk materials, their uses with these nanoparticles.		
E R M	physical and chemical p from the periodic table. properties of iron make observations for iron (II Reason out why metals of preventing it by exclusion the effect of the dissolve of sodium for the sacrific	netals are transition metals, a roperties. Cite some example Discuss their position in the it a typical transition metal. It, iron(III) and write their corrode. Explain rusting of it on of oxygen and sacrificial and salt on the rate of rusting.	recall their typical les of transition metals repriodic table and what Give the tests, hemical equations. fron and methods of protection. <i>Investigate</i> Evaluate the suitability	Explain how electroplating resistance to corrosion of alloyed with other metals properties including alumnagnalium and brass. Explain why lalloys are stronger than to car parts are made from a Investigate how electroplating.	ig can be used to improve metal objects. Define alloy to produce alloy steels, relainium, copper and gold at aluate the use of electroph buggest a reason that explayrought iron is an alloy. If he individual metals they olloy steels.	the appearance and v.Reason out why iron is late uses of metals to their nd their alloys including ating for jewellery and for ains why a surgical Evaluate the statement contain'. Reason out why	Discuss the tests and reac and anions. Explain what they are different from bul and the risks associated w CORE PRACTICAL 7:Ide unknown salts, using the acations and anions.	tions to identify cations are nanoparticles, how lk materials, their uses with these nanoparticles.		
E R M 2	physical and chemical p from the periodic table. properties of iron make observations for iron (II Reason out why metals preventing it by exclusion the effect of the dissolve of sodium for the sacrific Assessment 5	tetals are transition metals, reperties. Cite some example Discuss their position in the it a typical transition metal. It is a typical transition metal. It is corrode. Explain rusting of it is of oxygen and sacrificial is a salt on the rate of rusting. Cial protection of an offshore	recall their typical les of transition metals reperiodic table and what Give the tests, hemical equations. fron and methods of protection. <i>Investigate</i> Evaluate the suitability re oil rig.	Explain how electroplating resistance to corrosion of alloyed with other metals properties including alumn angnalium and brass. Explain why lalloys are stronger than to car parts are made from a Investigate how electrople coin.  WEEK 4	ig can be used to improve metal objects. Define alloy to produce alloy steels, relainium, copper and gold an aluate the use of electroph suggest a reason that explawrought iron is an alloy. If he individual metals they olloy steels.	the appearance and v.Reason out why iron is late uses of metals to their nd their alloys including ating for jewellery and for ains why a surgical Evaluate the statement contain'. Reason out why ove the appearance of a	Discuss the tests and reac and anions. Explain what they are different from bul and the risks associated w CORE PRACTICAL 7:1dd unknown salts, using the actions and anions.  Assessment 7	tions to identify cations are nanoparticles, how lk materials, their uses with these nanoparticles. Sentify the ions in some stests for the specified		
E R M 2	physical and chemical p from the periodic table. properties of iron make observations for iron (II Reason out why metals preventing it by exclusio the effect of the dissolve of sodium for the sacrific Assessment 5  WEEK 1  Fuels, Earth an	tetals are transition metals, reperties. Cite some example Discuss their position in the it a typical transition metal. It is a typical transition metal. It is corrode. Explain rusting of it is of oxygen and sacrificial is a salt on the rate of rusting. Cial protection of an offshore.  WEEK 2	recall their typical les of transition metals reperiodic table and what Give the tests, hemical equations. From and methods of protection. Investigate  Evaluate the suitability re oil rig.  WEEK 3  Ce (SC 20a - 21d)	Explain how electroplating resistance to corrosion of alloyed with other metals properties including alum magnalium and brass. Evental bathroom fittings. Sinstruments. Explain why 'alloys are stronger than to car parts are made from a Investigate how electrople coin.  WEEK 4	ig can be used to improve metal objects. Define alloy to produce alloy steels, relainium, copper and gold at aluate the use of electroph or suggest a reason that explaining wrought iron is an alloy. If the individual metals they olloy steels.  In the individual metals they or the individual metals they ollow to the individual metals they ollow the indi	the appearance and v.Reason out why iron is late uses of metals to their nd their alloys including ating for jewellery and for ains why a surgical Evaluate the statement contain'. Reason out why ove the appearance of a  WEEK 6  C eactions(Sc19a -b)	Discuss the tests and reac and anions. Explain what they are different from bul and the risks associated w CORE PRACTICAL 7:1dd unknown salts, using the actions and anions.  Assessment 7	tions to identify cations are nanoparticles, how lk materials, their uses with these nanoparticles. Sentify the ions in some tests for the specified  WEEK 8		

		YEAR 10	PHYSICS LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	RDS	
YEAR 10 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T E R M	Describe the continuous of including (in order) radio	waves, microwaves, g the colours of the visible X-rays and gamma rays in order of decreasing g frequency. Identify ectromagnetic waves.	Electromagnetic spanning dangers  Identify the harmful effect exposure to the electromate Describe characteristic prelectromagnetic radiation characteristic property of	(SP 5f-i)  tts, to life, of excessive agnetic radiations. roperties and uses of each a. Identify the the radiation involved in er. Describe the effects of Assessment 2  Investigate how the set the amount of thermal ped.	Recall reflection and laws of reflection.  Explain how waves will be refracted at a boundary in terms of the change of speed and direction. Describe that different substances may absorb, transmit, refract or reflect waves in ways that vary with wavelength.  Assessment 3		Y10/P2 (16)  Light (SP5 b-c)  Explain, with the aid of ray diagrams, reflection, refraction and total reflection (TIR) of light, including the law of reflection and critical a Describe and explain differential absorption of light by different mar Describe the transmission of light through filters. Describe the refract light by converging and diverging lenses. Explain the effects of differential images. Relate the power of a lesshape.  Assessment 4  WEEK 6  WEEK 7  WEEK	
PHY		Y10/P3 (12)	11 11		Y10/P3 (12)			
T E R M 1	nuclei of isotopes. Explain how ions are formed. Identify different types of ionising radiations and state their	Radioactivi  Describe the process of rabalance nuclear equations the random and exponent nuclei and define half life determine half life. Identi different radioactive source and the type of emission.	dioactive decays. Write for each decay. Describe ial decay of radioactive Draw decay graphs and fy the suitability of	Describe the uses and data between contamination at uses (PET and tracers). I power stations. Discuss estations. Describe nuclear	adioactivity(SP 6h-1	cribe the differences lain some of the medical d working of nuclear npact of nuclear power	REVISION FOI	R FIRST TERM
PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T E R M	Working So Investigate the effects of producing real and virtual power of a lens to its shap independent and dependa experiment. Differentiate Analyse and draw conclus the link between the varia what is meant by accuracy scientific ideas and obser	d images. Relate the be. Identify control, ant variables in an hypothesis and theory. Sions from graph. Identify ables in a graph. Explain y and precsion. Analyse	Describe, with examples, force diagrams and calcu can cause rotation. Recall × distance normal to the	es, how objects can interact. Draw and use free body culate resultant forces. Identify situations where forces call and use the equation: moment of a force = force ne direction of the force. Recall and use the principle of a levers and gears transmit the rotational effects of  Astrono  Explain how and why the value of gour Solar System and describe the cartificial satellites. Explain centripe radius and orbital speed. Describe to Sun and massive stars.			cribe the orbits of moons, p in centripetal force in circul Describe the evolution of s	nt bodies in space. Recall planets, comets and ar orbits. Relate the

	situation.							
YEAR 1 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y10/	P5 (8)	Y10/P6 (4)		Y10/P7(12)			
	Astronom	y (SP7 d-e)	Energy- Forces doing work (SP8a)	Pa	rticle model (SP14 a	REVISION		
T E R M		ce for the Universe w methods of observing	calculate kinetic and potential energy of a body. Express power as the rate of doing work and identify the factors affecting power. Recall that one watt is equal to	Define density of a materi energy stored within the s of state. Explain how hea the system and raise its te specific heat capacity and capacity of materials inclu m×c× Δθ. Define specific Assessment 10 CORE PRACTICAL 6: In CORE PRACTICAL 7:11	ry model to explain the diffical. Explain how heating a system and raise its temperating a system will change imperature or produce chard describe how to determine adding water and some solid latent heat and use the equiversity at the densities of some solid and the system of water and obtaining a temperature and obtaining a temperature and obtaining a temperature solid system.	system will change the ature or produce changes the energy stored within nges of state. Define the specific heat ds. Use the equation $\Delta Q$ = uation $Q = m \times L$ .		R FINAL EXAM

		Year 11 B	SIOLOGY LONG	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDAR	RDS			
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
			Y11/B6 (25)			Y11/B7 (15)				
T		Plant st	ructures and their fo	unctions		Anim	al Coordination & C	Control		
M 1	Recall plant defence mechanisms, their role in curing diseases & methods to investigate plant diseases. Identify and describe how the various parts of the leaf adapted for photosynthesis. Explain the role of photosynthesis in plants, factors affecting photosynthesis and analyzing the limiting factors. Understand mechanisms of transport of nutrients in plants & factors affecting transpiration linked with transport. Know how plants are adapted to survive in extreme environments. Explain how plant hormones control & coordinate plant growth. Understand tropic responses involved in plant growth. Describe the commercial uses of auxins, gibberelins & ethene in plants. Explain how structure of root hair cell, xylem & phloem are adapted for transport in plants.  **CORE PRACTICAL 6: Factors**  **Assessment 2**  **CORE PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis in potatoes**  **CORE PRACTICAL 4: Osmosis in potatoes**  **Assessment 2**  **Assessment 2**  **Assessment									
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y11/B7 (18	3)		`	Y11/B8 (17)	11/B8 (17)			
	I	Animal Coordination	& Control		Exchange &	hange & transport in organisms REVISION				
	Describe the role of skin and negative feedback mechanism in thermoregulation.  Understand the general structure and functions of urinary system. Describe the possible treatments for kidney failure. Role of nephron in urine formation. Demonstrate an understanding of the role of ADH and negative feedback mechanism.  Recall factors affecting diffusion .Interpret Ficks law.Identify and explain the structure and functions of blood, heart, blood vessels and describe its role in transport of nutrients and wastes in the human body.Explain Physical & chemical barriers in human.Describe the role of white blood cells in body defence .Evaluate the uses & production of monoclonal							REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM		
Year 11 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8		
		Y11/B9 (15)			Y11/B9 (15)					
	Eco	evetem & material o	voles	Fo	newetem & material c	velee	REVI	SION		

T	Eco	Ecosystem & material cycles Ecosystem & material cycles						SIUIN	
E R M	chain and use of ecologic organisms in an ecosyster pollution and water pollu and plant growth and des Assessment 5 PRACTICAL 8: Investiga	anding of how energy is transcal pyramids. Explain biotical m. Analyze, interpret and extion. Investigate effects of particle remedial measures for the relationship between work techniques, including	c relationships of evaluate data related to air pollutants on germination or air and water pollution.  CORE  n organisms and their	water treatment. Discuss	tem and know the significents. Identify &explain the concepts of fish farming. valuate ways of controlling	REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION			
		Year 11 CH	HEMISTRY LON	NG TERM PLAI	N with CURRIC	ULUM STANDA	RDS		
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/ CH	HE 1 (20)			Y11/ CH	IE 2 (20)		
T		Rates of reactio	n (Sc 18a – 18c)			Quantitative Ana	alysis (SC 14 a-e)		
E R M	reactions and factors affe Discuss how catalysts wo the investigation. Sketch biological catalysts.	or a reaction to happen. Defecting the rates of reactions. It is speed up reactions. It graph to show how the faction of the state of t	. Draw graphs to determinate ist all the safety precaution tors affect rate of a reaction changing the conditions of	ne the rate of a reaction. ons adopted to carry out on. Compare and contrast	Calculations to find the concentration of an acid/ alkali solution titration, percentage yield, ator economy, molar volume of gases in a reaction, given the relevant equation. Give a reason that exwhy it is desirable to have a high percentage yield in a reaction. Reason out why the actual yield than the theoretical yield in some cases. Explain how the data is used to decide on the best way				
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11 /CHE 3 (15)			Y11 /CI	HE 4 (20)			
Т	Hydrocarbo	ns and alcohols (Sc	22a – Sc23b)	Car	boxylic Acids and P	Polymers (Sc 23c- Sc	24d)	REVISION	
E R M	unsaturated hydrocarbon together with their names organic compound. Ident alcohols and carboxylic a glucose as well as ethane	Iomologous series. Represes using their molecular and some some some some some some some some	I structural formula e isomers of a given ent in alkanes, alkenes, ion of ethanol with perties of alcohols. Write	Explain the production of identify carboxylic acids. Discuss the different type polymerization. Draw the Define addition and cond CORE PRACTICAL 8: In Assessment 4	Predict reactions of carbo s of polymers. Differentia structure of polymers. De ensation polymerisation v	ners and polymers.  Indensation  Indensation a polymer.  Indensation a polymers.  Indensation a polymers.	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM		
Year 11 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11 /CHE 5 (15)			Y11 /CHE 6 (15)				
T E	•	equilibrium and Cell		*	the Periodic Table	,	REVI	SION	
R M	reversible reaction between how the position of a dyn	um, describe the formation en nitrogen and hydrogen f amic equilibrium is affecte oncentration. Compare the	for Haber process, predicted by changes in	Write the observations and equations for the reactions of group 1 metals with water. Explain the displacement reactions as redox reactions. Relate uses of noble gases with their properties like inertness and low density.  Assessment 6			REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION		

	YEAR 11 PHYSICS LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS										
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8			

	Y	711/P1 (13)			Y11/F	P2 (15)			Y11/P3 (	12)	
	Static Ele	ectricity (SP 11a-c)			Electricity and C	ircuits (SP 10a-i )		Mag	netism and motor	effect (SP12a-c)	
T E R M	Charges and Static electric different methods of charg static electricity. Describe electric field around a point charge and between strength of the field to the Explain how the concept phenomena of static electric differences.	eing an insulator, Dangers the shape and direction of parallel plates and relate concentration of lines of an electric field helps to	s and uses of cirple of the In moderate of explain the and 1 of El be ear	rcuits. Developments. Developments. Developments. Explained the ions and calculate the heating extraction of the heating extraction.	n Ohm's law and define re- relop an understanding of a IV graphs of different ohm. Filament lamp, LDR and ser- in the energy transfer as the in the lattice. Explain the e electrical power. Descri- g effect of an electric curre- fety: Explain the difference live, neutral and earth main and of fuses or circuit breaks	components with changi- ic and non-ohmic condu- mi conductor diode. (using e result of collisions between the atting effect of an elec- be the advantages and dent the between ac and dc. Roms wires. Explain the fur-	ing resistances.  actors like ing secondary ween electrons tric current lisadvantages  accall the p.d	Describe the bar magnets concentration magnetic effective field strength Explain that magnetic field of the force, of BII. Explain	and for a uniform field. In of lines. Describe how ect around a long straigl to the current and dista magnetic forces are due ds. Use Fleming's left-l current and magnetic fiel thow the force on a cond to rotation in electric mod	the magnetic field around Relate field strength to the a current can create a ant conductor and relate the ance from the conductor. to interactions between thand rule to show directions and rule to the equation F = and the conductor in a magnetic field is	
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK	3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y11/I	24 (20)			Y11,	/P5 (10)				
Т		Electromagnetic i		Forces and M	Matter (SP 1	5a-b)	REV	VISION			
E R M	Describe the production of electric current by the relative movement of a rection of the microphone in converting the pressure variations in sound we neetrical circuits, and the reverse effect as used in loudspeakers and he ransformer can change the size of an alternating voltage. Use the turns rate of calculate voltage. Explain where and why step-up and step-down transformers are ransmission of electricity in the national grid.  Assessing				amos (d.c.) Explain the into variations in current hones. Explain how a equation for transformers ers are used in the	Describe the difference between elastic and inelastic distortion. Use the equation to calculate the spring constant: $F = kx$ . Use the equation $E = 1/2 kx2$ to calculate the work done in stretching a spring. Describe the pressure in a fluid as being due to the fluid and atmospheric pressure. Explain how pressure is related to force and area, $P = F/A$ Assessment 5		the spring /2 kx2 to ring. Describe fluid and ure is related	REVISION FOR FIRST TERMENTERS		
YEAR 11 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK		WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y11/P	5 (10)					•	•			
-	Forces and Ma	tter (SP 15c-d)	Wo	rking S	cientifically			REVI	ISION		
E R	Describe and explain how pressure in fluids increases with depth and density. Use the equation $P = h \times \varrho \times g$ . Recognise that upthrust is equal to the weight of fluid displaced. Explain how the				tt. Analyse and draw Identify the link between Explain what is meant by nalyse scientific ideas and	]	REVISION	FOR MO	CK EXAMINATI	ON	
		Year 12 I	BIOLOGY	LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	ULUM S'	ΓANDAR	DS		
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK	3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y12/B1 (18)			Y12/B2 (6)			Y12/B	2 (24)		
		iological Molecule			Mathematical skills				duction of Living	<u>e</u>	
T E R M	Identify, describe and explain the structure, properties, formation as carbohydrates, fats and proteins. Distinguish monosaccharide, distance polysaccharide. Distinguish between the primary, secondary, tert quartenary structure. Discuss the physical & chemical properties of			accharide iary & water.	scale bar. Drawing of appropriate graphs and	Identify and understand various techniques used Identify various levels o examples.	l in cell study .	Describe struction organisms -	cture, life cycle & harm	fulness of virus particles.	

1	Benedict test, Biuret test	t & Emulsion test.		Deviation & drawing Error bar to represent variability in data . Differentiate Reliability and variability in data.				
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12/I	B1 (24)			Y12/B2 (18)		
T E		Biological	Molecules		Cells, Viruses a	and Reproduction	of Living Things	REVISION
R M	structure and roles of nuc of protein synthesis and s Assessment 3	nzymes & explain factors at cleic acids in a cell and DN significance of genetic code of rate of an enzyme– contro	A replication. Understand e. Understand the role of in CORE PRA	and describe the process norganic ions in plants.	nd describe the process asexual reproduction in animals and plants. Compare asexual reproduction to			
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12/I	34 (24)			Y12,	/B3 (24)	
T		Exchange a	nd Transport			Classification	and Biodiversity	
R M 2	in insects, fish ,plant & h CORE PRACTICAL 2: U and drawing small numb		e, including simple stage a sed tissue. COI		understand the types of no old and new evidences of reseachers. Asse genetic diversity by gel el	atural selection, speciati evolution. Evaluate way essment 6 ectrophoresis	th. Recall evolution by nature on and isolation mechanisms as of validating evidence collec- acrose concentrations on pol	s with examples. Explain ected by scientist and <i>Investigation: Assess</i>
Year 12 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y12/B4 (18)		Y12/B4 (6)		Y12/B3 (18)		
	E	xchange and Transp	oort	Mathematical skills	Classification and Biodiversity			REVISION
T E R M	blood and cardiac cycle. diseases related to life sty plant tissues (xylem & p Corelate the role of trans Assessment 7  CORE PRACTICAL 8: 1 shoots using a potometer.	the ultra structure of huma Analyze and interpret caus yle factors and diet. Identify bhloem) and its role in transpiration in transport of numbers of the structure of the stru	es and correlation of heart fy the structural details of sport of nutrients. trients.  The water uptake by plant	Calculation of Mean, Median, Mode, Allele frequency, Lincoln index and Species diversity index Statistical test analysis – Student T-test, Spearmann correlation test & Chi square test	and evaluate species concepts - biological, morphological, genetic, evolutionary and ecological species. Understand techniques in measurin biodiversity, concepts of niche and adaptation in organisms. Know the restriction in conservation of organisms and evaluate in situ and ex situ conservation techniques. Assessment 8  Investig Assess species diversity by calculating the simpsons diversity index of area sampled.			
V 12		Year 13 1	BIOLOGY LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM STANDA	RDS	
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y13/B7 (18)			Y13/B8 (15)		Y13/B5 (15	5)
		Modern Genetics		Ũ	of genetic variation		Energy for Biologica	-
Т	Explain PCR technique, DNA fingerprinting, gel electrophoresis.  Significance of cell determination and cell differentiation and evaluate the role and use of stem cell research. Understand interactions between genes			Identify and explain that variations and that the pr	mutations are the source of		cture of mitochondria. Distinction of mitochondria.	

R M	and the environment in or epigenetics. Describe the Evaluate the advantages & Assessment 1  CORE PRACTICAL 16: It distribution or morphology ethical use of organisms.	including has selection wit Bottle neck of squared tests observed and CORE PRA sampling me	including haemophilia in humans. Recall types of natural selection with examples. Explain Hardy Weingberg principle, Bottle neck effect and Genetic drift. Apply and analyse chi squared tests to test the significance of the difference between into account into accou				EPOC. CORE PRAC erobic or an	ACTICAL 9: Investigate factors affecting the rate of anaerobic respiration using a respirameter, taking at the safe and ethical use of organisms.			
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WE	E <b>K</b> 5	WEE	K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Ŋ	713/B6 (27)					Y1	13/B5 (15	)	
	Microbiology and pathogens Energy									ıl processes	REVISION
T E R M	measuring the growth of a exponential growth rate of tissues and producing tox CORE PRACTICAL 12: If ethical use of organisms. Describe and explain the controlling the spread of a effect of the stem rust fun implications of different of these methods. Explain the role of T and B memory of Assessment 4	action of bactericidal and antibiotic resistance in bac gus, influenza virus, the montrol methods for endemne mode of action of macrotells in the secondary immediatells in the secondary immediatells in the secondary immediatells.	ifferent phases of a bacteric teria can be agents of infe- teria can be agents of infe- teria can be agents of infe- teria in liquid cur- bacteriostatic antibiotics, teria. Explain transmissional and arial parasite. Analyse to ic malaria and the role of ophages, neutrophils and bune response, active and po-	ial growth cur ection, invadir alture taking in the methods a on, mode of in the social and the scientific dymphocytes.l assive immun	we and calcumg and destroact to account to account to and difficulties fection and peconomic and community in Identify and eatity.	late ying host  the safe and  es of athogenic d ethical n validating explain the	photosynthet absorption sy reactions of p affecting pho CORE PRAG wavelengths CORE PRAG	photosynthesis, otosynthesis. CTICAL 10: Im of light on the CTICAL 11: Im pigments using	plants.Analy n spectra . E , concepts of vestigate the rate of photo vestigate pre	yse & interpret explain the light and dark f limiting factors e effects of different cosynthesis. esence of different	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM
Year 13 BIO	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WE	EK 4	WE	EK 5	WEEI	K 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
		Y13/B9 (21	l)			Y	13/B10 (1	5)			
Т		Control Syste				E	Cosystem	s		REVI	SION
E R M	Understand the principles Know photoreception and nerve impulse transmission drugs in humans. Explain humans. As CORE PRACTICAL 14: In germinating cereals us.	ystem & effects of ulation in	Identify, describe and explain the terms ecosystem, trophic level, pyramids, energy transfer and ecological techniques. Analyse and interpret the data using statistical tests.(t-test and spearman's test). Calculate the efficiency of energy transfer between trophic levels. Describe the process of succession,				ques. t-test and ansfer ssion, yse the	REVISION FOR MOCK EXAM			

	Year 12 CHEMISTRY LONG TERM PLAN with CURRICULUM STANDARDS												
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 7	WEEK 8										
		Y12 /CHE 1 (18)			Y12 /CHE 2 (18)		Y12 /CH	HE 3 (12)					
T	Atomic	structure and period	lic table	В	onding and structur	re	Redox I						
R	Carbon 12. Analyse and in relative atomic mass from general increase in first in	mass and suggests why conterpret data from mass spon relative abundance of isotonization energy across the using 1s notation and elect	ectrometry to calculate topes. Reason out for the period. Predict the	covalent substances inclu and for species exhibiting	v dot and cross diagrams t ding molecules with single	o show electrons in e, double and triple bonds he bond angles, shapes of	Calculate the oxidation nutransfer. Identify the dispract Apply that oxidation numbers of the classification as disproportionation. Write Calculation as disproportionation.	roportionation reaction. ber is a useful concept in of reactions as redox and					
1		dicity using data, atomic ra			orces resulting from Lond		and use them to construct	-					

I

	points and first ionisation Assessment 1	n energies.		dipoles and hydrogen bon		Assessment 3			
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEE	E <b>K</b> 7	WEEK 8
		Y12 /CHE 4 (18)			Y12 /C	HE 5 (24)	•		
T		Inorganic Chemistr	y	Form	nulae, Equations a	nd amounts of subs	tance		REVISION
	oxygen and chlorine. Into elements.Reason out the carbonates of group 1 an number, the disproportio chlorine in water treatme sodium hydroxide, the di- Assessment 4	ne elements magnesium to erpret the trend in reactivity trends in thermal stability d 2. Understand, in terms of nation reaction of chlorine nt, the reaction of chlorine sproportionation reaction of of inorganic and organic	y of group 2 and group 7 of the nitrates and of changes in oxidation with water and the use of with cold, dilute aqueous of chlorine with hot alkali.  CORE	Calculate moles in reactions involving mass, volume of gas, volume solutions in mol dm-3 and g dm <sup>-3</sup> , including simple acid-base titrati and indicators, percentage yields and percentage atom economies us measurement uncertainties, measurement errors in experimental reservor in experimental procedures and experimental results.  Assessment 5  CORE PRACTICAL 1: Measure the molar volume of a gas.  CORE PRACTICAL 2: Prepare a standard solution from a solid acid CORE PRACTICAL 3: Find the concentration of a solution of hydrosides.			a range of acid nical equations. comment on so	ds, alkalis . Calculate ources of	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAMINATION
Year 12 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEE	E <b>K</b> 7	WEEK 8
			Y12 /CHE 6 (30)			Y12/ CH	IE 7 (18)		
Т			Organic Chemistry			Mod	lern analyti	ical techni	iques
2		nvestigation of the rates of	f hydrolysis of some haloge	maalkanee		ketones and esters preser			
Year 12	PRACTICAL 6: Chlorina		ol using concentrated hydro	ochloric acid.	CORE WEEK 5	Predict the use of fingerp			
ear 12		week 2	, ,	ochloric acid.  WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEEK 6	WEE		WEEK 8
ear 12	PRACTICAL 6: Chlorina WEEK 1	tion of 2-methylpropan-2-0	WEEK 3	ochloric acid.	WEEK 5 IE 9 (12)	WEEK 6 Y12 /CF		EK 7	
T E R	WEEK 1  Construct and interpret executermic and endother reaction, formation, comingiven experimental result Calculate an enthalpy characteristic and enthalpy characteristics.	WEEK 2 Y12 / CHE 8 (18)	WEEK 3  WEEK 3  Sowing enthalpy change for dard enthalpy changes of do calculations from es using Hess's Law. In bond enthalpies and it.	week 4	WEEK 5  IE 9 (12)  Kinetics  Ally take place when sufficient energy, known the reaction profiles for reactions, interpret abution of molecular somic benefits of the use	WEEK 6 Y12 /CF	WEE HE 10 (12) Equilibrium alitative effect oration, pressure quilibrium.Eva for industrial proveen the yield a	of a change e on a aluate data rocesses, to and the rate	WEEK 8  REVISION  REVISION FOR FINAL
T E R M	WEEK 1  Construct and interpret exothermic and endother reaction, formation, combigiven experimental result Calculate an enthalpy chaexplain the limitations of CORE PRACTICAL 8: 71	WEEK 2  Y12 / CHE 8 (18)  Chemical Energetic Inthalpy level diagrams sho mic reactions. Define stan bustion, neutralisation and its. construct enthalpy cycle ange of reaction using mea this method of calculation To determine the enthalpy Assessment 8	WEEK 3  WEEK 3  Sowing enthalpy change for dard enthalpy changes of do calculations from es using Hess's Law. In bond enthalpies and it.	WEEK 4  Y12 / CH  Reaction  Describe that reactions on collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distrienergies, explain the econ of catalysts in industrial reassessment 9	WEEK 5  IE 9 (12)  Kinetics  By take place when sufficient energy, known the reaction profiles for reactions, interpret abution of molecular somic benefits of the use eactions.	WEEK 6  Y12 / CF  Chemical 2  Predict and justify the quof a temperature, concent homogenous system in eto explain the necessity, reach a compromise betwoof reaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria.  Assessment 10	WEE HE 10 (12) Equilibrium talitative effect or action, pressure quilibrium. Eva for industrial proveen the yield a expression for Ko	of a change e on a aluate data rocesses, to and the rate	WEEK 8  REVISION  REVISION FOR
T E R M	WEEK 1  Construct and interpret exothermic and endother reaction, formation, combigiven experimental result Calculate an enthalpy chaexplain the limitations of CORE PRACTICAL 8: 71	WEEK 2  Y12 / CHE 8 (18)  Chemical Energetic Inthalpy level diagrams sho mic reactions. Define stan bustion, neutralisation and its. construct enthalpy cycle ange of reaction using mea this method of calculation To determine the enthalpy Assessment 8	WEEK 3	WEEK 4  Y12 / CH  Reaction  Describe that reactions on collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distrienergies, explain the econ of catalysts in industrial reassessment 9	WEEK 5  IE 9 (12)  Kinetics  By take place when sufficient energy, known the reaction profiles for reactions, interpret abution of molecular somic benefits of the use eactions.	WEEK 6  Y12 / CF  Chemical 2  Predict and justify the quof a temperature, concent homogenous system in eto explain the necessity, reach a compromise betwoof reaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria.  Assessment 10	WEE HE 10 (12) Equilibrium talitative effect or action, pressure quilibrium. Eva for industrial proveen the yield a expression for Ko	of a change e on a aluate data rocesses, to and the rate ac in	WEEK 8  REVISION  REVISION FOR FINAL
T E R M 2	WEEK 1  Construct and interpret exothermic and endother reaction, formation, comingiven experimental result Calculate an enthalpy character explain the limitations of CORE PRACTICAL 8: Tusing Hess's Law.	WEEK 2  Y12 / CHE 8 (18)  Chemical Energetic on thalpy level diagrams show the standard of the	WEEK 3	WEEK 4  Y12 / CH  Reaction  Describe that reactions on collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distrienergies, explain the econ of catalysts in industrial reassessment 9	WEEK 5  WEEK 5  WEEK 5  WEEK 5  WEEK 5	WEEK 6  Y12 / CF  Chemical 2  Predict and justify the quof a temperature, concent homogenous system in eto explain the necessity, reach a compromise betwoof reaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria.  Assessment 10  ULUM STANDA	WEE HE 10 (12) Equilibrium He puilibrium He puilibrium. Eva He puilibrium. Eva He puilibrium. Eva He puilibrium for industrial pr He puilibrium for Ko  ARDS  WEE	of a change e on a aluate data rocesses, to and the rate ic in	REVISION  REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION
T E R M 2	WEEK 1  Construct and interpret exothermic and endother reaction, formation, comingiven experimental result Calculate an enthalpy characteristic explain the limitations of CORE PRACTICAL 8: Tusing Hess's Law.  WEEK 1	WEEK 2  Y12 / CHE 8 (18)  Chemical Energetic on thalpy level diagrams show the sections. Define standards construct enthalpy cycle ange of reaction using mean this method of calculation and the section of the section	WEEK 3	WEEK 4  Y12 / CH  Reaction  Describe that reactions on collisions take place with as activation energy, draw uncatalysed and catalysed Maxwell-Boltzmann distrienergies, explain the econ of catalysts in industrial reassessment 9	WEEK 5  IE 9 (12)  Kinetics  Ally take place when sufficient energy, known the reaction profiles for reactions, interpret abution of molecular somic benefits of the use eactions.  N with CURRIC WEEK 5  HE 2 (12)	WEEK 6  Y12 / CH  Chemical I  Predict and justify the quof a temperature, concent homogenous system in eto explain the necessity, reach a compromise betwoof reaction. Deduce an exheterogenous equilibria.  Assessment 10  ULUM STANDA  WEEK 6	WEE HE 10 (12) Equilibrium talitative effect or artion, pressure quilibrium. Eva for industrial proven the yield a expression for Ko	of a change e on a aluate data rocesses, to and the rate of a change with the rate of the control of the contro	WEEK 8  REVISION  REVISION FOR FINAL EXAMINATION  WEEK 8

R M	change by applying the co PRACTICAL 11: Redox to Assessment 1	oncepts of rate and equilibration.	rium. CORE	CORE PRACTICAL 13a -Follow the rate of the iodine-propanone reaction using a titrimetric method.  CORE PRACTICAL 13b - Use a clock reaction to determine a rate equation.  plane of point mixture' at polarised 1 of aldehyd and esters.			ture' and its effect on the plane of arised light. Discuss the reactions aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids lesters. Discuss how polyesters are med by polymerisation reactions.			4 CTICAL 15: Analysis of nic and organic CTICAL 16: The	
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WE	EK 7	WEEK 8	
		Y13 / CF	HE 4 (24)		Y13 / CHE 5	5 (9)	Y13	3 / CHE 6	5 (9)		
		Acid - base	equilibrium		Redox II	Redox II En			II	REVISION	
T E R M	understand the difference Calculate the pH of a stroionisation of water. Defin given the pH of a solution strong base and strong ac and an alkaline buffer. Ca	conjugate acid-base pairs, between a strong acid and a meak acid. If the Kw, 'pKa' and 'pKw'. Calon. Interpret titration curves tid with a weak base. Definalculate the pH of a buffer a winding the Ka value for a winding the w	egree of dissociation.  pression for the auto- from experimental data g base, weak acid with a in the action of an acidic	Define redox reactions in oxidation number. Comb half equations to get full dexplain 'standard electrod Discuss the term standard electrode and explain how Use Eo to calculate the concentration of the uncertainties in the measurements. Compare advantages and disadvant different electrochemical CORE PRACTICAL 10: Investigating some electrocells  Assessment 6	ining ionic equation. de potential'. d hydrogen v it is used. ell potential. en O32-with n. Calculates the tages of cells.	experimenta values.Const cycles.Defin applied to io 'enthalpy ch 'enthalpy ch Gibb's free e whether the thermodynas Gibb's Free	mically feasib energy and fi reaction is fea	theoretical aber plarisation as e terms ion, and ation'. Use ons to find ple.Calculate and out	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM		
Year 13 CHE	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WE	EK 7	WEEK 8	
			Y13 / CHE 7 (30)			Y13	3 / CHE 8	3 (9)			
			Transition metals				analytic Tecl	•	F	REVISION	
T E R M	numbers.Predict that tran into chromate(VI). Write aqueous ammonia.Compa that transition metals and Assessment 8	Explain transition metals are d-block elements and shows variable oxidation number. Define ligands and co- ordination numbers. Predict that transition metal ions form tetrahedral and octahedral complexes. Explain conversion of dichromate(VI) ion not ochromate(VI). Write the observations and equations for the reactions of transition metal ions with aqueous NaOH and nequeous ammonia. Compare ligand substitution and disproportionation reactions. Describe how complexes show colour. Explain transition metals and their compounds can act as heterogeneous and homogeneous catalysts.  Discuss the term nuclear magnetic resonance. Explain how mass spectra and NMR <sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C data is used to find the structures of organic compounds. Deduce the splitting									
									!		
		YEAR 12	PHYSICS LON	G TERM PLAN	with CURRICU	LUM S'	ΓΑΝΟΑΙ	RDS			
YEAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EK 6	WE	EK 7	WEEK 8	
	Y12/PHY 1(6)		Y1	2/PHY 2(27)				Y1	2/PHY 3(	(15)	
	Working as a Physicist		<b>N</b>	Achanica I				Fle	etric Circu	ito I	

T E R M	variation and the displace waves including stational and phase. Relate phase formed, know how to ide Assessment 6 interface between medial of information is limited Huygens' construction to Assessment 7 CORE PRACTICAL 6: 10 CORE PRACTICAL 7: 11	ement of molecules. Descript waves. Know and under difference and path difference entify nodes and antinodes.  Understand how a pulse-by the wavelength or by the explain what happens to a continuous continuous. Determine the speed of southwestigate the effects of less than the speed of the continuous contin	. Use the equation for the s	uation $v = t\lambda$ . Describe lor v and interpret graphs represent, coherence, path do by a standing/stationary was speed of a transverse wave erstand that waves can be enformation about the po- erstand what is meant by po- t or an obstacle. Use $n\lambda = t$	ngitudinal waveseenting transifference, superave and under on a string vatransmitted assition of an ollane polarisatidsinθ for a difference and miceacy of a vibration of	swerse and lor erposition, in: rstand how su = $V(T/\mu)$ . and reflected a oject and how ion, diffraction fraction grati- trophone.	f pressure ngitudinal terference uch a wave is t an v the amount n and use	upthrust = $\frac{1}{2}$ F = $6\pi\eta rv$ . Use the Ho stress = F/ $\frac{1}{2}$ Draw and in graphs. Defelastic deforgraphs. Dragraphs, and energy fror linear and research of the viscosity of viscosity of the viscosity of the viscosity of the viscosity of viscosity	WEEK 7  Y12/PHY 7(  Fluid and Solation density $\varrho = m/V$ . Use weight of fluid displaced. Use Assessment 8 oke's law equation, $\Delta F = k/A$ , strain= e/L and Young reference force-extension and fine limit of proportionality, remation and plastic deformation and plastic deformation and interpret tensile or cold define breaking stress. Calcate the area under the force-extension graph of the Action Linear force-extension graph of the Action Linear force-extension graph of the Action Linear force and Linear force-extension graph of the Action Linear force at a falling-based	ids e the relationship se Stokes' Law,  Ax. Use the relationships modulus = stress/strain. I force- compression elastic limit, yield point, ation and apply them to ompressive stress-strain culate the elastic strain xtension graphs for both raphs.  all method to determine
	WEEK 1	WEEK 2			WE.	E <b>K</b> 5	WE	EK 6		
	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	E <b>K</b> 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
T E R M	Use the equation for the moment of a force, moment of force = $Fx$ where x is the perpendicular distance between the line of action of the force and the axis of rotation. Use the concept of centre of gravity of an extended body and apply the principle of moments to an extended body in equilibrium. Use the equation for work $\Delta W = F\Delta s$ , including calculations when the force is not along the line of motion. Use the equation $kE = 1/2 mv^2$ for the kinetic energy of a body. Use the equation $\Delta E grav = mg\Delta h$ for the difference in gravitational potential energy near the Earth's								REVISION FOI FIRST TERM EXAM	
			Mechanics II							REVISION
		Y12/PHY 4(27) Y12/PHY 5(15)								
EAR 12 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WE	EK 5	WE	EK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
E R M	Distinguish between base and derived quantities and their SI units. Understand the measurements and techniques for both familiar and unfamiliar experiments. Estimate values for physical quantities.  Use the equations for uniformly accelerated motion in one dimension. Draw and interpret displacement-time, velocity-time and acceleration-time graphs. Resolve a vector into two components at right angles to each other by drawing, and at right angles to each other by calculation. Draw and interpret free-body force diagrams to represent forces on a particle or on an extended but rigid body. Use the equation $\Sigma F = ma$ and Newton's first law of motion where $a = 0$ , objects at rest or travelling at constant velocity. Use of the term terminal velocity is expected. Use the equations for gravitational field strength $mg = F$ and weight $W = mg$ . Know and understand Newton's third law of motion and know the properties of pairs of forces in an interaction between two bodies.  Understand that electric current is the reparticles. Define Ohm's law. Interpret Valenci or particles on the particle or on a extended but rigid body. Use the equation $\Sigma F = ma$ and Newton's first law of motion where $a = 0$ , objects at rest or travelling at constant velocity. Use of the term terminal velocity is expected. Use the equations for gravitational field strength $mg = F$ and weight $W = mg$ . Know and understand Newton's third law of motion and know the properties of pairs of forces in an interaction between two bodies.  Understand that electric current is the reparticles of each other by drawing, and at electrical resistivity of a material. Use I large range of resistivities of different material was of motion and possible of the equations for first law of motion where $a = 0$ , objects at rest or travelling at constant velocity. Use of the term terminal velocity is expected. Use the equations for force on an extended but rigid body. Use the equations of motion of a projectile moving freely under gravity. Understand how to make use of the i								rate of flow of charged VI graphs of ohmic and ty and investigate the = nqvA to explain the naterials. Analyse series tive force (e.m.f.) and n e.m.f. and terminal Assessment 3	

	Nature of Light	Refraction	REVISION
T E R M	described in terms of a wave model and a photon model, and how these models developed over time. Use the equation $E = hf$ , that relates the photon energy to the wave frequency. Understand that the absorption of a photon can result in the emission of a photoelectron. Understand the terms threshold frequency and work function and use the photoelectric equation $hf = \varphi + KE$ . Use the electronvolt (eV) to express small energies. Understand how the photoelectric effect provides evidence for the particle nature of electromagnetic radiation. Understand atomic line spectra in terms of transitions between discrete energy levels and understand how to calculate the frequency of radiation that could be emitted or absorbed in a transition between energy levels. Use de Broglie equation $\lambda = h/p$ . Understand how diffraction experiments provide evidence for the wave nature of electrons.	Explain refraction and use $n1\sin\theta 1 = n2\sin\theta 2$ where n is the refractive index of the material. $n = c/v$ . Calculate critical angle using $n = 1/\sin C$ . Understand how to measure the refractive index of a solid material. Use ray diagrams to trace the path of light through a lens and locate the position of an image. Use the equation power of a lens $f = 1/P$ . Understand that for thin lenses in combination $P = P1 + P2 + P3 +$ Use the lens equation with the real is positive convention. Understand that $magnification = image\ height/object\ height\ and\ m = v/u$ . Assessment 11	REVISION FOR FINAL EXAM

Year 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WEEK 3	WEEK 4	WEEK 5	WEI	EK 6	WEE	E <b>K</b> 7	WEEK 8
		Y13/PHY 1 (18)	Y13/PHY 2 (15)			Y13/PHY 3 (15)				
T E R M		Thermodynamics	Nuc	Further Mechanics						
	Use the equations ΔE = 1 Understand the concept of of molecules is related to laws. Derive and use the model. Use the equation equation 1/2 mc <sup>2</sup> = 3/2 k' radiator and be able to in Assessment 1 CORE PRACTICAL 12: as a thermostat. CORE PRACTICAL 13: change.	city. State, explain and use $mc\Delta\theta$ and $\Delta E = L\Delta m$ . Defin of absolute zero and how the the absolute temperature. Sequation $PV = 1/3 \text{ Nmc}^2$ us $pV = NkT$ for an ideal gas. If all of the contract of t	ne internal energy. e average kinetic energy State, explain and use gas sing the kinetic theory Derive and use the ent by a black body such a radiator.  potential divider circuit ent heat of a phase	Describe the properties an half life, decay constant a decay graphs. Determine graphically and use the ed and use the corresponding Assessment 2  CORE PRACTICAL 15: I radiation by lead.  Define binding energy an Investigate nuclear fission energy and use it to descriptocesses of nuclear fusion binding energy per nuclear Assessment 3	Define Impulse. Apply conservation of momentum in two dimensions, and analyse elastic and inelastic collisions. Define angular displacement and angular velocity. Understand that a resultant force (centripetal force) is required to produce and maintain circular motion. Recognize the forces involved in circular motion of different objects and investigate different applications of examples of circular motion.  Assessment CORE PRACTICAL 10: Use ICT to analyse collisions between small spheres, e.g. ball bearings on a table top.					
EAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1 WEEK 2 WEEK 3			WEEK 4	WEEK 5		EK 6 WEF		EK 7	WEEK 8
T E R M	Y13/PHY 4 (30)  Electric and Magnetic Fields						Y13/PHY 5 (9)  Particles		REVISION	
	radial and uniform electricapacitance, determine the interpret charge and discipled related equations for expectoresponding log equation. Define the terms magnetic motor. Explain electromaterms frequency, period, passessment 2  CORE PRACTICAL 11:	c fields. Know and underst the energy and charge stored tharge curves for resistor cap onential discharge in resistons.  Assessmit flux density, flux and flux gnetic induction and descripeak value and root mean second control of the control of th	and the relation between on an all the relation between on an all the process and parallel to action circuits and underson-capacitor circuit, I = 10 to act 1 to a linkage. Describe magnibe working of generator quare value when applied alogger to display and an all the process and the relation between a process and the process and the relation between a process and the relation between a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a process and the relation between a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a parallel to a process and the relation between a parallel to a paralle	electric field and electric polel combinations of capacitations and the significance of the e(-t/RC), and V = V0 e(-t) etic effect of current and deand transformer. Understall to alternating currents and	ctric field and electric potential. Define combinations of capacitors. Able to draw and nd the significance of the time constant RC. Use $-t/RC$ ), and $V = V0$ e(- $t/RC$ ) and the ceffect of current and describe the working of a did transformer. Understand what is meant by the alternating currents and potential differences.			by nucleon er. gle alpha idence for a and how nic structure nderstand in the ssion and ed by ls. ctric and clotron) and es of only). Derive Bq for a netic field.	REVISION FOR FIRST TERM EXAM	

YEAR 13 PHY	WEEK 1	WEEK 2	WE	EK3	WE	EEK 4	WEEK 5	WE	EEK 6	WEEK 7	WEEK 8
	Y13/PHY 5 (15)  Particles			Y13/PHY 6 (6)  Gravitational Field		Y13/PHY 7(12) Oscillations			Y13/PHY 8 (9) Space		REVISION
T E R M	interactions between part Understand why high ene structure of nucleons. Use situations involving the cr antimatter particles. Used GeV/c2 (mass) and conve that in the standard quark classified as baryon, meso fundamental particles. Kn corresponding antiparticle particle to deduce the pro- versa. Understand how to baryon number and lepton	arge, energy and momentu- icles and interpret particle ergies are required to invested the equation $\Delta E = c^2 \Delta n$ reation and annihilation of MeV and GeV (energy) and ert between these and SI usus-lepton model particles canns, leptons and photons whow that every particle has and be able to use the properties of its antiparticle at use laws of conservation of number to determine whisible. Write and interpret particle symbols.	tracks.  trigate the  in  matter and d MeV/c2, nits. Know in be which are a operties of a nd vice of charge, nether a	Define gravifield. Under gravitationa strength is of g=F/m. De Newton's la universal gravitationa Compare elewith gravita Apply Newt motion and gravitation t motion.	stand that I field defined as fine w of avitation). ation V= radial I field. ectric fields tional fields. on's laws of universal	motion is $F$ in which SH the equation $v = -A\omega$ sin Use equation pendulum. I Define reson conservation oscillating sybetween free amplitude of around the inhow damping and materials recorder $CORE\ PRA$ unknown materials	the condition for simple $= -kx$ , and hence ident M will occur.  It is $a = -\omega^2 x$ , $x = A\cos \alpha$ , and $a = -A\omega^2 \cos \alpha t$ , as for a loaded spring a Draw and interpret det a mance. Understand how a of energy to damped a systems. Understand the e and forced oscillations of a forced oscillation characteristic discrete the amplitude of o Assessment 8  CTICAL 16: Determine assuming the resonant is on of known masses.	Use Use $\omega t$ , and $\omega = 2\pi f$ . In a simple of a simple of a simple of an arrow of a simple of a simpl	equation L = radiators. Use hondy radiator intensity I = astronomical determined interpret a High diagram. Understand source of was observer/de in frequency redshift and cosmological the controver ultimate fate with the value of the controver and the controver of the controver	an-Boltzmann law = $\sigma$ AT4 for black body se Wien's law equation 898 x 10-3 m K for black bors. Use the equation, $EL/4\pi d^2$ . Understand how all distances can be using trigonometric a using intensity received and candles. Sketch and Hertzsprung-Russell anderstand how to relate the a to the life cycle of stars, how the movement of a twee relative to an a tector gives rise to a shift at Use the equations for $V = H_0 d$ for objects at all distances. Understand are yover the age and the of the Universe associated the of the Hubble constant sible existence of dark Assessment 9	REVISION FOR MOCK EXAMINATION